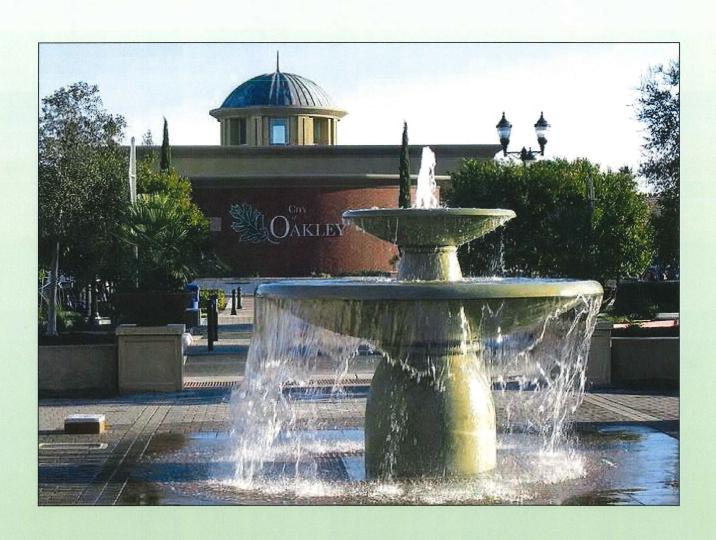


COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015



CITY OF OAKLEY, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

PREPARED BY THE

FINANCE DEPARTMENT



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

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MayorDoug Hardcastle

VICE MAYOR Kevin Romick

CouncilmembersRandy Pope
Sue Higgins
Vanessa Perry

December 8, 2015

To the Citizens of the City of Oakley, and Honorable Members of the City Council

We are pleased to submit to you the City of Oakley's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This report is published in accordance with State law that requires financial statements be presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. It is also prepared to meet reporting standards set forth by the Governmental Finance Officers Association.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with City management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and the changes in financial position of the governmental activities and the various funds of the City; and includes all disclosure necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial affairs.

CITY PROFILE

The City of Oakley is a community of approximately 38,124 located in the eastern portion of Contra Costa County in the San Francisco Bay Area. The City entity is a California corporate municipality incorporated on July 1, 1999, and operated under a Council-City Manager structure of government. The City Council is comprised of five members elected by the Voters city-wide, serving in staggered 4 year terms. The Council hires a City Manager to run the City's day to day operations.

The City provides the following services: Legislative; Administrative; Building and Safety; Planning; Engineering; Streets, Parks and Landscaping Maintenance; Recreation; and Police Protection. Sewer, Water, Transit, Irrigation, Mosquito Abatement, Flood Control, Schools, and Fire Protection Services are all provided by local special districts with their own governing boards. The City contracts for sanitation service with a local firm under a long-term franchise agreement.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Discussion and analysis of the City's finances can be found in the MD&A section of the attached report. The information below includes a summary of what is recorded in the General Fund and certain Other Financial Information of ongoing interest but not included in the MD&A.

The Financial Statements presented in this CAFR include the City and its component unit, the Oakley Public Financing Authority. It is blended in the report since it is governed by the City Council sitting in a separate capacity and provides services exclusively to the City. The Oakley Redevelopment Agency was dissolved on January 31, 2012, and its assets and liabilities were transferred to the City, as Housing Successor, and to a Successor Agency. The Successor Agency is reported as a Private Purpose Trust Fund, since it is legally a separate Entity and its decisions and governance subject to the approval of parties other than the City Council.

Each year, the City Council holds a strategic planning discussion and adopts a budget to direct the allocation of City resources in accordance with its strategic planning priorities. The process typically begins in January with internal budget reviews, followed by a strategic planning session in March, a budget workshop in May to discuss a Proposed Budget, and adoption of a final Recommended Budget in June. The City operates on a fiscal year that begins each July 1 and ends on June 30. The adopted Budget includes the annual update of the City's Comprehensive Statement of Financial Policies, which serves as a framework for its financial practices, an update to its 10 Year Plan, and budgets for each of the funds under the City's control. Budgetary control is established at the Fund level.

The City's General Fund is its primary operating fund, and is used to account for Legislative, Administrative Services, Community Development, Recreation, Police and Public Works operations, and is where the City accounts for all its general purpose revenues. It is distinguished from the City's other governmental funds that are used to account for special purpose revenues, capital projects, debt service activities, and monies held for the benefit of others.

Debt Management

The City generally does not incur debt, except in instances where there will be long-term benefits or where no other method of acquiring an asset is possible. Equipment purchases are generally funded through the City's Equipment Replacement Fund or with current revenues.

Reserves

The City has sufficient reserves to meet its current and immediate future obligations. The Statement of Financial Policies contains reserve policies and the City's Adopted Budget includes a 10 Year Plan which highlights the impact of near term decisions on fund balances and reserves during the 10 year period. Furthermore, in order to maintain the 10 Year Plan's relevance, twice each year (at budget adoption and again at mid-year), the City reviews and updates the assumptions used in the Plan.

2014-2015 Financial Statement Impacts/Redevelopment Agency Dissolution

The State passed legislation in June 2011 that resulted in the dissolution of redevelopment agencies throughout the State effective January 31, 2012. The legislation was further amended and revised in June of 2012. Collectively, the legislation is referred to as the Dissolution Act. The process of implementing the Act resulted in uncertainties and litigation relating to the process. The City, Successor Agency, and State Department of Finance settled the litigation in July 2014, removing these uncertainties and allowing the Agency to resume moving forward in the process of winding down the Agency's affairs. The effects of the settlement are discussed in greater detail in the Financial Statement footnotes. The City submitted its Long Range Property Management Plan to the State Department of Finance in November of 2014 and is waiting for approval to begin the disposition of the Agency's land and infrastructure.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

In preparing the budget for fiscal year 2015-2016, management considered the following significant factors likely to affect the financial condition of the City:

- Housing prices have strengthened and building activity has begun to increase.
 Property tax growth was estimated at 6%, reflecting the increasing market
 strength, offset by conservative estimates of what the County Assessor might or
 might not reflect in his assessed values. In addition, the City projected developers
 will complete 180 new homes in fiscal year 2015-2016, similar to the increased
 levels seen in fiscal year 2014-2015.
- County police services costs substantially increased in 2014-2015 and are scheduled to increase again for fiscal year 2015-2016. This meant that public safety budgeting would remain focused on maintaining existing levels of service, as increases have, for the moment, become too expensive. The City notified the County that it elected to not extend its contract for police services with the intent to form its own Municipal Police Department. Staff has included \$800,000 in fiscal year 2015-2016 for the necessary transition costs.

• The City had accumulated reserves well in excess of its adopted policy level of 20% of anticipated General Fund expenditures. With all of the news supporting an expectation that the recession was finally over, the Council has once again begun the appropriation of the excess to fund one-time additional infrastructure and economic development investments.

While the budget news was generally good, the City Council continues to support a budget process that uses recurring revenues for recurring expenditures and allocates one-time funds for one-time purposes, reflecting their commitment to conservative budgeting, controlling costs, and using the City's revenues wisely.

THE LOCAL AND REGIONAL ECONOMIES

Oakley's local commercial economy was affected by the larger downturn being experienced across the country and seemingly everywhere, and while commercial activity in the region has improved, commercial vacancies in nearby cities remain a viable and competing alternative to new ground-up construction in Oakley. While new development and City initiatives bring infrastructure improvements and attractive new neighborhoods, these investments also support the City's efforts to attract new businesses and expand existing local employment opportunities. Thus, while near-term growth in the local economy may remain slower, the City is taking the steps necessary to realize its potential, and its long-term prospects remain favorable.

Like most small cities in metropolitan areas, Oakley's economy is influenced strongly by the regional economy. It rises as the region expands, and falls as the region contracts.

The greater San Francisco Bay Area economy has improved remarkably this last year and employment for the City's residents has improved yet again. City unemployment was 5.5% in September 2015 down from 7.3% in September 2014.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Maze & Associates has been engaged by the City to conduct this year's audit. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and combining individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of the report.

AWARDS FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Oakley for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This was the fifteenth consecutive year that the government has achieved the award. To receive the award, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

AVAILABILITY TO THE PUBLIC

Once accepted by the Council, the report will be made available to the Public at the City Offices, on the City's website (www.oakleyinfo.com), at State repositories, and by providing copies to the City's bond disclosure dissemination agent.

CONCLUSION

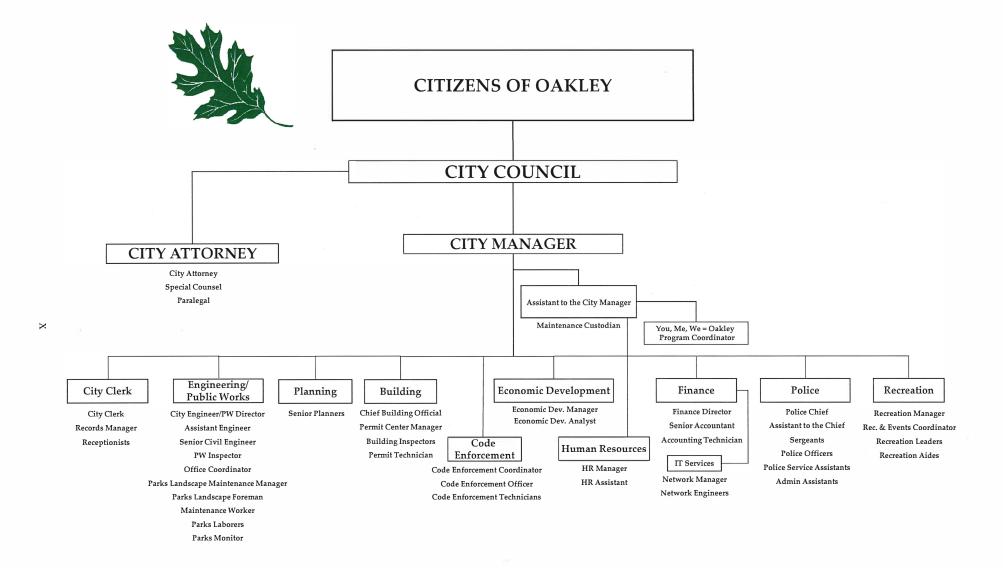
We are proud to deliver to you the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2015. The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the dedicated services of Finance Department staff and the assistance of many others in the City organization. We would like to express our appreciation to everyone who contributed to its preparation and thank you for your continued support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Bryan H. Montgomery

City Manager

Deborah Sultan Finance Director



CITY OF OAKLEY

ELECTED OFFICIALS AND ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

JUNE 30, 2015

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor

Doug Hardcastle

Vice-Mayor Council Member Kevin Romick Sue Higgins

Council Member
Council Member

Vanessa Perry

Randy Pope

ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

City Manager
City Attorney
Finance Director (Retired)
Finance Director
Chief of Police
City Clerk
City Engineer
Building Official

Bryan H. Montgomery
Derek Cole
Paul Abelson
Deborah Sultan
Dan Gomez
Libby Vreonis
Kevin Rohani
Doug Simms



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of Oakley California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION

			1	



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Oakley, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Oakley as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund of the City as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons listed as part of the basic financial statements for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in Note 15, pursuant to ABx1 26 adopted by the State of California which was validated by the California Supreme Court on December 28, 2011, the Oakley Redevelopment Agency was dissolved and its assets turned over to and liabilities assumed by Successor Agencies effective January 31, 2012.

AB1484 required the Successor Agency to complete two Due Diligence Reviews (DDR) to determine the amount of the remaining assets that should be transferred by the City to the Successor Agency or by the Successor Agency to the County for distribution to the affected taxing entities. In August 2013, the State Department of Finance (DOF) completed its review of the DDR of the Low and Moderate Housing Fund's cash balance available for allocation to the affected taxing entities. The DDR indicated assets totaling \$1,956 were to be returned, but that amount was adjusted by the DOF to \$537,576. The Successor Agency complied with a portion of the DOF's determination by transmitting a payment of \$71,556 to the County Auditor-Controller in August 2013, but the City disputed the remaining balance due of \$466,020. In October 2013, the DOF completed its review of the DDR of all other funds of the former Redevelopment Agency. The DDR indicated there were no assets available for allocation to the affected taxing entities, but that amount was adjusted by the DOF to \$952,264. The City disputed the adjustments.

Also as discussed in Note 15, prior to the Redevelopment Agency dissolution, the City, acting under a Cooperation Agreement with the Agency, approved a loan agreement which obligated certain Redevelopment funds. The loan agreement was rejected by the Department of Finance (Department). The City and Department have met and conferred to settle the matter and the Department determined that it is not an enforceable obligation of the Successor Agency at this time. Management continued to believe this transaction was valid and filed a lawsuit against the Department related to this matter and the DDR adjustments.

The City entered into a settlement agreement in July 2014 with the State Department of Finance and the Contra Costa County Auditor-Controller to resolve the disputes discussed above. With the execution of the settlement agreement, the litigation was dismissed on July 23, 2014. Under the terms of the settlement agreement, the City agreed to transfer \$1,450,500 to the Successor Agency that represents the value of the Development and Disposition Agreement related to the Manuel's Five Star Restaurant, Inc., less \$124,500 for the administrative allowance and bond administration expenses previously withheld by the Department of Finance. With the transfer of funds, the City acquired all rights and interest in the DDA and the loan receivable from Manuel's Five Star Restaurant, Inc. and the land associated with the restaurant's building was transferred from the Successor Agency to the City.

After the transfer of funds from the City to the Successor Agency, the Successor Agency remitted \$1,418,284 to the County Auditor-Controller that represented the total of the amounts remaining in the Low and Moderate Housing Fund DDR (\$466,020) and the DDR of all other funds (\$952,264). The Successor Agency remitted the payments on August 14, 2014, and the Department of Finance issued the Successor Agency a Finding of Completion on August 15, 2014.

In addition, the City agreed that it will not pursue the repayment from the Successor Agency of the housing related advance to the former Redevelopment Agency discussed in Note 15A, and will not seek payment from the Successor Agency for City administration of certain housing programs.

The emphasis of these matters does not constitute a modification to our opinions.

Change in Accounting Principles

Management adopted the provisions of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements, which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2015 and required the restatement of net position as discussed in Notes 10D and 11 to the financial statements:

Statement No. 68 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

Statement No. 71 – Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date

The emphasis of these matters does not constitute a modification to our opinions.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and other Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

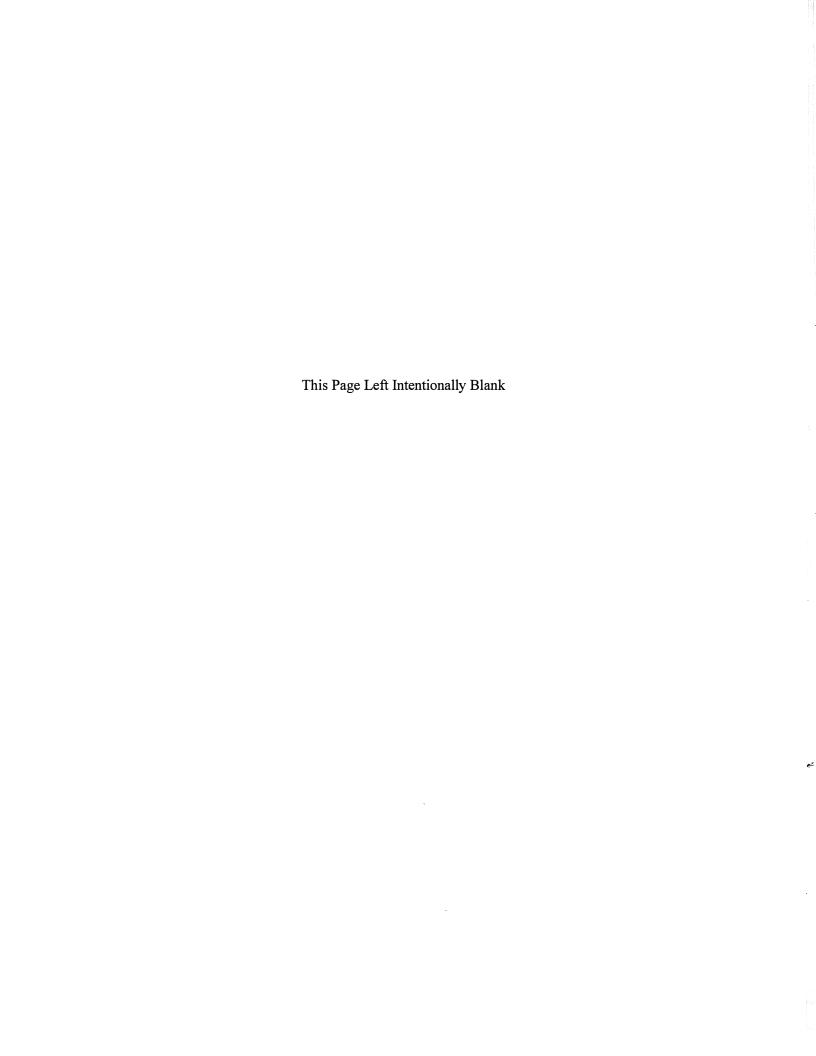
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as a whole. The Introductory Section, Supplemental Information, and Statistical Section listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplemental Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplemental Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Pleasant Hill, California November 23, 2015

Mare & associates



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the City of Oakley's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, provides an overview of year ending results based on the government-wide statements, an analysis on the City's overall financial position and results of operations to assist users in evaluating the City's financial position, and discussions of both significant changes that occurred in funds and significant budget variances. In addition, it describes the activities during the year for capital assets and long-term debt. It concludes with a description of currently known facts, decisions, and conditions that are expected to have a significant effect on the financial position or results of operations. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Government-wide net position increased by \$.2 million, or 0.08 percent this year.
- Government-wide program expenses exceeded program revenues by \$10.2 million.
- General Fund revenues were \$1.1 million more than budgeted; expenditures were \$1.2 million less than budgeted.
- The General Fund balance at the end of the year was \$13.04 million, of which \$7.9 million was available/unassigned.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities (on pages 16 and 17) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a long-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 20. For governmental activities, the fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds and other funds. The remaining fiduciary fund statement provides financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

REPORTING THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities:

Our analysis of the City as a whole begins on page 7. One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities to answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and liabilities of the City using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's *net position* and *changes in net position*. Net position is the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, which is one way to measure the City's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, *increases or decreases* in the City's net position is an indication of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. To put the City's financial health in perspective, you will likely need to consider certain non-financial factors, such as changes in the economy, that impact consumer spending or property values. In the statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we include City Activities from two categories:

Governmental activities – Most of the City's basic services are reported in this category, and include: general government (city manager, city clerk, finance, etc.), community development (planning, building and public works), police protection, and recreation. Property taxes, sales tax, transient occupancy tax, user fees, interest income, franchise fees, state and federal grants, contributions from other agencies, and other revenues finance these activities.

Component unit activities – The City includes one additional legal entity in its report – the Oakley Public Financing Authority. Although legally separate, the City is financially accountable for this "component unit".

REPORTING THE CITY'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds (called "major" funds) and other funds (called "non-major" funds) — not the City as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and/or by bond covenants; however, management has established other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for the use of certain taxes, grants, and other resources. The City's funds are classified as Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds or Fiduciary Funds.

Governmental Funds

Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows in and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial* assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the Governmental Fund financial statements to those in the Government-Wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each Governmental Fund financial statement.

Proprietary Funds - Internal Service Activities

The City has established Equipment Replacement and Capital Facilities Maintenance and Replacement Internal Services Funds. Internal Service Funds are operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. In the case of the Equipment Replacement Fund, it charges the other City funds to accumulate amounts sufficient to replace the equipment at the end of its useful life. The Capital Facilities Maintenance and Replacement Fund charges the other City Funds to accumulate amounts sufficient pay for major repairs and building systems replacements when they may occur. These Funds are reported using the *accrual basis of accounting*.

Trust and Agency Funds - Reporting the City's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The City is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for certain funds held on behalf of bondholders and other governmental agencies. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City doesn't own these assets and cannot use them to finance its operations. The City is the Successor Agency to the Oakley Redevelopment Agency; and the Successor Agency's assets and liabilities are accounted for in a private purpose trust fund reported with the City's other fiduciary funds.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE

For fiscal year 2014-2015 the City's combined net position increased \$156,640 from \$188.0 million to \$188.2 million. The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's governmental activities.

Table 1 Net Position As of June 30, 2015 and 2014 (In Millions)

Governmental Activities Assets	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014*</u>
Current and restricted assets Capital assets	\$ 48.0 _153.8	\$ 46.2 <u>154.3</u>
Total Assets	201.8	200.5
Deferred Outflows of Resources (Related to pensions (Note 11)	3	
<u>Liabilities</u>	6.5	7 0
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	6.7 <u>6.9</u>	7.0 4.2
Total Liabilities	<u>13.6</u>	11.2
Deferred Inflows of Resources (Related to pensions (Note 11)	3	
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets	147.7	147.9
Restricted	26.6	27.1
Unrestricted	13.9	14.3
Total Net Position	<u>\$188.2</u>	<u>\$189.3</u>

^{*}Not restated for the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 discussed in Note 11.

The City's Net Position is made-up of three components: Net Investment in Capital Assets; Restricted Net Position; and Unrestricted Net Position. Net Investment in Capital Assets, the part of net position representing capital assets, and principally infrastructure assets, accounts for the majority of the City's governmental activities net position.

The decrease in Net Investment in Capital Assets resulted primarily from depreciation on the City's infrastructure.

The decrease in Restricted Net Position is primarily due to a reduction in the funds restricted for capital projects as a result of current year project expenditures.

The decrease in Unrestricted Net Position is primarily attributed to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 as discussed in Note 11.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position As of June 30, 2015 and 2014 (In Millions)

Governmental Activities	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014*</u>
REVENUES		
Program revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 8.8	\$ 8.2
Operating Grants and Contributions	1.7	1.5
Capital Grants and Contributions	2.7	2.6
General revenues:		
Property tax	5.3	4.5
Sales tax	1.5	1.5
Other taxes	1.6	1.5
Use of money and property	0.5	0.4
Miscellaneous	<u>1.1</u>	0.9
Total Revenues	23.2	21.2
EXPENSES		
Legislative	0.5	0.5
Administrative Services	1.3	1.2
Law Enforcement	8.3	7.7
Community Development	1.9	1.8
Public Works	10.6	10.2
Recreation	0.5	0.5
Interest on long-term debt	0.3	_0.3
Total Expenses	<u>23.4</u>	22.2
Change in Net Position Before Special Items	(.2)	(1.0)
Special Items – Assets transferred to/from the Successor Agency	.4	
Change in Net Position	.2	(1.0)
Net Position – Beginning	<u>188.0</u>	<u>190.3</u>
Net Position – Ending	<u>\$188.2</u>	<u>\$189.3</u>

^{*} Not restated for the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 discussed in Note 11.

Governmental Activities

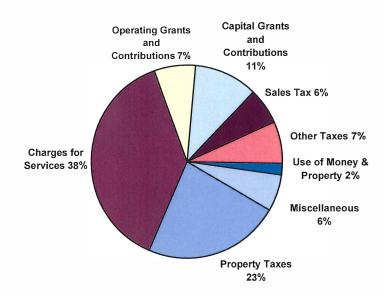
Total revenue was \$23.2 million. Charges for services which accounts for 38% of revenue increased \$0.57 million due to increased developer fees (\$0.27 million) and public safety assessments (\$0.274 million). Property taxes increase \$0.8 million due to increased property values. Most other categories experienced slight increases.

Total expenses were \$23.4 million. Public Works, with \$10.6 million of expenses, represented the largest component of total governmental expenses. The \$0.5 million increase in Public Works expenses resulted from increased seasonal staff; lighting zone costs, remedial maintenance work and depreciation expense. Law Enforcement expenses increased by \$0.6 million, reflecting increased County charges for police officers provided to the City under the City's police services contract.

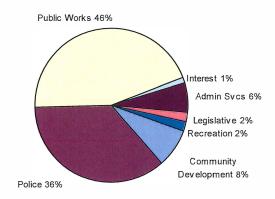
The special items of \$0.4 million represent the net transactions to account for the City's settlement with the State Department of Finance and the Contra Costa County Auditor-Controller to resolve a dispute over assets of the former Redevelopment Agency. See Note 15A for further information.

Fiscal Year 2015 Government Activities

Sources of Revenues



Functional Expenses



THE CITY'S FUNDS

On page 20, the governmental funds balance sheet is shown. The combined fund balance was \$30.0 million, an increase of \$0.2 million. The largest contributors to the change in fund balance were a decrease in the Traffic Impact Fee Fund (\$1.3 million), resulting from increased capital investment, offset in large part from an increase from General Fund operations (\$.7 million) and lighting and landscape districts (\$.6 million). The combined fund balance includes the General Fund balance of \$13.0 million.

The General Fund balance increased by \$0.7 million from the prior year. This was a smaller increase than in 2014, when fund balances increased \$1.4 million. Revenues increased \$1.3 million due primarily to increases in property taxes, other governmental revenues and miscellaneous revenues; and expenditures increased \$0.6 million due primarily to increases in Administrative Services, and Law Enforcement. The increases in expenditures are due to higher insurance costs and County charges for police officers. General Fund Unassigned fund balances increased by \$101,075.

General Fund revenues were \$2.4 million more than expenditures before transfers.

Other major funds and non-major fund balance changes are noted below:

- The Lighting and Landscaping Fund balance increased \$0.6 million to \$7.1 million, as operating revenues exceeded operating expenditures for the year.
- The Traffic Impact Fee Fund balance decreased by \$1.3 million to \$3.7 million due primarily to increased Capital Outlay.
- The non-major Main Street Capital Project Fund balance decreased \$0.4 million primarily due to increased capital outlay.

• The non-major General Capital Projects Fund balance increased \$.6 million primarily due to transfers in exceeding project expenditures for the year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

For the City's General Fund, actual revenues of \$11.0 million were \$1.1 more than the final budgeted revenues of \$9.9 million. Property, sales and other tax revenues exceeded budget by \$360,000, and licenses and other intergovernmental revenues exceeded budget by \$674,000. Original budgeted General Fund revenues were increased by approximately \$525,000 during the year, reflecting improving views on the state of the economic recovery and increased property values.

Actual General Fund expenditures were \$8.7 million, \$1.17 million less than final budget of \$9.9 million. Savings were primarily in law enforcement, where expenditures were \$753,000 less than budgeted due to vacancies in police officer positions and administrative services expenditures were \$185,000 less than budgeted due to savings in funds set aside for contingencies.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2015, the City had \$153.8 million invested in a broad range of capital assets including land, streets, bridges, drainage systems, traffic lights, parks, buildings, vehicles and equipment. (See Table 3).

Table 3 Capital Assets As of June 30, 2015 and 2014 (In Millions)

Governmental Activities	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Non Depreciable		
- Land	\$ 9.9	\$ 9.3
- Construction in progress	3.6	4.1
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation:		
- Machinery, equipment and vehicles	0.6	0.7
- Buildings and improvements	7.0	7.2
- Park improvements	8.3	7.9
- Infrastructure	<u>124.4</u>	<u>125.1</u>
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$153.8</u>	<u>\$154.3</u>

Capital assets decreased by \$0.5 million during fiscal year 2014-2015 as depreciation exceeded new asset additions.

The City's fiscal year 2015-2016 capital improvement budget calls for it to spend \$6.34 million for new capital projects, the majority being the construction of roadways, drainage, and landscaping improvements. The work projects will be financed primarily with Traffic Impact fees, General Fund allocations, and grant funds. Additional information about the capital assets can be found in Note 7 of the financial statements.

Debt

At year-end, the City's governmental activities had \$6.7 million as shown in Table 4. The decrease of \$0.3 from a year ago is due to payment of scheduled debt service. No new debt was issued in the current year. Additional information about the City's debt can be found in Note 8 of the financial statements.

Table 4 Outstanding Debt at Year-End (In Millions)

Governmental Activities	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
2006 Certificates of Participation Total Debt	$\frac{6.7}{\$ 6.7}$	7.0 \$ 7.0

During the year, the City made all of its current year debt service payments in a timely manner.

CONTACTING THE CITY FOR FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's Finance Department at the City offices at 3231 Main Street, Oakley, California, by calling (925) 625-7010, or forwarding your inquiry via the "contact us" page on the City's website (www.oakleyinfo.com). This CAFR, as well as other financial documents, is posted in the Finance Department section of the City's website.



CITY OF OAKLEY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities summarize the entire City's financial activities and financial position. They are prepared on the same basis as is used by most businesses, which means they include all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and all its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, as well as all its revenues and expenses. This is known as the full accrual basis—the effect of all the City's transactions is taken into account, regardless of whether or when cash changes hands, but all material internal transactions between City funds have been eliminated.

The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and the City's total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including all the City's capital assets and all its long-term debt. The Statement of Net Position focuses the reader on the composition of the City's Net Position, by subtracting total liabilities from total assets.

The Statement of Net Position summarizes the financial position of all of the City's Governmental Activities in a single column. The City's Governmental Activities include the activities of its General Fund, along with all its Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds.

The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the City's Net Position. It is also prepared on the full accrual basis, which means it includes all the City's revenues and all its expenses, regardless of when cash changes hands. This differs from the "modified accrual" basis used in the Fund financial statements, which reflect only current assets, current liabilities, available revenues and measurable expenditures.

The Statement of Activities presents the City's expenses first, listed by program. Program revenues—that is, revenues which are generated directly by these programs—are then deducted from program expenses to arrive at the net expense of each governmental program. The City's general revenues are then listed in the Governmental Activities and the Change in Net Position is computed and reconciled with the Statement of Net Position.

Both these Statements include the financial activities of the City and the Oakley Public Financing Authority, which is legally separate but is a component unit of the City because it is controlled by the City, which is financially accountable for the activities of the entity.

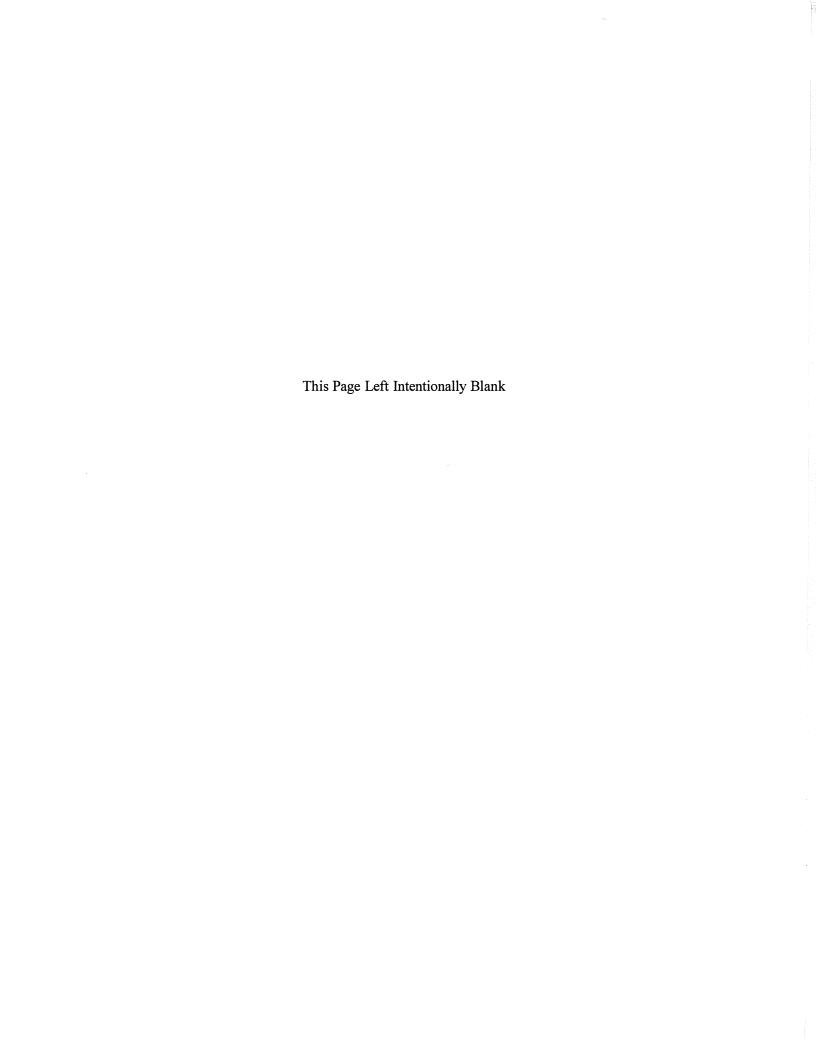
CITY OF OAKLEY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments available for operations (Note 3)	\$31,396,255
Cash and investments with fiscal agent (Note 3) Accounts receivable, net of allowance	648,469
for doubtful accounts (Note 1F)	1,007,729
Interest receivable	16,037
Prepaids and deposits	28,108
Loans receivable (Note 5)	12,776,190
Land held for resale (Note 6)	2,182,235
Capital assets (Note 7):	404044
Land and construction in progress	13,484,014
Depreciable, net	140,316,250
Total Assets	201,855,287
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to pensions (Note 11)	296,613
reduced to pendions (1.000 11)	270,015
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	2,811,679
Accrued liabilities	116,738
Deposits payable	1,218,099
Unearned revenue	1,094,727
Interest payable	47,673
Claims payable - due in one year (Note 13)	66,852
Compensated absences (Note 1H):	269 504
Due within one year Due in more than one year	268,594 171,067
Long-term debt (Note 8):	171,007
Due within one year	275,000
Due in more than one year	6,415,000
Net pension liability (Note 11)	1,102,233
Total Liabilities	13,587,662
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to pensions (Note 11)	330,179
NET POSITION (Note 10)	145 (05 000
Net investment in capital assets	147,685,029
Restricted for:	17 010 472
Capital projects Debt service	17,019,472 5,440
Low and moderate income housing	9,626,233
Low and moderate meonic nousing	9,020,233
Total Restricted Net Position	26,651,145
Unrestricted net position	13,897,885
Total Net Position	\$188,234,059

See accompanying notes to financial statements

CITY OF OAKLEY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Ī	Program Revenu	es	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position
			Operating	Capital	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Governmental Activities:					
Legislative	\$466,418				(\$466,418)
Administrative Services	1,341,183	\$251,642	\$206,979		(882,562)
Community Development	1,842,736	1,375,030	140,768	\$480,397	153,459
Public Works	10,640,470	3,592,216	1,080,339	2,234,502	(3,733,413)
Housing Programs	45,045	-,,	-,,	_,,	(45,045)
Law Enforcement	8,313,841	3,506,081	216,887		(4,590,873)
Recreation	524,217	73,100	69,293		(381,824)
Interest and fiscal charges	300,528	75,100	0,2,5		(300,528)
morest and usear enarges					(300,320)
Total Governmental Activities	\$23,474,438	\$8,798,069	\$1,714,266	\$2,714,899	(10,247,204)
General revenues: Taxes:					
Property taxes					5,330,952
Sales taxes					1,506,300
Business license taxes					119,184
Transient occupancy taxes					196,243
Franchise taxes					1,298,229
Intergovernmental, unrestricted:					1,250,225
Motor vehicle in lieu					15,603
Use of money and property					518,977
Miscellaneous					1,056,174
Special items:		•			1,030,171
Assets transerred to/from the Successer	or Agency (Note 1	5A)			362,182
Total General Revenues and Sp	ecial Items				10,403,844
Change in Net Position					156,640
Net Position-Beginning, as Restated (No	ote 10D)				188,077,419
Net Position-Ending					\$188,234,059



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Major funds are defined generally as having significant activities or balances in the current year.

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The funds described below were determined to be Major Funds by the City in fiscal 2015. Individual non-major funds may be found in the Supplemental Section.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues deposited in the General Fund include property tax, sales tax, franchise fees, business licenses, fines and forfeitures and fees for services. This fund is used to finance most of the City's basic services including Legislative, General Administration, Law Enforcement, Public Works and Community Development.

LIGHTING AND LANDSCAPING DISTRICTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund accounts for assessments made upon parcels of land within the Lighting and Landscaping Zones #1, #2 and #3 and their use in accordance with the provisions of the State of California Streets and Highway Code.

PUBLIC PROTECTION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund accounts for dedicated Police Services Special Taxes and State COPS program funds.

LOW AND MODERATE INCOME HOUSING ASSET SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

This fund accounts for the housing assets of the former Oakley Redevelopment Agency and loan repayments restricted to low and moderate income housing projects.

TRAFFIC IMPACT FEES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

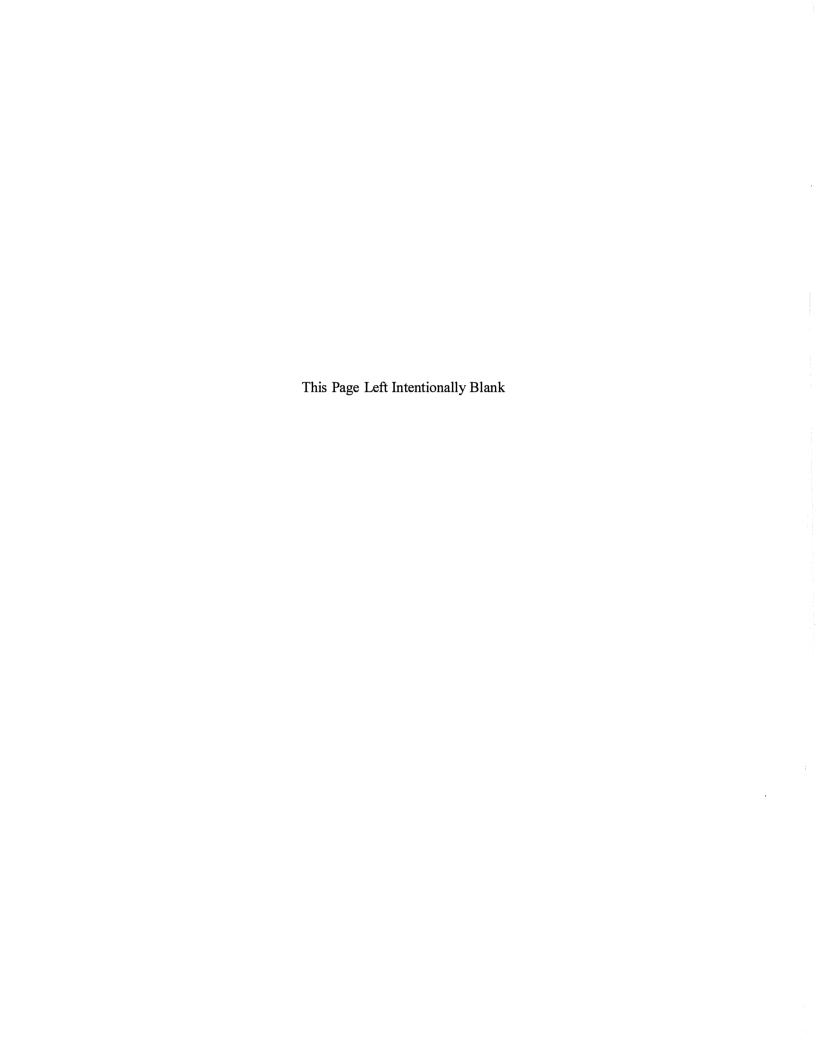
This fund accounts for fees assessed on new development to provide street and road improvements.

CITY OF OAKLEY GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015

	General	Lighting and Landscaping Districts	Public Protection	Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset
ASSETS				
Cash and investments available for operations (Note 3) Cash and investments with fiscal agent (Note 3) Accounts receivable, net of allowance	\$9,929,996	\$7,388,156	\$166,471	\$1,320
for doubtful accounts (Note 1F) Interest receivable Prepaids and deposits	880,715 5,809 27,868	3,842	11,021 169	10,764 14
Loans receivable (Note 5) Advances to other funds (Note 4B) Land held for resale (Note 6)	1,856,589 308,232 2,182,235	· <u></u>		10,883,436
Total Assets	\$15,191,444	\$7,391,998	\$177,661	\$10,895,534
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits payable	\$1,257,734 115,608 782	\$254,828	\$2,000	
Unearned revenue Advances from other funds (Note 4B)	603,755	62,232	\$175,661	\$1,269,301
Total Liabilities	1,977,879	317,060	177,661	1,269,301
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Unavailable revenue - interest on advances to other funds	171,441			10,883,436
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	171,441			10,883,436
FUND BALANCES				
Fund balance (Note 10): Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	4,374,924 559,498 169,534 7,938,168	7,074,938		(1,257,203)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	13,042,124	7,074,938		(1,257,203)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$15,191,444	\$7,391,998	\$177,661	\$10,895,534

Traffic	Other	Total
Impact	Governmental	Governmental
Fees	Funds	Funds
\$4,088,086	\$8,280,443	\$29,854,472
\$ 1,000,000	648,469	648,469
	,	0.0,.03
	105,229	1,007,729
2,067	3,284	15,185
	240	28,108
36,165	607 004	12,776,190
641,480	627,821	1,577,533
		2,182,235
\$4,767,798	\$9,665,486	\$48,089,921

\$845,870	\$450,705	\$2,811,137
	1,130	116,738
114.042	1,217,317	1,218,099
114,042	201,269 246,000	1,094,727
	240,000	1,577,533
959,912	2,116,421	6,818,234
		171,441
		10,883,436
98,261	96,168	194,429
98,261	96,168	11,249,306
70,201	70,100	11,249,300
	240	4,375,164
3,709,625	6,740,114	18,084,175
, ,	829,497	999,031
	(116,954)	6,564,011
3,709,625	7,452,897	30,022,381
2,702,023	7,102,077	30,022,301
¢4.767.700	\$0.665.486	¢40,000,001
\$4,767,798	\$9,665,486	\$48,089,921



CITY OF OAKLEY

Reconciliation of the

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - BALANCE SHEET

with the

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Total fund balances	reported on the	governmental	finds	balance	sheet:
i otai iulia balances	1 CDOI tou OII III C	20 VCI IIIIICII IIII	Iuiius	Daiance	SHOCK.

\$30,022,381

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds above because of the following:

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current assets or financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Government Funds.

153,800,264

ALLOCATION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUND NET ASSETS

Internal service funds are not governmental funds. However, they are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and central services and maintenance, to individual governmental funds. The net current assets of the Internal Service Funds are therefore included in Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position.

1,542,093

NON-CURRENT REVENUES

Revenues which are unavailable on the Fund Balance Sheets because they are not available currently are taken into revenue in the Statement of Activities.

11,249,306

LONG TERM ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The assets and liabilities below are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Funds:

Long-term debt	(6,690,000)
Interest payable	(47,673)
Compensated absences	(439,661)
Net pension liability and pension-related deferred outflows/inflows of resources	(1,135,799)
Claims Payable	(66,852)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$188,234,059

CITY OF OAKLEY GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General	Lighting and Landscaping Districts	Public Protection	Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$4,832,574			
Sales tax	1,506,300			
Other taxes	1,494,472			
Licenses and permits	1,284,503			
Charges for services	74,901			
Fines and forfeits	135,352			
Intergovernmental:	4 - 40 -			
Motor vehicle in lieu	15,603		0110.050	
Other	527,342		\$113,973	
Developer fees		\$3,292,687	2 226 954	
Special assessments Loan repayments		\$3,292,087	3,336,854	\$2,400
Use of money and property	238,815	13,925	659	51,403
Miscellaneous	935,706	17,204	037	31,403
Total Revenues	11,045,568	3,323,816	3,451,486	53,803
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Legislative	449,349			
Administrative Services	1,287,373			
Community Development	1,345,552	2004124		
Public Works	611,690	2,904,134		5.045
Housing programs Law Enforcement	4,523,333		3,451,486	5,045
Recreation	4,323,333		3,431,460	
Capital outlay	455,155	12,442		
Estimated reduction in value of land held		12,442		
for redevelopment (Note 6)	40,000			
Debt service:	,			
Principal				
Interest and fiscal charges		131_		3,478
Total Expenditures	8,690,452	2,916,707	3,451,486	8,523
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	0.055.116	407 100		45.000
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,355,116	407,109		45,280
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	40.00			
Proceeds from sale of property	10,000	220.046		
Transfers in (Note 4A)	1,852	220,946		
Transfers (out) (Note 4A)	(1,432,500)	-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,420,648)	220,946		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES BEFORE SPECIAL ITEMS	934,468	628,055		45,280
Specials item (Note 15A) Assets transferred to/from Successor Agency	(274,305)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	660,163	628,055		45,280
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,381,961	6,446,883		(1,302,483)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) AT END OF YEAR	\$13,042,124	\$7,074,938		(\$1,257,203)

Traffic Impact Fees	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	\$498,378	\$5,330,952 1,506,300 1,494,472 1,284,503 74,901 135,352
\$1,320,389	1,994,452 939,267 294,261	15,603 2,635,767 2,259,656 6,923,802
654	10,993 162,657	2,400 316,449 1,115,567
1,321,043	3,900,008	23,095,724
7,210 2,643,953	475,290 1,138,207 89,070 2,636,180	449,349 1,287,373 1,820,842 4,661,241 5,045 7,974,819 522,225 5,292,575 40,000
	265,000 302,164	265,000 305,773
2,651,163	4,905,911	22,624,242
(1,330,120)	(1,005,903)	471,482
	2,004,135 (794,433)	10,000 2,226,933 (2,226,933)
	1,209,702	10,000
(1,330,120)	203,799	481,482
		(274,305)
(1,330,120)	203,799	207,177
5,039,745	7,249,098	29,815,204
\$3,709,625	\$7,452,897	\$30,022,381

CITY OF OAKLEY

Reconciliation of the

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

with the

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$207,177
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:	
CAPITAL ASSETS TRANSACTIONS	
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay and certain departmental expenditures are added back to fund balance Depreciation expense is deducted from fund balance (Depreciation expense is net of internal service fund depreciation of \$492,410 which has already been allocated to serviced funds.) Capital assets transferred from the Successor Agency are added to fund balance	5,283,047 (6,012,282) 636,487
LONG TERM DEBT PROCEEDS AND PAYMENTS	
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position the repayment reduces long-term liabilities. Repayment of debt principal is added back to fund balance	265,000
NON-CURRENT ITEMS	
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds (net change): Non-current portion of compensated absences Accrued liabilities Interest payable Unavailable revenue Net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows related to pensions Claims payable	(73,222) 134,877 1,766 163,617 40,717 (41,852)
ALLOCATION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUND ACTIVITY	
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment acquisition and maintenance to individual funds. The portion of the net revenue (expense) of these Internal Service Funds arising out of their transactions with governmental funds is reported with governmental activities, because they service those activities.	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF COVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	(448,692)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$156,640

CITY OF OAKLEY GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

DENTEN TO	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Property taxes	\$4 175 000	\$4,644,150	\$4,832,574	\$188,424
Sales taxes	\$4,175,000 1,475,000	1,346,500	1,506,300	159,800
Other taxes	1,438,000	1,483,000	1,494,472	11,472
Licenses and permits	919,500	803,038	1,284,503	481,465
Charges for services	54,000	54,000	74,901	20,901
Fines and forfeits	151,500	151,500	135,352	(16,148)
Intergovernmental:				, , ,
Motor vehicle in lieu		16,000	15,603	(397)
Other	19,000	334,559	527,342	192,783
Use of money and property	82,000	197,000	238,815	41,815
Miscellaneous	1,060,083	869,382	935,706	66,324
Total Revenues	9,374,083	9,899,129	11,045,568	1,146,439
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Legislative	482,343	499,344	449,349	49,995
Administrative Services	1,449,513	1,472,596	1,287,373	185,223
Community Development	1,379,032	1,410,919	1,345,552	65,367
Public Works	312,713	672,576	611,690	60,886
Law Enforcement	5,253,000	5,276,714	4,523,333	753,381
Recreation	485,482	528,289	433,155	95,134
Estimated reduction in value of land held for redevelopment (Note 6)			40,000	(40,000)
Total Expenditures	9,362,083	9,860,438	8,690,452	1,169,986
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	12,000	38,691	2,355,116	2,316,425
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of property		135,000	10,000	(125,000)
Transfers in		133,000	1,852	1,852
Transfers (out)	(1,982,000)	(1,432,500)	(1,432,500)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,982,000)	(1,297,500)	(1,420,648)	(123,148)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES BEFORE SPECIAL ITEMS	(\$1,970,000)	(\$1,258,809)	934,468	\$2,193,277
SPECIAL ITEMS (Note 15A) Assets transferred to/from the Successor Agency			(274,305)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES			660,163	
Fund balance at beginning of year			12,381,961	
Fund balance at end of year			\$13,042,124	

CITY OF OAKLEY LIGHTING AND LANDSCAPING DISTRICTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Special assessments Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$3,173,619 4,060	\$3,195,619 4,060	\$3,292,687 13,925 17,204	\$97,068 9,865 17,204
Total Revenues	3,177,679	3,199,679	3,323,816	124,137
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Works Capital outlay Debt service: Interest and fiscal charges	3,045,209	3,237,817 91,256	2,904,134 12,442 131	333,683 78,814 (131)
Total Expenditures	3,045,209	3,329,073	2,916,707	412,366
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	132,470	(129,394)	407,109	536,503
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	120,860	308,214	220,946	(87,268)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	120,860	308,214	220,946	(87,268)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$253,330	\$178,820	628,055	\$449,235
Fund balance at beginning of year			6,446,883	
Fund balance at end of year			\$7,074,938	

CITY OF OAKLEY PUBLIC PROTECTION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

REVENUES	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental:				
Other	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$113,973	\$13,973
Special assessments	3,308,000	3,308,000	3,336,854	28,854
Use of money and property	250	250_	659	409
Total Revenues	3,408,250	3,408,250	3,451,486	43,236
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Law Enforcement	3,408,250	3,408,250	3,451,486	(43,236)
Total Expenditures	3,408,250	3,408,250	3,451,486	(43,236)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES				
Fund balance at beginning of year				
Fund balance at end of year				

CITY OF OAKLEY LOW AND MODERATE INCOME HOUSING ASSET SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

REVENUES Loan repayment	Original Budget \$2,400	Amended Budget \$2,400	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Use of money and property	12,000	17,024	51,403	\$34,379
Total Revenues	14,400	19,424	53,803	34,379
EXPENDITURES Current: Housing programs Debt service:		5,045	5,045	
Interest	3,500	3,479	3,478	1_
Total Expenditures	3,500	8,524	8,523	1
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$10,900	\$10,900	45,280	\$34,378
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year			(1,302,483)	
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year			(\$1,257,203)	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services to other City funds be financed through user fees to those funds

The concept of major funds does not extend to internal service funds because they do not do business with outside parties. For the Statement of Activities, the net revenues or expenses of the internal service fund is eliminated by netting them against the operations of the other City departments which generated them. The remaining balance sheet items are consolidated with these same funds in the Statement of Net Position.

CITY OF OAKLEY PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
ASSETS	
Current: Cash and investments available for operations (Note 3)	\$1,541,783
Receivables:	, , ,
Interest	852
Total Current Assets	1,542,635
Noncurrent:	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) (Note 7)	7,228,994
Total Assets	8,771,629
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	542
Total Assets	542
NET POSITION (Note 10)	
Net investment in capital assets	7,228,994
Unrestricted	1,542,093
Total Net Position	\$8,771,087

CITY OF OAKLEY PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$50,000
Total Operating Revenues	50,000
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Supplies	47,638
Depreciation	492,410
Total Operating Expenses	540,048
Operating Income (Loss)	(490,048)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	3,034
Gain from disposition of capital assets	3,855
Total Nonoperating Revenues	6,889
Income (Loss) Before Contributions	(483,159)
Contributions	34,467_
Change in net position	(448,692)
BEGINNING NET POSITION	9,219,779
ENDING NET POSITION	\$8,771,087

CITY OF OAKLEY PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$50,000 (72,936)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(22,936)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(96,687) 3,855
Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities	(92,832)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest	2,913
Net Cash Flows	(112,855)
Cash and investments at beginning of period	1,654,638
Cash and investments at end of period	\$1,541,783
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS Contribution of capital assets	\$34,467
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash flows from operating activities:	(\$490,048)
Depreciation	492,410
Net change in liabilities: Accounts payable	(25,298)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(\$22,936)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

These funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the City-wide financial statements, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Fiduciary assets are held for others, therefore they are reported in aggregate without indicating whether they are restricted or unrestricted.

Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for the activities of the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Oakley.

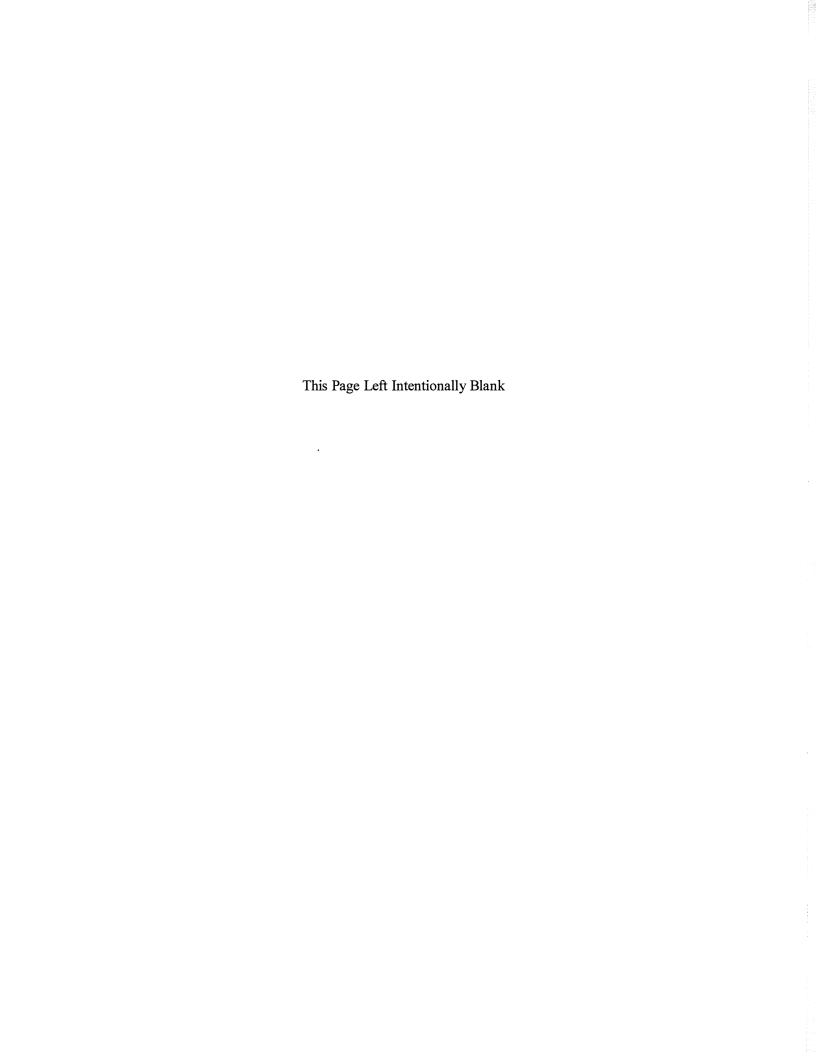
Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

CITY OF OAKLEY FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and investments (Note 3) Cash and investments with fiscal agent (Note 3) Accounts receivable	\$1,864,198 2,012,751 132,798	\$2,653,998 1,597,808
Interest receivable Loans receivable (Note 15B) Land held for redevelopment (Note 15C) Capital assets (Note 15D):	1,226,719 3,272,107	757
Land and construction in progress Depreciable, net	3,694,908 17,079,400	
Total Assets	29,282,881	\$4,252,563
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable Due to other agencies Due to bondholders Long-term debt (Note 15E):	463,329	\$892,133 3,360,430
Due within one year	425,000	
Due in more than one year	29,335,000	
Total Liabilities	30,223,329	\$4,252,563
NET POSITION		
Held in Trust for the Successor Agency and Other Governments	(\$940,448)	

CITY OF OAKLEY FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund
ADDITIONS	
Property taxes	\$2,525,004
Charges for services	13,680
Use of money and property	209,946
Miscellaneous	84,943
Gain from sale of property	35,591
Total Additions	2,869,164
DEDUCTIONS	
Redevelopment and Economic Development	393,604
Depreciation	589,899
Debt service:	
Interest and fiscal charges	1,787,947
Total Deductions	2,771,450
Change in Net Position Before Special Items	97,714
SPECIAL ITEMS	
Settlement payment from City (Note 15A)	1,450,500
Payment to the County Auditor-Controller (Note 15A)	(1,418,284)
Transfer loan receivable to City (Note 15A)	(1,176,195)
Transfer capital assets to City (Note 15A)	(636,487)
Change in Net Position	(1,682,752)
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR SUCCESSOR AGENCY AND OTHER GOVERNMENTS	
Beginning of year	742,304
End of year	(\$940,448)



NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Oakley was incorporated as a general law city on July 1, 1999. Oakley is a community of approximately 38,000 residents situated in Contra Costa County on the east side of San Francisco Bay. Oakley is located approximately 50 miles east of the City of San Francisco. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: law enforcement, highways and streets, public improvements, planning and zoning, recreation, and general administration services.

The financial statements and accounting policies of the City conform with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting policies are summarized below:

A. Reporting Entity

The City is governed by a five member council elected by City residents. The City is legally separate and fiscally independent which means it can issue debt, set and modify budgets and fees and sue or be sued. The accompanying basic financial statements include only the financial activities of the City and the Oakley Public Financing Authority, which is a component unit controlled by and dependent on the City. The Authority is included ("blended") with funds of the City since it is governed by the City Council sitting in a separate capacity.

The Oakley Public Financing Authority is a separate governmental entity whose purpose is to assist in the financing and refinancing of certain redevelopment activities of the former Redevelopment Agency and certain programs and projects of the City. The Authority's activities to date consist only of the purchase and resale of City or Redevelopment Agency debt issues, and the issuance of the 2004-1 Limited Obligation Bonds, the 2006-1 Infrastructure Revenue Bonds, the 2006 Certificates of Participation and the Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Oakley Public Financing Authority.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's Basic Financial Statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including blended component units. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

C. Major Funds

Major governmental funds are identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. All other funds, called non-major funds, are combined and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type.

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues deposited in the General Fund include property tax, sales tax, franchise fees, business licenses, fines and forfeitures and fees for services. This fund is used to account for most of the City's basic services including Legislative, General Administration, Law Enforcement, Recreation and Community Development.

Lighting and Landscaping Districts Special Revenue Fund – This fund accounts for assessments made upon parcels of land within the Lighting and Landscaping Zones #1, #2 and #3 and their use in accordance with the provisions of the State of California Streets and Highway Code.

Public Protection Special Revenue Fund – This fund accounts for dedicated Police Services Special Taxes and State COPS program funds.

Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund – This fund accounts for the housing assets of the former Oakley Redevelopment Agency and loan repayments restricted to low and moderate income housing projects.

Traffic Impact Fees Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for fees assessed on new development to provide street and road improvements.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The City also reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds – The funds account for equipment replacement and capital facilities maintenance and replacement; all of which are provided to City departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds – These funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for various functions. The Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for payments at appropriate amounts and times in the future. Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for the Assessment Districts 2004-1 and 2006-1 and assets held on behalf of the County for regional mitigation fees. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the City-wide financial statements, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

D. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when *measurable* and *available*. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as *expenditures* in governmental funds. Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as *other financing sources*.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are sales tax, transfer tax, fines, interest revenue and gross receipts taxes. Charges for services, and licenses and permits are not susceptible to accrual because they are not measurable until received in cash.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The City may fund programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, special purpose revenues and general purpose revenues. While both restricted and unrestricted Net Position may be available to finance program expenditures the City's policy is to first apply restricted purpose revenues to such programs, followed by general purpose revenues if necessary.

Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only one item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: accounts receivable, interest on interfund advances and loans receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

F. Accounts Receivable

Receivables at June 30, 2015 were comprised of the following:

Governmental Activities:	Taxes	Accounts	Governmental	Receivables
General Fund	\$253,947	\$344,030	\$282,738	\$880,715
Public Protection Fund			11,021	11,021
Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund			10,764	10,764
Non-Major Governmental Funds			105,229	105,229
Total Accounts Receivable, net of				
allowance for doubtful accounts	\$253,947	\$344,030	\$409,752	\$1,007,729

G. Property Taxes and Special Assessment Revenue

Revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which the tax and assessment is levied. The County of Contra Costa levies, bills and collects property taxes and special assessments for the City; under the County's "Teeter Plan" the County remits the entire amount levied for secured taxes and handles all delinquencies, retaining interest and penalties. Secured and unsecured property taxes are levied on January 1 of the preceding fiscal year.

Secured property tax is due in two installments, on November 1 and February 1 and becomes a lien on those dates. It becomes delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property tax is due on July 1, and becomes delinquent on August 31.

The term "unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than real estate, land and buildings. These taxes are secured by liens on the personal property being taxed. Secured and unsecured property tax revenues are recognized by the City in the fiscal year they are assessed, provided they become available as defined above.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences comprise unpaid vacation and certain compensated time off, which are accrued as earned. For all governmental funds amounts expected to be paid out for permanent liquidation are recorded as fund liabilities; the long-term portion is recorded in the Statement of Net Position. The liability for compensated absences is determined annually. The changes in the compensated absences were as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Beginning Balance Additions Payments	\$366,439 271,923 (198,701)
Ending Balance	\$439,661
Current Portion	\$268,594

The long-term portion of governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Re-Opened Fund and New Fund

The Cypress Grove Capital Projects Fund had been closed as of June 30, 2014, however the Fund received additional project funding from the restructuring/refinancing of the assessment district bonds and was reopened during the year ended June 30, 2015.

The Street Maintenance Reserve Capital Projects Fund was established to account for the accumulation of funds for the long-term maintenance of the City's streets. The amounts transferred into the reserve will be used to augment the City's Gas Tax, Measure J, and other street improvement revenues in completing street maintenance and improvement projects. The reserve shall be considered fully funded when the balance and the combination of anticipated special revenues eligible for street maintenance is sufficient to pay for the next 3 years' anticipated maintenance, which is anticipated to occur by June 30, 2018.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 2 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

A. Budget Policy

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Work sessions are conducted to obtain citizen's comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted by City Council resolution.
- 4. All appropriations transfers between funds must be approved by the City Council by resolution during the fiscal year. The City Manager is authorized to transfer unencumbered appropriations within a fund. In addition, amendments that are made to authorize spending of increased or new special purpose revenues may be approved by the City Manager. The legally adopted budget requires that expenditures not exceed total appropriations at the fund level.
- 5. Budgets are adopted for all Governmental Funds except the Cypress Grove Project Capital Projects Fund, which is governed by bond convents.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds.
- 7. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 8. Budgeted amounts appearing in the budgetary comparison statements are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council or the City Manager, as authorized.

B. Encumbrances

Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in all budgeted funds. Unexpended operating appropriations lapse at year end and must be reappropriated in the following year. Unexpended capital projects appropriations are automatically reappropriated in the following year. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance, depending on the classification of the resources to be used to liquidate the encumbrance, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

C. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

The Public Protection Special Revenue Fund incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations in the amount \$43,236. The fund had sufficient revenues to finance these expenditures.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City pools cash from all sources and all funds, except cash of the Successor Agency and cash with fiscal agents, so that it can be invested at the maximum yield, consistent with safety and liquidity, while individual funds can make expenditures at any time.

A. Policies

The City and its fiscal agents invest in individual investments and in investment pools. Individual investments are evidenced by specific identifiable pieces of paper called *securities instruments*, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the *book entry* system. Individual investments are generally made by the City's fiscal agents as required under its debt issues. In order to maximize security, the City employs the Trust Department of a bank as the custodian of all City managed investments, regardless of their form.

California Law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the City's cash on deposit, or first trust deed mortgage notes with a market value of 150% of the deposit, as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law this collateral is held in a separate investment pool by another institution in the City's name and places the City ahead of general creditors of the institution.

The City's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The City adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

B. Classification

Cash and investments are classified in the financial statements as shown below:

City cash and investments:	
Cash and investments available for operations	\$31,396,255
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	648,469
Total City Cash and Investments	32,044,724
Cash and investments in Fiduciary Funds (Separate Statement):	
Successor Agency to the Redevelopment	
Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund:	
Cash available for operations	1,864,198
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	2,012,751
Agency Funds:	
Cash and investments available for operations	2,653,998
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	1,597,808
Total Cash and Investments	\$40,173,479

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

C. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The City's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the City to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the City; and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code or the City's Investment Policy:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Minimum Credit Quality	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment In One Issuer
U.S. Government Securities	5 years		No Limit	No Limit
U.S. Government Agency Securities: Federal Home Loan Bank Federal National Mortgage Association Federal Farm Credit Bank Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Student Loan Marketing Association Government National Mortgage Association	5 years		No Limit	No Limit
State of California Warrants, Treasury Notes or Bonds	5 years		No Limit	No Limit
California Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A		N/A	\$50 million per account
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	A1/P1	30%	No Limit
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	A1/P1	40%	30%
Medium Term Corporate Notes	5 years	AAA	30%	No Limit
Money Market Funds	N/A	Top rating category	20%	No Limit
Investment Trust of California (CalTRUST)	N/A		N/A	No Limit
Repurchase Agreements	1 year		No Limit	No Limit

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

D. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The City and Successor Agency must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged reserves to be used if the City fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City resolutions, bond indentures or State statutes. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements:

		Minimum
	Maximum	Credit
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality
U.S. Government Securities	N/A	Aaa/AAA
U.S. Government Agency Securities	N/A	N/A
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	\$50 million per
		account
Bankers Acceptances	360 days	A1/A1+/P1
Commercial Paper	270 days	A-1+/P-1
Money Market Funds	N/A	A/AAAm/AAAm
Municipal Obligations	N/A	Aaa/AAA
Pre-refunded Municipal Obligations	N/A	Highest
General Obligations	N/A	A2/A
Investment Agreements/Contracts	N/A	Α
Repurchase Agreements	N/A	N/A
Investments fully insured by the FDIC	N/A	N/A
Tax-exempt Obligations	N/A	Highest Rating
Short term Certificates of Deposit	360 days	A1/A1+/P1
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	Α
California Asset Management Program	N/A	N/A
Shares in a California Common Law Trust	N/A	N/A

E. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Normally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City generally manages its interest rate risk by holding investments to maturity.

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NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the distribution of the City's investments by maturity. At June 30, 2015, all of the City's investments mature in 12 months or less, except the Certificates of Deposit held by fiscal agents, which mature on May 16, 2017 (\$508,171) and May 18, 2017 (\$253,735):

Investment Type	
Cash and Investments in City Treasury:	
Money Market Funds	\$1,773,553
Local Agency Investment Fund	20,924,551
CalTRUST	9,031,282
Held by Fiscal Agents:	
California Asset Management Program	2,000,846
Money Market Funds	1,496,276
Certificates of Deposit	761,906
Total Investments	35,988,414
Cash deposits in banks and petty cash	4,185,065
Total Cash and Investments	\$40,173,479

The City is a participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City reports its investment in LAIF at the fair value amount provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. The balance is available for withdrawal on demand, and is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, United States Treasury Notes and Bills, and corporations. At June 30, 2015 these investments matured in an average of 239 days.

The City is a participant in the Short-Term Fund of the Investment Trust of California (CalTrust), a joint powers authority and public agency established by its members under the provisions of Section 6509.7 of the California Government Code. Members and participants are limited to California public agencies. CalTrust is governed by a Board of Trustees of seven Trustees, at least seventy-five percent of whom are from the participating agencies. The City reports its investment in CalTrust at the fair value amount provided by CalTrust, which is the same as the value of the pool shares. The balance is available for withdrawal on demand, and is based on the accounting records maintained by CalTrust. Included in CalTrust's investment portfolio are: United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds or Certificates of Indebtedness; registered state warrants or treasury notes or bonds; California local agency bonds, notes, warrants or other indebtedness; federal agency or United States government-sponsored enterprise obligations; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; negotiable certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; medium-term notes; money market mutual funds; notes, bonds or other obligation secured by a first priority security interest in securities authorized under Government Code Section 53651; and mortgage passthrough securities, collateralized mortgage obligations, and other asset – backed securities. CalTrust's Short-Term Fund has a target portfolio duration of 0 to 2 years. At June 30, 2015, these investments matured in an average of 511 days.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The Successor Agency is a participant in the California Asset Management Program (CAMP). CAMP is an investment pool offered by the California Asset Management Trust (the Trust). The Trust is a joint powers authority and public agency created by the Declaration of Trust and established under the provisions of the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act (California Government Code Sections 6500 et seq., or the "Act") for the purpose of exercising the common power of its Participants to invest certain proceeds of debt issues and surplus funds. The Pool's investments are limited to investments permitted by subdivisions (a) to (n), inclusive, of Section 53601 of the California Government Code. The Agency reports its investments in CAMP at the fair value amounts provided by CAMP, which is the same as the value of the pool share. At June 30, 2015, the fair value approximated is the Agency's cost. At June 30, 2015, these investments have an average maturity of 28 days.

Money market funds are available for withdrawal on demand and at June 30, 2015 matured in an average of 60 days.

F. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The actual ratings as of June 30, 2015 for CalTRUST is AAf, California Asset Management Program is rated AAAm, and all the City's Money Market Funds are AAAm as provided by Standard and Poor's investment ratings service. The Local Agency Investment Fund external investment pool and the certificates of deposit were not rated as of June 30, 2015.

G. Concentration of Credit Risk

Investments in any one issuer, other than money market mutual funds, Local Agency Investment Fund, CalTRUST and California Asset Management Program, that represent 5% or more of total investments at the Entity-wide level or in individual funds were as follows at June 30, 2015:

Issuer	Investment Type	Amount
Agency Funds:		
GE Capital	Certificate of Deposit	\$253,735
Discover Bank	Certificate of Deposit	254,203
Goldman Sachs	Certificate of Deposit	253,968

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Transfers Between Funds

With Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. Transfers between Funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and the purpose for each were as follows:

Fund Receiving Transfer	Fund Making Transfers	Transfer Amount	_
General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$1,852	(A)
Lighting and Landscaping Districts Special Revenue Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds		220,946	(A)
Non-Major Governmental Funds	General Fund	1,432,500	(B)
Non-Major Governmental Funds	Non-Major Governmental Funds	571,635	(B), (C)
	Total Interfund Transfers	\$2,226,933	=

- (A) To fund operations.
- (B) To fund capital projects.
- (C) To fund debt service.

B. Long-Term Interfund Advances

At June 30, 2015 the funds below had made advances which were not expected to be repaid within the next year. The balances in the funds with the advance to other funds are offset by unavailable revenue or nonspendable fund balance.

Advances to Other Funds	Advances from Other Funds	Advanced Amount
General Fund	Lighting and Landscaping Districts Special Revenue Fund	\$62,232
General Fund	Non-Major Funds	246,000
Traffic Impact Fees	Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund	641,480
Non-Major Funds	Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund	627,821
	Total Interfund Advances	\$1,577,533

Since the City's formation in 1999, the General Fund has, on occasion, made advances to the Lighting and Landscaping Districts Special Revenue Fund to cure operating deficits in two of the Landscaping Districts. The advances bear interest at the City's investment pool rate. The balance of these advances totaled \$62,232 at June 30, 2015.

The General Fund agreed to advance \$150,000 to the Public Facilities Impact Fee Capital Projects Fund to fund a debt service shortfall. During fiscal year 2015, the General Fund made an additional advance of \$96,000. The advances bear interest at the City's investment pool rate. The balance of the advance totaled \$246,000 at June 30, 2015.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The Traffic Impact Fees Capital Projects Fund, Park Impact Fees Capital Projects Fund, and Public Facilities Impact Fees Capital Projects Fund agreed to accept deferred payment of impact fees by the former Redevelopment Agency to assist with the Courtyards at Cypress Grove affordable housing project. Although no cash was advanced, these obligations were recorded as advances to the former Redevelopment Agency. The City's Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund, as Housing Successor to the former Redevelopment Agency's housing activities, assumed the obligation to repay the advances, which will be repaid from future loan collections. The advances bear interest at the City's annual pooled investment rate which was of 0.2575% for fiscal year 2015. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2015 was \$1,269,301.

NOTE 5 – LOANS RECEIVABLE

A. Low and Moderate Income Housing and City Loans Receivable

The former Redevelopment Agency engaged in programs designed to encourage construction of or improvement in low-to-moderate income housing. Under these programs, grants or loans were provided under favorable terms to homeowners or developers who agreed to expend these funds in accordance with the Agency's terms. With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency as discussed in Note 15, the City agreed to become the successor to the Redevelopment Agency's housing activities and as a result the Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund assumed the loans receivable of the Redevelopment Agency's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund. In addition, the City has made loans to certain employees and to local businesses for economic development. Although these loans and notes are expected to be repaid in full, their balance has been offset by unavailable revenue or nonspendable fund balance. The balances of the loans receivable, including accrued interest, at June 30, 2015 are set forth below:

Golden Oak Manor	\$1,242,848
Silver Oak Apartments	622,078
Oakley Senior Housing	814,558
Oakley Cypress Associates	3,218,750
Carol Lane	4,825,134
First Time Homebuyer	160,068
Employee Home Loans	542,291
Manuel's Five Star Restaurant, Inc.	1,314,298
New Lifeline Ministries	36,165
Total	\$12,776,190

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 5 – LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

B. Golden Oak Manor

Under the terms of a Loan Agreement dated December 19, 1994 between the Redevelopment Agency and the Developer, Golden Oak Manor, L.P., the Agency loaned the amount of \$780,000 to construct 50 senior residential rental units, with 24 of the units being restricted to very low income households. The loan is secured by a deed of trust on the property, is due in 2054 and bears simple annual interest of 3 percent. Interest and principal are deferred for 60 years or upon transfer of the property to an unqualified entity. Any unpaid amounts are considered deferred; all deferred principal and interest is due when the note matures.

C. Silver Oak Apartments

Under the terms of a Loan Agreement dated May 1, 1998 between the Redevelopment Agency and the Developer, Ecumenical Association for Housing, the Agency loaned \$374,220 along with an additional \$99,206 in January 1999, for a total loan amount of \$473,426, to fund the construction of 24 affordable housing units. The loan is secured by a deed of trust on the property, is due in 2058 and bears simple annual interest of 3 percent with principal and interest due annually to the extent there is "residual receipts" as defined in the agreement. Any unpaid amounts are considered deferred; all deferred principal and interest is due when the note matures.

D. Oakley Senior Housing

Under the terms of a Loan Agreement dated February 8, 2000 between the Redevelopment Agency and the Developer, Oakley Senior Associates, L.P., the Agency loaned the amount of \$1,800,000 to fund the acquisition and development costs to construct eighty units of affordable housing for low and moderate income seniors. The loan is secured by a deed of trust on the property, is due in 55 years from the issuance of the certificate of completion, but not later than 2058, and bears simple annual interest of 3 percent, with principal and interest due annually to the extent there is "residual receipts" as defined in the agreement. Any unpaid amounts are considered deferred; all deferred principal and interest is due when the note matures. The Agency received a payment of \$547,000 from the developer during fiscal year 2002. A portion of the loan had been funded by the Redevelopment Agency Projects Fund, and with the dissolution of the Agency effective February 1, 2012, the assets of the Redevelopment Agency Projects Fund, including a portion of the Oakley Senior Housing loan in the amount of \$623,082, were assumed by a Successor Agency as discussed in Note 15.

E. Oakley Cypress Associates

Under the terms of the Loan Agreement dated December 1, 2005, the Redevelopment Agency loaned \$2.5 million to Oakley Cypress Associates to assist in the development of 96 affordable housing units. The loan is secured by a deed of trust on the property and bears simple interest of 3 percent annually. Principal and interest payments are due annually to the extent that Oakley Cypress Associates has "residual receipts" as defined in the agreement. The remaining balance of unpaid principal and accrued interest is due fifty-five years after the issuance of the certificate of completion, but no later than December 1, 2063.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 5 – LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

F. Carol Lane

Under the terms of a Loan Agreement dated February 23, 2007 between the Redevelopment Agency and the Developer, 59 Carol Lane, L.P., the Agency loaned the amount of \$3,858,753 to fund the acquisition and development costs to construct two hundred and eight units of senior and family affordable housing for low and very-low income households. The loan is secured by a deed of trust on the property, is due in 55 years from the issuance of the certificate of completion, but not later than 2062, and bears simple interest of 3 percent annually, with principal and interest due annually to the extent there are "residual receipts" as defined in the agreement. Any unpaid amounts are considered deferred; all deferred principal and interest is due when the note matures.

G. First-Time Homebuyer Program

The Redevelopment Agency administered a First-Time Homebuyers Program funded by Bond proceeds in the amount of \$512,392 in 1994, under which low and moderate income individuals may qualify for first-time home buyer deferred second mortgages to purchase homes in the Oakley area. The individual loans are 30-year fixed rate deferred loans, bearing interest at a rate equal to two percent below the Lender's rate and do not exceed \$50,000. These loans are due thirty years from the date of issuance, but principal and accrued interest will be forgiven at maturity if the unit was owner occupied for the full thirty years. Under the terms of the Program, loans must be repaid in full if the property is sold to a nonqualified buyer.

H. Employee Home Loans

On December 1, 2005, the City loaned \$550,000 and \$70,000 to a City employee for the purpose of purchasing a home. The loan of \$550,000 is secured by a deed of trust, has a term of 30 years and bears interest of 2.5%. The \$70,000 loan was repaid in January 2006. In March 2009 the City amended the employment agreement to extend the final payment of the housing assistance loan by one year to December 2036. In June 2010 the City again amended the employment agreement to extend the final payment from December 2036 to December 2037. Each extension reflected a one-year deferral of mortgage payments and included no forgiveness of principal. The loan is being repaid timely and at June 30, 2015 had a remaining balance of \$452,122.

On December 15, 2007, the City loaned \$100,000 to a second City employee for the purpose of purchasing a home. The loan of \$100,000 is secured by a deed of trust, has a term of 15 years and bears interest of 2.5%. This employee left the City during fiscal year 2009 and the City entered into a supplemental agreement with the employee that does not require the employee to immediately repay the loan. The City retains an interest in the home and will receive repayment depending on the sales price. However, the City has agreed to forgive its loan if the sales proceeds are less than the outstanding balance on the first deed of trust on the home. The home has not been sold as of June 30, 2015, and at June 30, 2015 the loan has a remaining balance of \$90,169.

As of June 30, 2015, the combined balance of these loans is \$542,291.

NOTE 5 – LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

I. East Cypress

Under the terms of a settlement agreement with the Greenbelt Alliance regarding the agricultural impacts of the planned development of 828 acres of farmland in the East Cypress area, the property owners in the area are required to make up front per acre and per-lot and pre-recordation contributions to the San Francisco Foundation. The Foundation will then distribute the funding to organizations committed to agricultural land preservation in the Delta area. The City participates in the calculation, collection and distribution of payments to the Foundation. During fiscal year 2011, the City made the following two loans to property owners in the East Cypress area to assist with their share of the litigation expenses:

On June 16, 2011, the City loaned \$16,242 to a property owner. The loan was secured by a deed of trust and if not paid in full by the maturity date, bore interest of 6% annually on the unpaid balance. The loan was repayable within 90 days of receipt of any payments the property owner received from a proposed developer of the property. In the event the owner did not obtain a developer to develop the property, the loan was payable as follows: \$4,000 no later than June 16, 2015, and the remaining balance no later than June 16, 2019. The outstanding balance was repaid in full on October 30, 2013.

On June 30, 2011, the City also loaned \$45,189 to another property owner. The loan is secured only by a promissory note and was due June 30, 2012, however the loan agreement was amended in May 2012 to extend the term of the loan to May 22, 2013. The loan was not repaid on that date, but the City remained in contact with the borrower to ensure collection. Because the note was not paid in full by the maturity dates, the unpaid balance accrued interest at 6% annually from May 22, 2013. The amount outstanding was paid in full on August 21, 2014.

J. Rogelstad-Thorpe, LLC

On August 28, 2013, the City loaned \$400,000 to Rogelstad-Thorpe, LLC, for the purpose of posting the collateral required by a commercial lender for the purchase of real property and the completion of various improvements to and expansion of the Oakley Plaza shopping center. The loan is secured by a promissory note and deed of trust, and bears simple interest of 5 percent annually. The principal and all accrued interest were due on August 1, 2014, but the agreement was amended on May 9, 2014 to extend the due date to December 15, 2014; and the amount was paid on full on that date.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 5 – LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

K. Manuel's Five Star Restaurant, Inc.

As discussed in Note 15B, the City entered into an agreement with Manuel's Five Star Restaurant, Inc. (MFSR), in August 2011 to provide loans of the former Redevelopment Agency's funds. The City entered into a second amendment to the agreement in April 2013 to provide an additional loan of \$160,000 for construction costs incurred by the developer that were in excess of amounts anticipated under the original agreement. Due to restrictions applicable under the Dissolution Act, the General Fund made this additional construction loan of \$160,000. The loan bears interest of 5% on outstanding principal, is secured by a deed of trust and is payable in monthly installments. The loan is subject to the same terms of the original agreement and is due upon the sale of the property.

As discussed in Note 15A, a settlement agreement was executed between the City and Department of Finance and the Contra Costa County Auditor-Controller which allowed the City to acquire all rights and interest in the Disposition and Development Agreement (DDA) and the associated construction loan receivable from MFSR, while the Successor Agency retains the enhancement loan. The construction loan bears interest of 5% on outstanding principal and unpaid interest, is secured by a first deed of trust and is payable in monthly installments. The loan becomes due upon sale of the property. The balance of the construction loan at the time of the settlement agreement was \$1,176,195.

The outstanding balance of the loans was \$1,314,298 at June 30, 2015.

Under the terms of the DDA, MFSR is responsible for the payment of property taxes, fees and assessments on the property. In October 2015, the City notified MFSR that they were in default under the terms of the DDA for failure to pay Ironhouse Sanitary District fees for fiscal years 2014 and 2015 of \$22,862. In order to protect the rights in the property, the City paid the delinquent fees in October 2015, including penalties of \$365. MFSR is to repay the \$23,227 over a twelve month period, with an initial payment of \$4,027 and equal monthly payments of \$1,600.

L. New Lifeline Ministries

The City installed frontage improvements that are to be paid by the property owner, New Lifeline Ministries. Under the terms of a June 2015 reimbursement agreement, New Lifeline Ministries agreed to reimburse the City for its costs incurred in the amount of \$36,165. The loan is unsecured, bears interest of 1% and is repayable in equal monthly installments over 15 years.

NOTE 6 – LAND HELD FOR RESALE

The City has purchased parcels that are expected to be resold in the near future. Such land parcels are accounted for at the lower of cost or net realizable value or agreed-upon sales price if a disposition agreement has been made with a developer.

During fiscal year 2015, the City reduced the carrying value of one parcel by \$40,000 to reflect the net realizable value related to the sale of the property that occurred subsequent to the end of the fiscal year.

The balance of land held for resale in the General Fund at June 30, 2015 was \$2,182,235.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed.

All capital assets with limited useful lives are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets.

Depreciation is provided using the half-year convention method which is like the straight-line method in that the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years, but the asset is depreciated over 6 months instead over one year in its first year. The result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The capitalization threshold for equipment with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life of more than two years, and for all buildings, improvements and infrastructure with a cost of \$50,000 or more and a useful life of more than two years. The City has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Buildings	40 years
Improvements	5-15 years
Machinery and Equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5 years
Roadways:	
Streets (includes pavement, sidewalk,	10-40 years
curb & gutters, trees & signs)	
Traffic Signals	25 years
Street Lights	40 years
Bridges	100 years
Parks and Recreation:	
General Improvement	25 years
Specialty Features	10 years

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

A. Capital Assets Additions and Retirements

Capital asset balances comprise the following:

	Balance as of			Transfer from Successor	Balance as of
		Additions	T		
Governmental Activities:	June 30, 2014	Additions	Transfers	Agency	June 30, 2015
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$9,266,464			\$636,487	\$9,902,951
Construction in Progress	4,056,518	\$5,265,996	(\$5,741,451)	\$050,467	3,581,063
Constituction in 1 rogicss					3,561,005
Total capital assets not being depreciated	13,322,982	5,265,996	(5,741,451)	636,487	13,484,014
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	9,752,521	6,267			9,758,788
Machinery and Equipment	2,130,694	29,122			2,159,816
Vehicles	1,339,447	95,764			1,435,211
Roadways:					
Pavement	156,331,812		4,844,422		161,176,234
Sidewalks	9,797,203				9,797,203
Curbs and Gutters	9,678,513				9,678,513
Traffic Signals	2,946,489		40,506		2,986,995
Regulatory Signs and Street Trees	1,289,802		63,421		1,353,223
Street Lights	3,239,203				3,239,203
Bridges	4,422,722				4,422,722
Parks and Recreation Structures	11,211,291	17,052	793,102		12,021,445
Total capital assets being depreciated	212,139,697	148,205	5,741,451		218,029,353
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	(2,517,803)	(266,232)			(2,784,035)
Machinery and Equipment	(1,877,269)	(98,690)			(1,975,959)
Vehicles	(909,624)	(153,242)			(1,062,866)
Roadways:					
Pavements	(53,584,903)	(4,897,294)			(58,482,197)
Sidewalks	(2,668,619)	(130,632)			(2,799,251)
Curbs and Gutters	(2,602,270)	(129,031)			(2,731,301)
Traffic Signals	(1,101,210)	(118,668)			(1,219,878)
Regulatory Signs and Street Trees	(790,195)	(129,591)			(919,786)
Street Lights	(913,021)	(80,980)			(994,001)
Bridges	(937,020)	(44,226)			(981,246)
Parks and Recreation Structures	(3,306,477)	(456,106)			(3,762,583)
Total accumulated depreciation	(71,208,411)	(6,504,692)			(77,713,103)
Net capital assets being depreciated	140,931,286	(6,356,487)	5,741,451	-	140,316,250
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$154,254,268	(\$1,090,491)		\$636,487	\$153,800,264

As discussed in Note 15A, pursuant to the terms of the settlement agreement, the Successor Agency transferred a land parcel with a book value of \$636,487 to the City during fiscal year 2015.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

B. Capital Asset Contributions

Some capital assets may be acquired using federal and State grant funds, or they may be contributed by developers or other governments. These contributions are accounted for as revenues at the time the capital assets are contributed.

C. Depreciation Allocation

Depreciation expense is charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Total Governmental Activities	\$6,504,692
Internal Service Funds	492,410
Public Works	5,986,528
Administrative Services	\$25,754

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT

The City generally incurs long-term debt to finance projects or purchase assets which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt. The City's long-term debt is recorded only in the government-wide financial statements.

In governmental fund types, debt discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period.

A. Current Year Transactions and Balances

The City's debt issue and transaction is shown below and discussed in detail thereafter.

	Original Issue Amount	Balance June 30, 2014	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2015	Current Portion
2006 Certificates of Participation 4.00-4.50%, due 5/1/2032	\$8,500,000	\$6,955,000	(\$265,000)	\$6,690,000	\$275,000

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

B. 2006 Certificates of Participation

On December 5, 2006, the City issued the 2006 Certificates of Participation (COPs) in the principal amount of \$8,500,000 to finance the acquisition of property and construction of improvements to the City's Civic Center. The COPs are collateralized by revenue from the Civic Center lease agreement. The City intends to use public facilities impact fees to make the lease payments, however the lease payments are payable from any legally available funds. Principal is payable annually and the interest is payable semi-annually through 2032.

C. Debt Service Requirements

Annual debt service requirements are shown below for the City's long-term debt:

For the Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest
Eliding Julie 30	Tillicipai	Interest
2016	\$275,000	\$286,035
2017	285,000	275,035
2018	300,000	263,635
2019	310,000	251,635
2020	325,000	239,235
2021 - 2025	1,830,000	987,715
2026 - 2030	2,290,000	557,030
2031 - 2032	1,075,000	73,125
	\$6,690,000	\$2,933,445

NOTE 9 – ASSESSMENT DEBT WITH NO CITY COMMITMENT

On August 3, 2004, and July 19, 2006, the Oakley Public Financing Authority issued \$17,150,000 principal amount of Revenue Bonds and \$11,460,000 principal amount of Infrastructure Revenue Bonds to finance the construction and acquisition of certain public improvements within the City's Special District Nos. 2004-1 and 2006-1, respectively. On March 3, 2012, the 2004 Bonds were refunded by the Refunding Revenue bonds, Series 2012 in the principal amount of \$14,775,000. On October 15, 2014, the Oakley Public Financing Authority issued Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2014, in the principal amount of \$9,070,000 to refund the 2006 Bonds. The Bonds are secured only by revenues received as payment of assessments levied against property within Special District Nos. 2004-1 and 2006-1. Neither the faith and credit nor the general taxing power of the City of Oakley have been pledged to the payment of the Bonds. Therefore, the Bonds have been excluded from the accompanying financial statements. The outstanding balances of the Bonds were \$13,690,000 and \$9,070,000, respectively, at June 30, 2015.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 10 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES

Net Position is measured on the full accrual basis, while Fund Balance is measured on the modified accrual basis.

A. Net Position

Net Position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources over all its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, regardless of fund. Net Position is divided into three captions. These captions apply only to Net Position, which is determined only at the Government-wide level, and are described below:

Net investment in capital assets describes the portion of Net Position which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of Net Position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include developer fees received for use on capital projects, debt service requirements, and redevelopment funds restricted to low and moderate income purposes.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position which is not restricted to use.

B. Fund Balances

Governmental fund balances represent the net current assets of each fund. Net current assets generally represent a fund's cash, receivables and deferred outflows of resources, less its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

The City's fund balances are classified based on spending constraints imposed on the use of resources. For programs with multiple funding sources, the City prioritizes and expends funds in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Each category in the following hierarchy is ranked according to the degree of spending constraint:

Nonspendable represents balances set aside to indicate items do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as Permanent Funds, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, notes receivable, and land held for redevelopment are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed or assigned, then nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

Restricted fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for a specific purpose.

Committed fund balances have constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council, such as by Resolution or Ordinance, which are equally binding, and may be altered only by the same formal action of the City Council.

NOTE 10 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Assigned fund balances are amounts constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the City Council or its designee and may be changed at the discretion of the City Council or its designee under the Appropriations Control Policy, the City Manager. This category includes encumbrances that are not to be liquidated by restricted or committed resources; nonspendables, when it is the City's intent to use proceeds or collections for a specific purpose; and residual fund balances, if any, of Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds, which have not been restricted or committed.

Unassigned fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual general fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds.

NOTE 10 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Detailed classifications of the City's Fund Balances, as of June 30, 2015, are below:

Part						Major Capital		
Fund Balance Classifications			Major S	Special Revent		Projects Fund		
Fund Bilance Classifications			****			TD 60	0.1	
Nonspendables: Items not in spendable form: Properation Secure Properation Secure Secure		Camaral		Dublic				
Nonspendables Rems not in spendable form: S27,868 S240 S28,108 Loan Receivable 1,856,589 1,856,589 2,185,235 Advances 308,232 308,232 308,232 308,232 308,232 Total Nonspendable Fund Balances 4,374,924 240 4,375,164 Restricted for: Dutch Slough 559,498 559,498 559,498 Lighting and landscaping services \$7,074,938 \$3,709,625 3,709,625 516,248 1,283,455	Fund Polonce Classifications				J	-		T-4-1
Rems not in spendable form: Prepaids and Deposits	Tund Balance Classifications	- Fund	District	Trotection	Asset	rees	Funds	I otai
Prepaids and Deposits \$27,868 \$24,00 \$28,108 Loans Receivable 1,856,589 1,856,589 2,182,235 Land Held for resale 2,182,235 308,232 308,232 Total Nonspendable Fund Balances 4,374,924 240 4,375,164 Restricted for: Dutch Slough 559,498 559,498 559,498 1,7074,938 7,074,938 7,074,938 7,074,938 1,709,625 1	Nonspendables:							
Loans Receivable 1,856,589 1,856,589 2,182,235 2,182,235 308,232	Items not in spendable form:							
Land Held for resale 2,182,235 308,232	Prepaids and Deposits	\$27,868					\$240	\$28,108
Advances 308,232 308,235 308	Loans Receivable	1,856,589						1,856,589
Total Nonspendable Fund Balances 4,374,924 240 4,375,164 Restricted for: Dutch Slough 559,498 559,498 Lighting and landscaping services \$7,074,938 7,074,938 Traffle impact projects \$3,709,625 81,026 Street maintenance and improvement \$1,828,455 1,283,455 NPDES projects \$1,283,455 1,283,455 Community Facilities District #1 \$1,452,975 1,452,975 Agricultural Conservation \$19,241 19,241 Childeare facilities projects \$80,005 \$80,005 Agricultural Conservation \$19,241 19,241 Childeare facilities projects \$80,005 \$80,005 Park Impact Fees \$80,005 \$80,005 Park Impact Fees \$80,005 \$80,005 Park Impact Fees \$132,500 \$132,500 Total Restricted Fund Balances \$59,498 7,074,938 3,709,625 6740,114 18,084,175 Assigned to: Termination Payments 132,500 \$82,949 \$90,	Land Held for resale	2,182,235						2,182,235
Fund Balances 4,374,924 240 4,375,164 Restricted for: Dutch Slough 559,498 S59,498 Lighting and landscaping services \$7,074,938 7,074,938 Traffic impact projects \$3,709,625 3,709,625 Fire impact projects \$1,026 81,026 Street maintenance and improvement \$1,283,455 1,283,455 NPDES projects \$1,283,455 1,283,455 Community Facilities District #1 \$1,452,975 1,452,975 Agricultural Conservation \$19,241 19,241 Childcare facilities projects \$85,030 \$85,030 Debt Service \$80,025 \$80,205 Park Impact Fees 478,290 478,290 Cypress Grove improvements 73,704 73,704 Total Restricted Fund Balances \$59,498 7,074,938 3,709,625 6,740,114 18,084,175 Assigned to: Termination Payments \$132,500 \$80,000 \$80,000 \$80,000 \$80,000 \$80,000 \$80,000 \$80,000	Advances	308,232						308,232
Dutch Slough	-							
Dutch Slough 559,498 559,498 Lighting and landscaping services \$7,074,938 7,074,938 Traffic impact projects \$3,709,625 3,709,625 Fire impact projects \$1,026 81,026 Street maintenance and improvement 2,186,188 2,186,188 NPDES projects 1,283,455 1,283,455 Community Facilities District #1 1,452,975 1,452,975 Agricultural Conservation 19,241 19,241 19,241 Childcare facilities projects 585,030 585,030 585,030 Debt Service 580,205 580,205 580,205 Park Impact Fees 478,290 478,290 Cypress Grove improvements 73,704 73,704 73,704 Total Restricted Fund Balances 559,498 7,074,938 3,709,625 6,740,114 18,084,175 Assigned to: Termination Payments 132,500 132,500 132,500 Uninsured Claims Payable 25,000 25,000 25,000 Capital Replacement 829,497	Fund Balances	4,374,924					240	4,375,164
Lighting and landscaping services \$7,074,938 7,074,938 Traffic impact projects \$3,709,625 3,709,625 Fire impact projects \$1,026 81,026 Street maintenance and improvement 2,186,188 2,186,188 NPDES projects 1,283,455 1,283,455 Community Facilities District #1 1,452,975 1,452,975 Agricultural Conservation 19,241 19,241 Childcare facilities projects 585,030 585,030 Debt Service 580,205 580,205 Park Impact Fees 580,205 580,205 Cypress Grove improvements 73,704 73,704 Total Restricted Fund Balances 559,498 7,074,938 3,709,625 6,740,114 18,084,175 Assigned to: Termination Payments 132,500 132,500 Uninsured Claims Payable 25,000 25,000 Capital Replacement 829,497 841,531 Total Assigned Fund Balances 169,534 829,497 999,031 Unassigned: (\$1,257,203)	Restricted for:							
Traffic impact projects \$3,709,625 Fire impact projects 81,026 81,026 Street maintenance and improvement 2,186,188 2,186,188 2,186,188 NPDES projects 1,283,455 1,283,455 1,283,455 1,283,455 1,283,455 1,283,455 1,283,455 1,452,975 Agricultural Conservation 10,241 19,241 18,250 580,300 580,300 580,300 580,300 580,205 580,205 580,205 580,205 580,205 580,205 73,704 73,704 73,704 73,704 73,704 73,704 73,704 73,704 73,704 73,704 73,704 80,841,75 19,804 19,804	Dutch Slough	559,498						559,498
Fire impact projects 81,026 81,026 Street maintenance and improvement 2,186,188 2,186,188 NPDES projects 1,283,455 1,283,455 Community Facilities District #1 1,452,975 1,452,975 Agricultural Conservation 19,241 19,241 Childcare facilities projects 580,030 585,030 Debt Service 580,205 580,205 Park Impact Fees 478,290 478,290 Cypress Grove improvements 73,704 73,704 73,704 Total Restricted Fund Balances 559,498 7,074,938 3,709,625 6,740,114 18,084,175 Assigned to: Termination Payments 132,500 25,000 Uninsured Claims Payable 25,000 25,000 Capital Replacement 829,497 841,531 Main Street Projects 12,034 829,497 841,531 Unassigned: (50,000 829,497 899,031 Unassigned: (50,000 7,938,168 7,938,168 Other fund deficits (Lighting and landscaping services		\$7,074,938					7,074,938
Street maintenance and improvement 2,186,188 2,186,188 NPDES projects 1,283,455 1,283,455 Community Facilities District #1 1,452,975 1,452,975 Agricultural Conservation 19,241 19,241 Childcare facilities projects 585,030 585,030 Debt Service 580,205 580,205 Park Impact Fees 478,290 478,290 Cypress Grove improvements 73,704 73,704 Total Restricted Fund Balances 559,498 7,074,938 3,709,625 6,740,114 18,084,175 Assigned to: Termination Payments 132,500 132,500 132,500 Uninsured Claims Payable 25,000 25,000 25,000 Capital Replacement 829,497 841,531 829,497 841,531 Total Assigned Fund Balances 169,534 829,497 899,031 Unassigned: (\$1,257,203) (116,954) (1,374,157) Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (1,257,203) (116,954) (6,564,011)	Traffic impact projects					\$3,709,625		3,709,625
NPDES projects 1,283,455 1,283,455 Community Facilities District #1 1,452,975 1,452,975 Agricultural Conservation 19,241 19,241 Childcare facilities projects 585,030 585,030 Debt Service 580,205 580,205 Park Impact Fees 478,290 478,290 Cypress Grove improvements 73,704 73,704 Total Restricted Fund Balances 559,498 7,074,938 3,709,625 6,740,114 18,084,175 Assigned to: Termination Payments 132,500 132,500 Uninsured Claims Payable 25,000 25,000 Capital Replacement 829,497 841,531 Main Street Projects 12,034 829,497 899,031 Unassigned: General fund 7,938,168 7,938,168 7,938,168 Other fund deficits (\$1,257,203) (116,954) (1,374,157) Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011	Fire impact projects						81,026	81,026
Community Facilities District #1 1,452,975 1,452,975 Agricultural Conservation 19,241 19,241 Childcare facilities projects 585,030 585,030 Debt Service 580,205 580,205 Park Impact Fees 478,290 478,290 Cypress Grove improvements 73,704 73,704 Total Restricted Fund Balances 559,498 7,074,938 3,709,625 6,740,114 18,084,175 Assigned to: Termination Payments 132,500 132,500 132,500 Uninsured Claims Payable 25,000 25,000 25,000 Capital Replacement Main Street Projects 12,034 829,497 841,531 Total Assigned Fund Balances 169,534 829,497 999,031 Unassigned: (\$1,257,203) (116,954) 7,938,168 Other fund deficits (\$1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011 Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011	Street maintenance and improvement						2,186,188	2,186,188
Agricultural Conservation 19,241 19,241 Childcare facilities projects 585,030 585,030 Debt Service 580,205 580,205 Park Impact Fees 478,290 478,290 Cypress Grove improvements 73,704 73,704 Total Restricted Fund Balances 559,498 7,074,938 3,709,625 6,740,114 18,084,175 Assigned to: Termination Payments 132,500 132,500 Uninsured Claims Payable 25,000 25,000 Capital Replacement 829,497 841,531 Total Assigned Fund Balances 169,534 829,497 999,031 Unassigned: 6 7,938,168 7,938,168 Other fund deficits (\$1,257,203) (116,954) (1,374,157) Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011	NPDES projects						1,283,455	1,283,455
Childcare facilities projects 585,030 585,030 Debt Service 580,205 580,205 Park Impact Fees 478,290 478,290 Cypress Grove improvements 73,704 73,704 Total Restricted Fund Balances 559,498 7,074,938 3,709,625 6,740,114 18,084,175 Assigned to: Termination Payments 132,500 132,500 Uninsured Claims Payable 25,000 25,000 Capital Replacement 829,497 841,531 Main Street Projects 12,034 829,497 999,031 Unassigned: 829,497 999,031 Unassigned: (\$1,257,203) (116,954) (1,374,157) Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (\$1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011	-						1,452,975	1,452,975
Debt Service 580,205 580,205 580,205 Park Impact Fees 478,290 478,290 478,290 273,704 73,704 </td <td>Agricultural Conservation</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>19,241</td> <td>19,241</td>	Agricultural Conservation						19,241	19,241
Park Impact Fees 478,290 478,290 Cypress Grove improvements 73,704 73,704 Total Restricted Fund Balances 559,498 7,074,938 3,709,625 6,740,114 18,084,175 Assigned to: Termination Payments 132,500 132,500 Uninsured Claims Payable 25,000 25,000 Capital Replacement Main Street Projects 12,034 829,497 841,531 Total Assigned Fund Balances 169,534 829,497 999,031 Unassigned: General fund 7,938,168 7,938,168 Other fund deficits (\$1,257,203) (116,954) (1,374,157) Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011							585,030	585,030
Cypress Grove improvements 73,704 73,704 Total Restricted Fund Balances 559,498 7,074,938 3,709,625 6,740,114 18,084,175 Assigned to: Termination Payments 132,500 132,500 Uninsured Claims Payable 25,000 25,000 Capital Replacement Main Street Projects 12,034 829,497 841,531 Total Assigned Fund Balances 169,534 829,497 999,031 Unassigned: 7,938,168 7,938,168 Other fund deficits (\$1,257,203) (116,954) (1,374,157) Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011	Debt Service						580,205	-
Total Restricted Fund Balances 559,498 7,074,938 3,709,625 6,740,114 18,084,175 Assigned to: Termination Payments 132,500 132,500 132,500 25,000 Capital Replacement Main Street Projects 12,034 829,497 841,531 Total Assigned Fund Balances 169,534 829,497 999,031 Unassigned: General fund 7,938,168 7,938,168 7,938,168 7,938,168 (116,954) (1,374,157) Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011	Park Impact Fees						478,290	478,290
Assigned to: Termination Payments 132,500 Uninsured Claims Payable 25,000 Capital Replacement Main Street Projects 12,034 829,497 841,531 Total Assigned Fund Balances 169,534 829,497 999,031 Unassigned: General fund 7,938,168 Other fund deficits (\$1,257,203) (116,954) (1,374,157) Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011	Cypress Grove improvements						73,704	73,704
Termination Payments 132,500 Uninsured Claims Payable 25,000 Capital Replacement Main Street Projects 12,034 829,497 841,531 Total Assigned Fund Balances 169,534 829,497 999,031 Unassigned: General fund 7,938,168 7,938,168 7,938,168 7,938,168 (\$1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011	Total Restricted Fund Balances	559,498	7,074,938			3,709,625	6,740,114	18,084,175
Uninsured Claims Payable 25,000 Capital Replacement 25,000 Main Street Projects 12,034 829,497 841,531 Total Assigned Fund Balances 169,534 829,497 999,031 Unassigned: General fund 7,938,168 7,938,168 Other fund deficits (\$1,257,203) (116,954) (1,374,157) Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011	Assigned to:							
Capital Replacement Main Street Projects 12,034 829,497 841,531 Total Assigned Fund Balances 169,534 829,497 999,031 Unassigned: 999,031 999,031 General fund 7,938,168 7,938,168 7,938,168 Other fund deficits (\$1,257,203) (116,954) (1,374,157) Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011	Termination Payments	132,500						132,500
Main Street Projects 12,034 829,497 841,531 Total Assigned Fund Balances 169,534 829,497 999,031 Unassigned: General fund 7,938,168 7,938,168 Other fund deficits (\$1,257,203) (116,954) (1,374,157) Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011	Uninsured Claims Payable	25,000						25,000
Total Assigned Fund Balances 169,534 829,497 999,031 Unassigned: General fund 7,938,168 7,938,168 7,938,168 (\$1,257,203) (116,954) (1,374,157) Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011	Capital Replacement							
Unassigned: General fund 7,938,168 7,938,168 Other fund deficits (\$1,257,203) (116,954) (1,374,157) Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011	Main Street Projects	12,034					829,497	841,531
General fund 7,938,168 7,938,168 Other fund deficits (\$1,257,203) (116,954) (1,374,157) Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011	Total Assigned Fund Balances	169,534	N		Return to the second se		829,497	999,031
Other fund deficits (\$1,257,203) (116,954) (1,374,157) Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011	Unassigned:							
Other fund deficits (\$1,257,203) (116,954) (1,374,157) Total Unassigned Fund Balances 7,938,168 (1,257,203) (116,954) 6,564,011	General fund	7,938,168						7,938,168
	Other fund deficits		Name and the second	Name and the same a	(\$1,257,203)		(116,954)	
Total Fund Balances \$13,042,124 \$7,074,938 (\$1,257,203) \$3,709,625 \$7,452,897 \$30,022,381	Total Unassigned Fund Balances	7,938,168			(1,257,203)		(116,954)	6,564,011
	Total Fund Balances	\$13,042,124	\$7,074,938		(\$1,257,203)	\$3,709,625	\$7,452,897	\$30,022,381

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 10 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

C. Minimum Fund Balance Policies

The City's Budget Policies require the City to strive to maintain the following fund balances:

- 1) 20% of the annual operating expenditures in the General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance for emergencies and unforeseen operating or capital needs. The primary purpose of this reserve is to protect the City's essential service programs and funding requirements during periods of economic downturn (defined as a recession lasting two or more years) or other unforeseen catastrophic costs not covered by the annually budgeted Contingency Reserve.
- 2) Budget a Contingency Reserve each year for non-recurring unanticipated expenditures or to set aside funds to cover known contingencies with unknown costs. The level of the Contingency Reserve will be established as needed but shall not be less than 2% of General Fund operating expenditures. The balance of the reserve, which is a component of the General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance was \$173,000 as of June 30, 2015.
- 3) Establish an account to accumulate funds to be used for payment of accrued employee benefits for terminated employees. The accumulated amount in the reserve will equal the projected payout of accumulated benefits requiring conversion to pay on retirement for employees then eligible for retirement so there are funds to pay out accumulated benefits requiring conversion to pay on termination. The balance of the reserve was \$132,500 as of June 30, 2015.
- Claims Reserves will be budgeted at a level which, together with purchased insurance, adequately protects the City. The City will maintain a reserve of two times its deductibles for those claims covered by the insurance pool of which the City is a member (currently the Municipal Pooling Authority of Northern California). In addition, the City will perform an annual analysis of past claims not covered by the pool, and reserve an appropriate amount to pay for uncovered claims. The balance of the reserve was \$25,000 as of June 30, 2015.
- 6) The City will establish a Street Maintenance Reserve Fund for the accumulation of funds for the long-term maintenance of the City's streets. The amounts transferred into the reserve will be used to augment the City's Gas Tax, Measure J, and other street improvement revenues in completing street maintenance and improvement projects. The reserve shall be considered fully funded when the balance and the combination of anticipated special revenues eligible for street maintenance is sufficient to pay for the next 3 years' anticipated maintenance. The City anticipates to fully fund the reserve by June 30, 2018. The balance of the reserve was \$75,000 as of June 30, 2015.
- 7) The City will establish a Vehicle and Equipment Replacement Reserve Fund for the accumulation of funds for the replacement of worn and obsolete vehicles and other capital equipment. The accumulated amount in the reserve will equal at least 50% of the accumulated depreciation on the City's books for these assets, plus any amounts necessary to ensure the City's ability to replace them when they reach the end of their useful lives. Network and Computer replacement will be gauged using a 3 year lifecycle. The balance of the reserve was \$1,343,988 as of June 30, 2015, which does not meet the targeted level. However, management believes the balance is sufficient to fund all anticipated replacements.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 10 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

- 8) The City will seek to build and maintain a Facilities Maintenance Capital Asset Reserve Fund for capital costs associated with the maintenance of all City building facilities. The reserve will be maintained at a level at least equal to projected five year facilities maintenance capital costs. Park operating funds shall budget annual capital replacement costs and use them to fund reserves for future equipment replacement and resurfacing needs. The balance of the Facilities Maintenance Capital Asset Reserve was \$198,105 as of June 30, 2015 and many of the park operating funds do not have sufficient revenues to adequately fund reserves, which does not meet the targeted level. However, management believes the balance is sufficient to fund all anticipated replacements.
- 9) The City will seek to build and maintain a Storm Drain Depreciation Reserve for costs associated with the major maintenance and capital improvement costs included in the Storm Drain (NPDES) program budget. The minimum reserve level will be 50% of the costs projected over the next five years, or \$262,500 as of June 30, 2015. The balance of the reserve which is a component of the NFDES Special Revenue Fund's Restricted Fund Balance was \$262,500 as of June 30, 2015.
- 10) The City will establish a Reserve for Qualifying Expenditures and will transfer into it from current revenues all amounts necessary to ensure compliance with Gann Limit provisions. These funds will be used solely to pay for Gann Limit excludable capital expenditures. To qualify, they must be for assets having a value greater than \$100,000 and having a useful life of at least 10 years. The City was in compliance with the Gann Limit provisions as of June 30, 2015, and therefore was not required to establish a Reserve for Qualifying Expenditures as of June 30, 2015.

D. Net Position Restatements

Management adopted the provisions of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements, which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2015.

GASB Statement No. 68 – In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The intension of this Statement is to improve the decision-usefulness of information in employer and governmental non-employer contributing entity financial reports and enhance its value for assessing accountability and inter-period equity by requiring recognition of the entire net pension liability and a more comprehensive measure of pension expense.

GASB Statement No. 71 – In 2014, GASB issued Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The intension of this Statement is to eliminate the source of a potential significant understatement of restated beginning net position and expense in the first year of implementation of Statement 68 in the accrual-basis financial statements of employers and non-employer contributing entities.

The implementation of the above Statements required the City to make prior period adjustments. As a result, the beginning net position of the Governmental Activities was reduced by \$1,176,516. See Note 11 for additional information.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions — All qualified permanent, probationary and part-time employees are eligible to participate in the City's Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plans, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

In August 2010, the City Council authorized an amendment to the contract between the City and the CalPERS in order to establish a Tier 2 retirement benefits structure. The Tier 2 changed the retirement benefit plan from 2.5%@55 to 2%@60 for new miscellaneous employees hired on or after October 18, 2010. A Tier 3 structure was established to implement the provisions of the Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), Assembly Bill 340, and is applicable to employees new to CALPERS, and hired after December 31, 2012, and not subject to grandfathering into the previously existing Tier 2 Plan. The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2015, are summarized as follows:

	Classic Tier 1	Classic Tier 2	PEPRA Tier 3
	Prior to	On or after	On or after
Hire date	October 18, 2010	October 18, 2010	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2.0% @ 60	2.0% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 63	52 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0 % to 2.5%	1.092% - 2.418%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	8%	7%	6.25%
Required employer contribution rates	18.170%	8.435%	6.25%

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

	Classic	Classic	PEPRA
	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3
Contributions - employer	\$189,460	\$64,162	\$42,991

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plans and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

As of June 30, 2015, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of each Plan as follows:

	Proportionate Share
	of Net Pension Liability
Classic Tier 1	\$1,086,857
Classic Tier 2	15,376
PEPRA Tier 3	
Total Net Pension Liability	\$1,102,233

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 rolled forward to June 30, 2014 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2013 and 2014 was as follows:

	Tier 1	Tier 2
Proportion - June 30, 2013	0.04276%	0.00064%
Proportion - June 30, 2014	0.04398%	0.00062%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00122%	-0.00002%

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of (\$40,717). At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$296,613	-
Differences between actual and expected experience	-	-
Changes in assumptions Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's	-	-
proportionate share of contributions Net differences between projected and actual earnings	-	(\$303,523)
on plan investments		(26,656)
Total	\$296,613	(\$330,179)

\$296,613 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Annual
June 30	Amortization
2016	(\$85,402)
2017	(85,402)
2018	(83,495)
2019	(75,880)
2020	-
Thereafter	_

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – For the measurement period ended June 30, 2014, the total pension liabilities were determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2013 total pension liability. The June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions for all benefit tiers:

Valuation Date June 30, 2013 Measurement Date June 30, 2014

Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.5%
Inflation 2.75%
Payroll Growth 3.0%

Projected Salary Increase 3.3% - 14.2% (1)

Investment Rate of Return 7.5% (2)

Derived using CalPERS Membership

Mortality Data for all Funds (3)

Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power applies, 2.75%

Post Retirement Benefit Increase thereafter

(1) Depending on age, service and type of employment

(2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

(3) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.50 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.50 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.50 percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65 percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. CalPERS deemed this difference immaterial to the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as they have changed our methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10(a)	Real Return Years 11+(b)
Global Equity	47.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	12.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	11.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.0%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100%		

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.
- (b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Classic	Classic
	Tier 1	Tier 2
1% Decrease	6.50%	6.50%
Net Pension Liability	\$1,807,279	\$27,394
Current Discount Rate	7.50%	7.50%
Net Pension Liability	\$1,086,857	\$15,376
1% Increase	8.50%	8.50%
Net Pension Liability	\$488,976	\$5,401

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

NOTE 12 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

City employees may also defer a portion of their compensation under City sponsored Deferred Compensation Plans. The City offers the opportunity to participate in one of two plans, one created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457, and one created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 401a. Under the 457 plan, participants are not taxed on the deferred portion of their compensation until distributed to them; under the 401a plan different rules apply and amounts contributed may be either pre-tax or after-tax depending on applicable plan rules. Under both plans, distributions may be made only at termination, retirement, death or in an emergency as defined by the Plan.

The laws governing deferred compensation plan assets require plan assets to be held by a Trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Since the assets held under these plans are not the City's property and are not subject to City control, they have been excluded from these financial statements.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Municipal Pooling Authority of Northern California (MPA)

The City is a member of the Municipal Pooling Authority of Northern California. The Authority provides coverage against various types of loss risks under the terms of a joint-powers agreement with the City and several other cities and governmental agencies. The City participates in the coverage programs as follows:

Types of Coverage (Deductible)	Coverage Limits
Liability (\$25,000)	\$29,000,000
Vehicle - Physical Damage (\$3,000 for police vehicles,	250,000
\$2,000 for all others)	
Worker's Compensation (no deductible)	Statutory Limit
Property:	
All Risk and Copper Claims (\$25,000), Water Claims (\$150,000)	1,000,000,000
Flood*	25,000,000
Pollution Liability (\$100,000)	1,000,000
Boiler and Machinery (\$5,000)	100,000,000
Cyber Liability (\$50,000)	2,000,000
Government Crime (\$10,000)	1,000,000
Employment Liability (\$50,000)	1,000,000

^{* \$100,000} minimum deductible per occurrence, except Zones A and V, which are subject to a \$250,000 deductible per occurrence

The Authority is governed by a Board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. The Board controls the operations of the Authority, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on the Board.

The City's deposits with the Authority are in accordance with formulas established by the Authority. Actual surpluses or losses are shared according to a formula developed from overall loss costs and spread to member entities on a percentage basis after a retrospective rating.

Audited financial statements for the Authority are available from MPA, 1911 San Miguel Drive, Suite 200, Walnut Creek, CA 94596.

B. Liability for Uninsured Claims

Claims and judgments, including a provision for claims incurred but not reported, are recorded when a loss is deemed probable of assertion and the amount of the loss is reasonably determinable. As discussed, above, the City has coverage for such claims, but it has retained the risk for the deductible, or uninsured portion of these claims. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The City's liability for uninsured liability claims at June 30 was estimated by management based on claims experience during the fiscal year and was computed as follows:

	June 30		
	2015	2014	
Balance at beginning of year	\$25,000	\$25,000	
Liability for current fiscal year claims			
Change in liability for prior fiscal year claims			
and claims incurred but not reported (IBNR)	64,003	16,141	
Claims paid	(22,151)	(16,141)	
Balance at end of year	\$66,852	\$25,000	

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Construction and Other Commitments

The City has the following outstanding construction commitments as of June 30, 2015 which are included in the balance of encumbrances in Note 14E:

Street Repair and Resurfacing	\$23,350
Cypress, Big Break and Rose Pavement Rehabilitation	1,316,252
Main Street Resurfacing	803,371

In addition to the commitments above, the City agreed to grant up to \$925,000 of Childcare Development Fees to a developer for the construction of a childcare facility. The City has disbursed \$350,000 to date, and as of June 30, 2015 the undisbursed amount is \$575,000.

B. Litigation

The City is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City Attorney, there is no presently filed litigation which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

C. Tax Apportionment Errors

One of the City's largest previous sales and use tax generators closed its warehouse during the recession, but failed to update its quarterly sales tax reporting. As a result, the City continued to receive sales and use tax associated with the site. Contact with the business failed to correct the problem, and so the City filed a notice with the State Board of Equalization (SBE) requesting verification, and if appropriate, an update to the SBE records and an adjustment to the City's allocations to correct prior allocation errors. During fiscal year 2014, the SBE began processing the correction as a reduction to the City's allocations pursuant to an agreement that the corrections be made over four quarters. The City estimated outstanding corrections totaled approximately \$134,877 as of June 30, 2014, which was been reported as an accrued liability in the Statement of Net Position, and included in assigned fund balance in the General Fund. The corrections were completed during fiscal year 2015 and the City does not expect any future liabilities related to the allocations.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 14 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

D. Federal and State Grant Programs

The City participates in several federal and State grant programs. These programs are subject to audit by the City's independent accountants in accordance with the provisions of the federal Single Audit Act as amended and applicable State requirements. No cost disallowances have been proposed as a result of audits completed to date; however, these programs are still subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

E. Encumbrances

Encumbrances outstanding as of June 30, 2015 by fund were as follows:

Major Governmental Fund:

\$12,034
41,858
686,502
2,076,743
\$2,817,137

NOTE 15 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES

A. REDEVELOPMENT DISSOLUTION

In an effort to balance its budget, the State of California adopted ABx1 26 on June 28, 2011, amended by AB1484 on June 27, 2012 (collectively referred to as the Dissolution Act), which suspended all new redevelopment activities except for limited specified activities as of that date and dissolved redevelopment agencies on January 31, 2012.

The suspension provisions prohibited all redevelopment agencies from a wide range of activities, including incurring new indebtedness or obligations, entering into or modifying agreements or contracts, acquiring or disposing of real property, taking actions to adopt or amend redevelopment plans and other similar actions, except actions required by law or to carry out existing enforceable obligations, as defined in ABx1 26.

In addition, the Dissolution Act directs the State Controller to review the activities of all redevelopment agencies and successor agencies to determine whether an asset transfer between an agency and any public agency occurred on or after January 1, 2011. If an asset transfer did occur and the public agency that received the asset is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of the asset, the legislation purports to require the State Controller to order the asset returned to the redevelopment agency. The State Controller's Office completed its asset transfer review, but the results of the review have not yet been provided to the Successor Agency.

Effective January 31, 2012, the Redevelopment Agency was dissolved. In accordance with the Dissolution Act, certain assets of the Redevelopment Agency Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund were distributed to a Housing Successor; and all remaining Redevelopment Agency assets and liabilities were distributed to a Successor Agency.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 15 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

Under the provisions of ABx1 26, the City was eligible to elect to become the Housing Successor and retain the housing assets and elected to do so. On February 1, 2012, the Agency's housing assets were transferred to the City's Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund. The activities of the Housing Successor are reported in the Low and Moderate Income Housing Assets Special Revenue Fund as the City has control of those assets, which may be used in accordance with the low and moderate income housing provisions of California Redevelopment Law.

The City also elected to become the Successor Agency and on February 1, 2012 the Redevelopment Agency's remaining assets were distributed to and liabilities were assumed by the Successor Agency. ABx1 26 requires the establishment of an Oversight Board to oversee the activities of the Successor Agency and one was established on April 17, 2012. The activities of the Successor Agency are subject to review and approval of the Oversight Board, which is comprised of seven members, including one member of City Council and one former Redevelopment Agency employee appointed by the Mayor.

The activities of the Successor Agency are reported in the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund as the activities are under the control of the Oversight Board and the Department of Finance. The City provides administrative services to the Successor Agency to wind down the affairs of the former Redevelopment Agency.

On January 19, 2011 the Redevelopment Agency entered into a Cooperation Agreement with the City to perform and administer the redevelopment programs and activities within the Project Area, including its low and moderate income housing programs. The Cooperation Agreement identifies thirty-seven Agency projects that cannot be completed without the assistance of the City, but those projects may be amended. In exchange for the City's agreement to accept these responsibilities and participate in these projects, as appropriate, the Agency made various findings in accordance with the Health and Safety Code within the Cooperation Agreement, including §33220, and the Agency agreed to the following provisions:

- To transfer and convey all of its existing assets to the City prior to June 30, 2011, including its rights to receive funds associated with the Agency's existing agreements with third parties as a contribution toward carrying out the obligations specified in the Agreement.
- To pay the City 3% of all property taxes it receives to the City for administration and oversight activities.
- To repay the principal and interest of the interagency advances discussed in Note 4 B above over a term of six years.

For accountability, the City had established two new funds to account for activities undertaken pursuant to this Agreement.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 15 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

The Cooperation Agreement was to terminate in fiscal year 2039, however under the provisions of Health and Safety Code Section 34171(d)(2) established by ABx1 26, agreements between the City and the Agency that were executed after December 31, 2010 are no longer enforceable obligations and Health and Safety Code Section 34167.5 requires that if the City is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those funds that they be returned to the Successor Agency. Although the City contends that the Cooperation Agreement was lawfully executed, the City agreed to comply with the requirements of the Code and the assets as of January 31, 2012 in the City Redevelopment Housing Fund were transferred to the Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund which accounts for the Housing Successor activities, and the assets and liabilities of the City Redevelopment Capital Projects Fund were transferred to the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund. As Housing Successor, the City is only required to assume the assets of the former Redevelopment Agency's housing activities, however, the State Department of Finance has indicated that the Cooperation Agreement is not an enforceable obligation of the Successor Agency and that the advance to the former Redevelopment Agency for a housing project should not be repaid by property taxes. Until the matter was resolved, the City, as housing successor, had assumed the advance liability as discussed in Note 4B.

AB1484 required the Successor Agency to complete two Due Diligence Reviews (DDR) to determine the amount of the remaining assets that should be transferred by the City to the Successor Agency or by the Successor Agency to the County for distribution to the affected taxing entities.

In August 2013, the State Department of Finance (DOF) completed its review of the DDR of the Low and Moderate Housing Fund's cash balance available for allocation to the affected taxing entities. The DDR indicated assets totaling \$1,956 were to be returned, but that amount was adjusted by the DOF to \$537,576. The Successor Agency complied with a portion the DOF's determination by transmitting a payment of \$71,556 to the County Auditor-Controller in August 2013, but the City disputed the remaining balance due of \$466,020.

In October 2013, the DOF completed its review of the DDR of all other funds of the former Redevelopment Agency. The DDR indicated there were no assets available for allocation to the affected taxing entities, but that amount was adjusted by the DOF to \$952,264. The City disputed the adjustments.

All of the DOF adjustments were for disallowed expenditures and obligations. The City filed suit against the DOF, claiming amongst other things, the transactions undertaken pursuant to the Cooperation Agreement between the City and the Redevelopment Agency prior to the elimination of AB1x27 that was originally passed as a companion bill with AB1x26, that allowed continued operations of the Redevelopment Agency subject to certain conditions that the subject expenditures and obligations were enforceable obligations of the Successor Agency, and that the DOF exceeded its authority in disallowing them. The State and the County, as an interested party in the matter, filed responses to the City's complaint.

The entire dispute between the State Department of Finance and the City and Agency regarding the Cooperation Agreement and housing-related advances was litigated, and ultimately resolved, through the settlement discussed below.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 15 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

In July 2014, the City entered into a settlement agreement with the State Department of Finance and the Contra Costa County Auditor-Controller to resolve the dispute discussed above. With the full execution of the settlement agreement, the litigation was formally dismissed on July 23, 2014. Under the terms of the settlement agreement, the City agreed to transfer \$1,450,500 to the Successor Agency that represents the value of the Development and Disposition Agreement related to the Manuel's Five Star Restaurant, Inc., less \$124,500 for administrative allowance and bond administration expenses previously withheld by the Department of Finance. With the transfer of funds, the City acquired all rights and interest in the DDA, and the associated loan receivable of \$1,200,000 from Manuel's Five Star Restaurant, Inc., including the land on which the restaurant is located.

After the transfer of funds from the City to the Successor Agency, the Successor Agency was required to remit \$1,418,284 to the County Auditor-Controller, representing the total of the amounts remaining in the Low and Moderate Housing Fund DDR (\$466,020) and the DDR of all other funds (\$952,264). The Successor Agency remitted the payments on August 14, 2014, and the Department of Finance issued the Successor Agency a Finding of Completion on August 15, 2014.

In addition, the City agreed that it will not pursue the repayment of the advance to the former Redevelopment Agency for a housing project from the Successor Agency discussed above; and will not seek payment from the Successor Agency for City administration of certain housing programs.

As a result of the settlement, the City and Successor Agency have reported the transactions as special items as follows:

		Successor
	City	Agency
Loan Receivable Transferred to the City	\$1,176,195	(\$1,176,195)
Cash Transferred from City to Successor Agency	(1,450,500)	1,450,500
Land Transferred to the City	636,487	(636,487)
Net Transactions	\$362,182	(\$362,182)

Cash and investments of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2015 includes the following:

Total Cash and Investments	\$3,876,949
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	2,012,751
Cash held for September 2, 2015 debt service payment	1,675,574
Cash available for operations	\$188,624
Cash available for operations:	

Details regarding cash and investments are discussed in Note 3. Information presented in the following footnotes represents other assets and liabilities of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2015.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 15 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

B. LOANS RECEIVABLE

The Successor Agency assumed the non-housing loans receivable of the Redevelopment Agency as of February 1, 2012. The Redevelopment Agency engaged in programs designed to encourage construction of or improvement to low-to-moderate income housing. Under these programs, grants or loans were provided under favorable terms to homeowners or developers who agreed to expend these funds in accordance with the Agency's terms. The balance of the portion of the Oakley Senior Housing loan assumed by the Successor Agency as discussed in Note 5D above, including accrued interest was \$627,415 as of June 30, 2015.

Manuel's Five Star Restaurant, Inc.

Under the terms of its Cooperation Agreement with the Redevelopment Agency and following existing law at the time, on August 9, 2011 the City entered into an agreement with Manuel's Five Star Restaurant, Inc., to provide loans of Agency funds to develop a restaurant and associated improvements. The loans consist of a construction loan of up to \$1,200,000 to construct the restaurant and an enhancement loan of up to \$600,000 to enhance the exterior of the restaurant building and on-site amenities. The construction loan bears interest of 5% on outstanding principal and unpaid interest beginning three months after the start of operations of the restaurant, is secured by a first deed of trust, and is payable in monthly installments also beginning after the start of operations of the restaurant. The construction loan becomes due upon sale of the property. The enhancement loan does not bear interest and will be forgiven if the borrower operates the restaurant for ten consecutive years. The borrower had drawn down \$39,800 of the loans as of January 31, 2012. With the dissolution of the Agency effective February 1, 2012, the outstanding loan as of that date in the amount of \$39,800 was assumed by the Successor Agency.

The State Department of Finance determined that the loans are not enforceable obligations of the Successor Agency, and the Department and the Agency representatives have gone through a meet and confer process in an attempt to resolve their differences. Notwithstanding this effort, the Department continued to deny the loans, relying on legislation later validated by the State Supreme Court ending redevelopment that included, amongst other things, language that retroactively invalidates virtually all agreements between agencies and their sponsoring entities. The Department contended that as a result of this provision, the loans are a City obligation and not an obligation of the Successor Agency. They did, however, provide that because the enhancement loan was funded with proceeds of Redevelopment Agency bonds, then once the Agency obtains a "Finding of Completion" by complying with provisions of a new law passed in June 2012, the enhancement loan would be allowed.

This dispute between the State Department of Finance and the City and Agency regarding the Cooperation Agreement was litigated, and ultimately resolved through the settlement discussed in Note 15A. As discussed in Note 15A the settlement agreement was executed between the City and Department of Finance and the Contra Costa County Auditor-Controller allowed the City to acquire all rights and interest in the DDA and the associated loan receivable of \$1,200,000 from Manuel's Five Star Restaurant. The balance of the loan at the date of the transfer to the City was \$1,176,195.

The borrower had drawn down \$599,304 of the enhancement loan, which was the balance outstanding as of June 30, 2015.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 15 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

C. LAND HELD FOR REDEVELOPMENT

The Successor Agency assumed the land held for redevelopment of the Redevelopment Agency as of February 1, 2012. The Redevelopment Agency had purchased parcels of land as part of its efforts to develop or redevelop blighted properties within the Project Area. Such land parcels are accounted for at the lower of cost or net realizable value or agreed-upon sales price if a disposition agreement has been made with a developer.

During fiscal year 2015, the Successor Agency sold one parcel with a net book value of \$591,245 to a developer.

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

The Successor Agency assumed the capital assets of the Redevelopment Agency as of February 1, 2012.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed.

All capital assets with limited useful lives are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets.

Depreciation is provided using the half-year convention method which is like the straight-line method in that the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years, but the asset is depreciated over 6 months instead over one year in its first year. The result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The capitalization threshold for equipment with a cost of \$5,000 or more and a useful life of more than two years, and for all buildings, improvements and infrastructure with a cost of \$50,000 or more and a useful life of more than two years. The Successor Agency has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

	Useful lives
Buildings	40 years
Improvements	5-15 years
Machinery and Equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5 years
Roadways:	
Streets (includes pavement, sidewalk,	
curb & gutters, trees & signs)	10-40 years
Traffic Signals	25 years
Parks and Recreation:	
General Improvements	25 years
Specialty Features	10 years

NOTE 15 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

Capital assets recorded at June 30 comprise:

	Balance June 30, 2014	Additions	Transfers	Transfer to the City	Balance June 30, 2015
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$4,331,395			(\$636,487)	\$3,694,908
Construction in Progress	576,411	\$679,953	(\$1,256,364)		
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,907,806	679,953	(1,256,364)	(636,487)	3,694,908
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	5,916,790				5,916,790
Machinery and equipment	65,957				65,957
Roadways:					
Pavement	11,337,476		1,256,364		12,593,840
Traffic Signals	400,859				400,859
Street Trees	25,000				25,000
Parks and Recreation	818,890				818,890
Total capital assets being depreciated	18,564,972		1,256,364		19,821,336
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(992,565)	(213,680)			(1,206,245)
Machinery and equipment	(65,957)				(65,957)
Roadways:					
Pavement	(800,342)	(318,615)			(1,118,957)
Traffic Signals	(111,186)	(16,034)			(127,220)
Street Trees	(313)	(625)			(938)
Parks and Recreation	(181,674)	(40,945)			(222,619)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,152,037)	(589,899)			(2,741,936)
Net capital assets being depreciated	16,412,935	(589,899)	1,256,364		17,079,400
Capital assets, net	\$21,320,741	\$90,054		(\$636,487)	\$20,774,308

As discussed in Note 15A, pursuant to the terms of the settlement agreement, the Successor Agency transferred a land parcel with a book value of \$636,487 to the City.

Included in the remaining balances above are certain assets that are designated for public purposes and the City anticipates that the assets will ultimately be conveyed to the City.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 15 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

E. LONG-TERM DEBT

The Successor Agency assumed the long-term debt of the Redevelopment Agency as of February 1, 2012.

1. Current Year Transaction and Balances

All of the long-term debt of the Successor Agency is comprised of Tax Allocation Bonds issued by the Redevelopment Agency. The Bonds are special obligations of the Agency and are secured only by the Agency's tax increment revenues. Tax Allocation Bond transactions were as follows:

	Original Issue Amount	Balance June 30, 2014	Additions	Retirements	Refunding	Balance June 30, 2015	Current Portion
2003 Tax Allocation Bonds 3.97-6.32%, due 9/01/2028	\$8,500,000	\$6,425,000		(\$275,000)	(\$6,150,000)		
2008 Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds 4.00-5.00%, due 9/1/2038	25,095,000	24,435,000		(385,000)		\$24,050,000	\$425,000
2015A Tax Allocation Bonds 3.375-5.00%, due 9/01/2028	2,595,000		\$2,595,000			2,595,000	
2015B Tax Allocation Bonds 2.00-3.75%, due 9/01/2024	3,115,000		3,115,000			3,115,000	
Total		\$30,860,000	\$5,710,000	(\$660,000)	(\$6,150,000)	\$29,760,000	\$425,000

2. Redevelopment Agency 2003 Tax Allocation Bonds and 2008 Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds

On December 4, 2003, the Agency issued Tax Allocation Bonds to refund and defease outstanding 1999 Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds issued by the County prior to the transfer of the Oakley Project to the Oakley Redevelopment Agency when formed in 2001, and to provide financing for various redevelopment projects. The Bonds are secured by the Agency's tax increment revenue. Principal is payable annually and the interest is payable semi-annually through 2029. A portion of the proceeds from the 2003 Bonds was placed in an irrevocable trust to provide all the future debt service payments of the defeased 1999 Bonds, and the 1999 Bonds were called in August 2009.

On May 10, 2008, the Agency issued Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2008A, to provide financing for various redevelopment projects. The bonds are secured by the Agency's tax increment, however, the 2008A Bonds were subordinated to the 2003 Bonds. The 2008 Bonds are on parity with the 2015 Bonds discussed below. Principal is payable annually and the interest is payable semi-annually through 2039.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 15 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

3. Redevelopment Agency 2015 Tax Allocation Bonds

On May 6, 2015, the Agency issued \$2,595,000 in 2015 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A, and \$3,115,000 in 2015 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series B. The proceeds of these bonds, secured by property tax revenues in the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund, were used to refund and defease the outstanding 2003 Tax Allocation Bonds. The refunding reduces the total debt service payments over 14 years by \$1,609,455 and results in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$862,272. The 2003 Bonds were called on June 19, 2015.

The 2015A Bonds are secured by the Successor Agency's property tax revenues in the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund. Annual principal payments on the 2015A Bonds are due September 2, and semi-annual interest payments are due March 1 and September 1, through 2028.

4. Pledge of Tax Revenues

As discussed above, the Agency had pledged all future tax increment revenues, less amounts required to be set aside in the Redevelopment Agency Low and Moderate Income Housing Capital Projects Fund and certain tax increment pass through payments, for the repayment of both the 2003 and 2008A Tax Allocation Bonds (non-housing revenues). The Agency had also pledged tax increment revenues required to be set aside in the Redevelopment Agency Low and Moderate Income Housing Capital Projects Fund (housing revenue) for the repayment of a portion of the 2003 Tax Allocation Bonds. With the issuance of the 2015 Bonds, the tax increment revenue is pledged on parity with the 2008 and 2015 Bonds. The pledge of all future tax increment revenues ends upon repayment of the \$49,702,051 remaining debt service on the 2008 and 2015 Bonds above, which is scheduled to occur in 2040.

With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency discussed above, Tax Increment is no longer distributed, and instead the Successor Agency receives payments from the County's Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) that are to be used to fund debt service on the Bonds, with no distinction between housing and non-housing revenues. Beginning in fiscal year 2012, under the provisions of the laws dissolving the Redevelopment Agency, the Successor Agency only receives the funds necessary to fulfill its approved obligations. Total property taxes available for distribution to the Successor Agency and other taxing entities for fiscal year 2015 calculated by the County Auditor-Controller was \$3,253,881 and the total received by the Successor Agency for fiscal year 2015 debt service was \$2,525,004, which represented of 114% of the \$2,215,802 of debt service.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 15 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY DISSOLUTION AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

5. Debt Service Requirements

Annual debt service requirements for the Bonds are shown below:

Principal	Interest
\$425,000	\$1,310,054
465,000	1,337,150
510,000	1,317,650
800,000	1,293,622
1,040,000	1,261,807
5,700,000	5,686,635
6,625,000	4,312,011
7,115,000	2,693,875
7,080,000	729,247
\$29,760,000	\$19,942,051
	\$425,000 465,000 510,000 800,000 1,040,000 5,700,000 6,625,000 7,115,000 7,080,000

F. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

1. State Approval of Enforceable Obligations

The Successor Agency prepares a Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) semi-annually that contains all proposed expenditures for the subsequent six-month period. The ROPS is subject to the review and approval of the Oversight Board as well as the State Department of Finance. Although the State Department of Finance may not question items included on the ROPS in one period, they may question the same items in a future period and disallow associated activities. The amount, if any, of current obligations that may be denied by the State Department of Finance in the future cannot be determined at this time.

2. State Asset Transfer Review

The activities of the former Redevelopment Agency and the Successor Agency were also subject to further examination by the State of California. The State Controller's Office conducted a review of the propriety of asset transfers between the former Redevelopment Agency or the Successor Agency and any public agency that occurred on or after January 1, 2011. The results of that review were issued in July 2015 and although the review did identify ineligible transfers of assets from the former Redevelopment Agency to the City, the report reflected the current year and prior year transfers discussed in Note 15A and made no further demands for the return of assets to the Successor Agency.

NOTE 16 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

A. Municipal Police Department

In April 2015, the City Council voted to notify Contra Costa County of the City's intent to form its own Municipal Police Department and elect to not extend its contract with the County to provide such services effective June 30, 2016. Subsequent to that notification, the City and the County agreed to a transition date of May 6, 2016. In addition, effective August 12, 2015 the City established a Safety Plan, a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, to be administered by CalPERS that provides benefits for safety employees hired after January 1, 2013 using the 2.7% @ 57 benefit formula.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Miscellaneous Plan, a Cost Sharing-Employer Defined Pension Plan As of fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 Last 10 Years*

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Miscellaneous Plan - Classic Tier 1

Measurement Date	6/30/2014
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.01747%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$1,086,857
Plan's Covered-Employee Payroll (A)	\$1,102,488
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	98.58%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	79.99%

Notes to Schedule:

- (A) Covered-Employee Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer. However, GASB 68 defines covered-employee payroll as the total payroll of employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. Accordingly, if pensionable earnings are different than total earnings for covered-employees, the employer should display in the disclosure footnotes the payroll based on total earnings for the covered group and recalculate the required payroll-related ratios.
- * Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Miscellaneous Plan, a Cost Sharing-Employer Defined Pension Plan
As of fiscal year ending June 30, 2015

Last 10 Years*

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Miscellaneous Plan - Classic Tier 2

Measurement Date	6/30/2014
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.00025%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$15,376
Plan's Covered-Employee Payroll (A)	\$562,462
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	2.73%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	83.03%

Notes to Schedule:

- (A) Covered-Employee Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer. However, GASB 68 defines covered-employee payroll as the total payroll of employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. Accordingly, if pensionable earnings are different than total earnings for covered-employees, the employer should display in the disclosure footnotes the payroll based on total earnings for the covered group and recalculate the required payroll-related ratios.
- * Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.

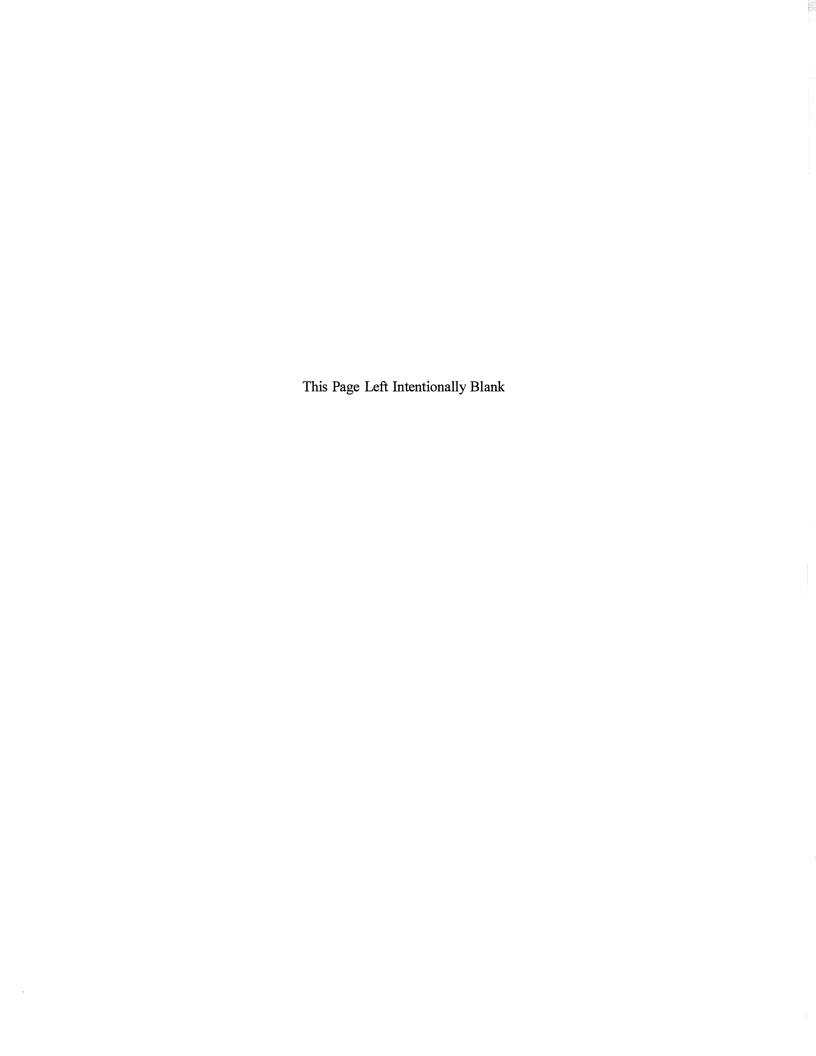
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Miscellaneous Plan, a Cost Sharing-Employer Defined Pension Plan As of fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 Last 10 Years*

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	2015
	Classic Tier 1
Actuarially determined contribution	\$189,460
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	189,460
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$0</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$1,046,321
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	18.11%
	Classic Tier 2
Actuarially determined contribution	\$64,162
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	64,162
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0
Covered-employee payroll	\$760,654
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	8.44%
	PEPRA Tier 3
Actuarially determined contribution	\$42,991
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	42,991
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$0</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$687,864
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	6.25%

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.



SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, OTHER THAN GENERAL FUND AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

TRAFFIC IMPACT FEES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

This fund accounts for fees assessed on new development to provide street and road improvements.

CITY OF OAKLEY MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS OTHER THAN THE GENERAL FUND AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

4	TRAFFIC IMPACT FEES						
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES							
Developer fees	\$1,096,125	\$1,320,389	\$224,264				
Use of money and property	4,000	654	(3,346)				
Total Revenues	1,100,125	1,321,043	220,918				
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Public Works	44,612	7,210	37,402				
Capital outlay	5,410,346	2,643,953	2,766,393				
Total Expenditures	5,454,958	2,651,163	2,803,795				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(\$4,354,833)	(1,330,120)	\$3,024,713				
Fund balance at beginning of year	-	5,039,745					
Fund balance at end of year	=	\$3,709,625					

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

GAS TAX

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures received from the State of California under Street and Highways Code Sections 2105, 2106, 2107 and 2107.5. The allocations must be spent for street maintenance and construction.

NPDES

This fund accounts for storm water utility fees assessed on properties city-wide and used to pay for the "National Pollution Discharge Elimination System" to prevent further polluting of our streams and bays as mandated by the Federal government.

DEVELOPER DEPOSITS

This fund accounts for deposits received from contractors and property owners to offset the cost of providing certain Community Development services including processing applications and reviewing grading plans of applicant projects.

YOUTH DEVELOPMENT

This fund accounts for youth development grant programs.

COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT #1

This fund accounts for maintenance and operations related to drainage and flood control at the Cypress Grove development.

OAKLEY WELCOMING

This fund accounts for the activities associated with the grant-funded Oakley Welcoming program under the You Me We Oakley! brand.

AG CONSERVATION

This fund accounts for the activities associated with establishing and carrying out the City's agricultural conservation program.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

MEASURE J

This fund accounts for the City's portion of the half-cent County-wide sales tax levied to fund transportation improvements to local streets.

PARK IMPACT FEES

This fund accounts for fees assessed on new development to provide for park acquisition and development.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

CHILDCARE IMPACT FEES

This fund accounts for fees assessed on new developments to provide for childcare facilities.

PUBLIC FACILITIES IMPACT FEE

This fund accounts for fees assessed on new development to provide for public facilities.

MAIN STREET

This fund accounts for Main Street related projects funded by the General Fund.

GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECTS

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to General Fund contributions, grants and other funding sources for capital projects not accounted for in other capital projects funds. It accounts for the total expenditures for each project charged to this fund.

FIRE IMPACT FEES

This fund accounts for fees assessed on new developments to provide for fire protection capital facilities.

CYPRESS GROVE CAPITAL PROJECT

This fund accounts for funds from the 2004-1 Limited Obligation Bonds used to purchase infrastructure assets built by developers in the 2004-1 Assessment District area.

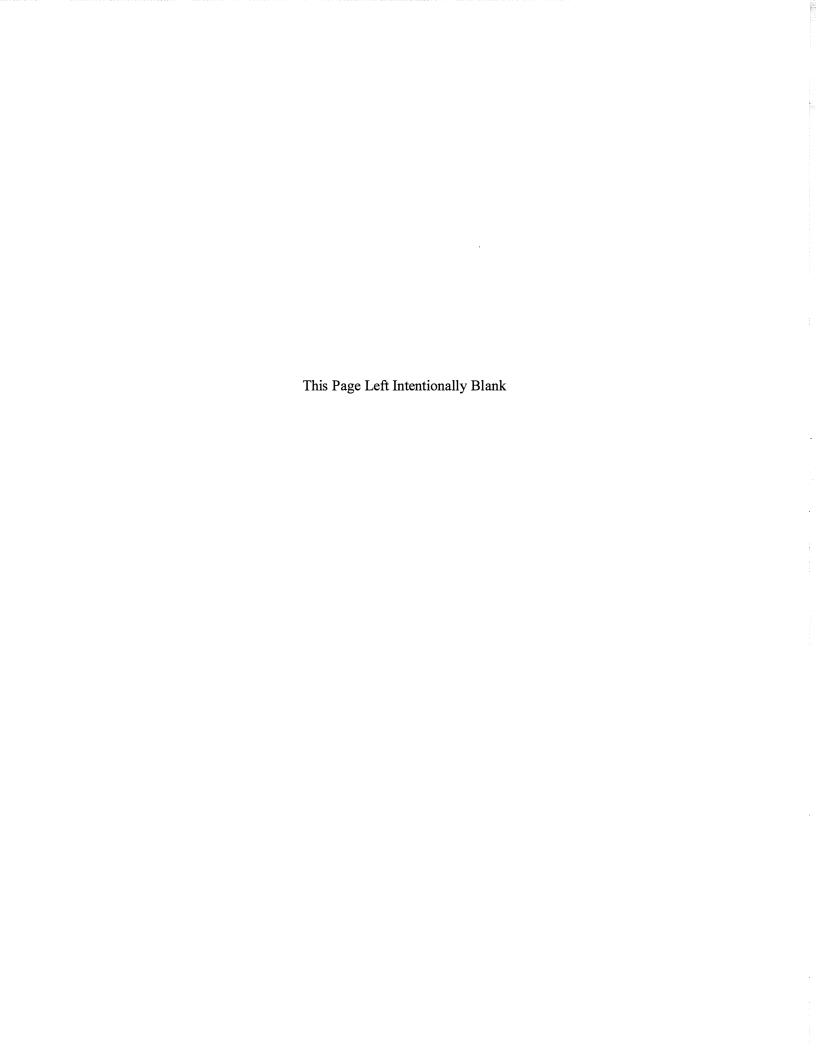
STREET MAINTENANCE RESERVE

This fund was established to account for the accumulation of funds for the long-term maintenance of the City's streets. The amounts transferred into the reserve will be used to augment the City's Gas Tax, Measure J, and other street improvement revenues in completing street maintenance and improvement projects. The reserve shall be considered fully funded when the balance and the combination of anticipated special revenues eligible for street maintenance is sufficient to pay for the next 3 years' anticipated maintenance, which is anticipated to occur by June 30, 2018.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

2006 CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION

This fund accounts for principal and interest payments on the City's 2006 Certificates of Participation.



CITY OF OAKLEY NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2015

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Developer Youth Gas Tax **NPDES** Deposits Development **ASSETS** \$1,056,900 Cash and investments available for operations \$1,319,569 \$1,149,902 \$71,329 Cash with fiscal agent Accounts receivable, net 105,229 542 709 37 Interest receivable Prepaids and deposits Advances to other funds \$1,320,278 **Total Assets** LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$57,396 \$36,823 \$37,814 Accrued liabilities Deposits payable 1,217,317 Unearned revenue \$71,366 Advances from other funds Total Liabilities 57,396 36,823 1,255,131 71,366 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue - interest on advances to other funds Total Deferred Inflows of Resources **FUND BALANCES** Nonspendable 1,000,046 Restricted 1,283,455 Assigned Unassigned

1,000,046

\$1,057,442

1,283,455

\$1,320,278

\$1,255,131

\$71,366

Total Fund Balance

and Fund Balances

Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS			CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS					
Community Facilities District #1	Oakley Welcoming	Ag Conservation	Measure J	Park Impact Fees	Childcare Impact Fees	Public Facilities Impact Fee		
\$1,462,406	\$73,521	\$19,233	\$664,126	\$75,514	\$584,705	\$490		
829	34 240	8	261	33 475,593	325	(114) 152,228		
\$1,463,235	\$73,795	\$19,241	\$664,387	\$551,140	\$585,030	\$152,604		
\$10,260	\$328 1,130		\$55,672					
	72,337					\$246,000		
10,260	73,795		55,672			246,000		
				\$72,850		23,318		
				72,850		23,318		
1,452,975	240 (240)	\$19,241	608,715	478,290	\$585,030	(116,714)		
1,452,975		19,241	608,715	478,290	585,030	(116,714)		
\$1,463,235	\$73,795	\$19,241	\$664,387	\$551,140	\$585,030	\$152,604		

(Continued)

CITY OF OAKLEY NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2015

	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS					
	Main Street	General Capital Projects	Fire Impact Fees	Cypress Grove Capital Project		
ASSETS						
Cash and investments available for operations Cash with fiscal agent Accounts receivable, net	\$298,855	\$1,342,570	\$80,981	\$21 73,704		
Interest receivable Prepaids and deposits Advances to other funds		477	45	(21)		
Total Assets	\$298,855	\$1,343,047	\$81,026	\$73,704		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		\$252,412				
Deposits payable Unearned revenue Advances from other funds		57,566				
Total Liabilities		309,978				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - interest on advances to other funds						
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources						
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	\$298,855	577,427 455,642	\$81,026	\$73,704		
Total Fund Balance	298,855	1,033,069	81,026	73,704		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$298,855	\$1,343,047	\$81,026	\$73,704		

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS	DEBT SERVICE FUND	
Street Maintenance Reserve	2006 Certificates of Participation	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$75,000	\$5,321 574,765 119	\$8,280,443 648,469 105,229 3,284 240 627,821
\$75,000	\$580,205	\$9,665,486
		\$450,705 1,130 1,217,317 201,269 246,000 2,116,421 96,168
\$75,000	\$580,205	240 6,740,114 829,497 (116,954)
75,000	580,205	7,452,897
\$75,000	\$580,205	\$9,665,486

CITY OF OAKLEY NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Gas Tax	NPDES	Developer Deposits	Youth Development
REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental:		\$498,378		
Other Developer fees Special assessments	\$1,080,339		\$458,870	
Use of money and property Miscellaneous	1,818	2,205 180		\$147 19,480
Total Revenues	1,082,157	500,763	458,870	19,627
EXPENDITURES Current: Community Development Public Works	470,169	426,238	458,870	
Recreation Capital outlay Debt Service: Principal	341,881	25,000		19,627
Interest and fiscal charges	**************************************			•
Total Expenditures	812,050	451,238	458,870	19,627
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	270,107	49,525		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	(50.046)			
Transfers (out)	(70,946)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(70,946)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	199,161	49,525		
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	800,885	1,233,930		
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$1,000,046	\$1,283,455		

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS Community Park Childcare Public Facilities Oakley Ag Impact Impact Facilities Impact District #1 Welcoming Conservation Measure J Fees Fees Fee \$508,272 \$480,397 \$294,261 \$16 \$150 3,054 1,203 \$86 \$1,228 (560)69,293 297,315 69,443 16 509,475 86 1,228 479,837 15,537 144,498 91,980 2,177 69,443 49,615 724,008 8,010 386 69,443 194,113 815,988 2,177 8,010 15,923 (306,513) (2,091)103,202 16 (6,782)463,914 17,500 (150,000)(86)(571,635)(150,000)17,500 (86) (571,635) (46,798)17,516 (306,513)(2,177)(6,782)(107,721)1,499,773 1,725 915,228 480,467 591,812 (8,993) \$19,241 \$608,715 \$478,290 \$585,030 (\$116,714) \$1,452,975

(Continued)

CITY OF OAKLEY NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS					
	Main Street	General Capital Projects	Fire Impact Fees	Cypress Grove Capital Project		
REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental: Other Developer fees		\$405,841				
Special assessments Use of money and property Miscellaneous		908	\$168	\$73,704		
Total Revenues		406,749	168	73,704		
EXPENDITURES Current: Community Development Public Works Recreation Capital outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	\$3,145 466,457	1,021,209	883			
Total Expenditures	469,602	1,021,209	883			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(469,602)	(614,460)	(715)	73,704		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	100,000	1,240,000 (1,766)		***************************************		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	100,000	1,238,234				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(369,602)	623,774	(715)	73,704		
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	668,457	409,295	81,741			
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$298,855	\$1,033,069	\$81,026	\$73,704		

CAPITAL **PROJECTS** DEBT SERVICE **FUNDS** FUND Total 2006 Street Nonmajor Certificates of Maintenance Governmental Participation Funds Reserve \$498,378 1,994,452 939,267 294,261 \$570 10,993 162,657 570 3,900,008 475,290 1,138,207 89,070 2,636,180 265,000 265,000 301,778 302,164 566,778 4,905,911 (566,208) (1,005,903) \$75,000 571,635 2,004,135 (794,433) 75,000 571,635 1,209,702 75,000 5,427 203,799 574,778 7,249,098

\$580,205

\$7,452,897

\$75,000

CITY OF OAKLEY NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

		GAS TAX			N.P.D.E.S.	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Property taxes				\$460,000	\$498,378	\$38,378
Intergovernmental:						
Other Developer fees	\$1,195,556	\$1,080,339	(\$115,217)			
Special assessments						
Use of money and property Miscellaneous	500	1,818	1,318	1,000	2,205 180	1,205 180
Total Revenues	1,196,056	1,082,157	(113,899)	461,000	500,763	39,763
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Community Development	520.150	470.160	60.000	507.570	426 229	171 222
Public Works Recreation	539,159	470,169	68,990	597,570	426,238	171,332
Capital Outlay	1,087,717	341,881	745,836	55,000	25,000	30,000
Debt Service:						
Principal						
Interest and fiscal charges		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Total Expenditures	1,626,876	812,050	814,826	652,570	451,238	201,332
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	(430,820)	270,107	700,927	(191,570)	49,525	241,095
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in						
Transfers (out)	(158,214)	(70,946)	87,268			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(158,214)	(70,946)	87,268			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(\$589,034)	199,161	\$788,195	(\$191,570)	49,525	\$241,095
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year		800,885			1,233,930	
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year		\$1,000,046			\$1,283,455	

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	I Y FACILITIES I	COMMUNITY FACILITIE		TH DEVELOPME	1001	DEVELOPER DEPOSITS		
Variance Positive (Negative	Actual	Budget	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	Budget	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	Budget
\$6,20 2,0:	\$294,261 3,054	\$288,000 1,000	\$97	\$147	\$50	(\$3)	\$458,870	\$458,873
	207.215	200,000	(1,020)	19,480	20,500	(2)	450.070	450.073
8,3	297,315	289,000	(923)	19,627	20,550	(3)	458,870	458,873
122,8: 350,3	144,498 49,615	267,350 400,000	923	19,627	20,550	3	458,870	458,873
473,2	194,113	667,350	923	19,627	20,550	3	458,870	458,873
481,53	103,202	(378,350)						
	(150,000)	(150,000)						
	(150,000)	(150,000)						
\$481,5	(46,798)	(\$528,350)		:				
	1,499,773				-			
	\$1,452,975				_			_

(Continued)

CITY OF OAKLEY NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	OAKLEY WELCOMING			AG CONSERVATION		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental: Other Developer fees						
Special assessments Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$79,550	\$150 69,293	\$150 (10,257)		\$16	\$16
Total Revenues	79,550	69,443	(10,107)		16	16_
EXPENDITURES Current: Community Development Public Works Recreation Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	79,550	69,443	10,107	\$17,500		17,500
Total Expenditures	79,550	69,443	10,107	17,500		17,500
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES				(17,500)	16	17,516
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)				17,500	17,500	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				17,500	17,500	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES					17,516	\$17,516
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year					1,725	
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year				:	\$19,241	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

	MEASURE J		PA	RK IMPACT FE	ES	CHILD	CARE IMPACT	FEES
Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
\$512,433	\$508,272	(\$4,161)						
1,000	1,203	203	\$86	\$86			\$1,228	\$1,228
513,433	509,475	(3,958)	86	86			1,228	1,228
89,257 1,152,329	91,980 724,008	(2,723) 428,321	2,177 19	2,177	\$19	\$575,000 16,811	8,010	575,000 8,801
1,241,586	815,988	425,598	2,196	2,177	19	591,811	8,010	583,801
(728,153)	(306,513)	421,640	(2,110)	(2,091)	19	(591,811)	(6,782)	585,029
			(86)	(86)				
(\$728,153)	(306,513)	\$421,640	(\$2,196)	(2,177)	\$19	(\$591,811)	(6,782)	\$585,029
	915,228			480,467			591,812	
	\$608,715			\$478,290		:	\$585,030	

(Continued)

CITY OF OAKLEY NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

	PUBLIC F	ACILITIES IMPA	ACT FEE	MAIN STREET			
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental: Other							
Developer fees	\$307,799	\$480,397	\$172,598				
Special assessments Use of money and property Miscellaneous	(100)	(560)	(460)				
Total Revenues	307,699	479,837	172,138				
EXPENDITURES Current: Community Development Public Works Recreation	16,412	15,537	875	\$2,000 766,457	\$3,145 466,457	(\$1,145) 300,000	
Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	387	386	1_	/60,43/	466,437	300,000	
Total Expenditures	16,799	15,923	876	768,457	469,602	298,855	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	290,900	463,914	173,014	(768,457)	(469,602)	298,855	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	(571,635)	(571,635)		100,000	100,000		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(571,635)	(571,635)		100,000	100,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(\$280,735)	(107,721)	\$173,014	(\$668,457)	(369,602)	\$298,855	
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year		(8,993)			668,457		
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year		(\$116,714)		:	\$298,855		

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

GENER	AL CAPITAL PR	OJECTS	F	FIRE IMPACT FEE			CYPRESS GROVE CAPITAL PROJECT			
Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
\$1,434,000	\$405,841	(\$1,028,159)								
1,766 841	908	(858) (841)	\$50	\$168	\$118	\$73,704	\$73,704			
1,436,607	406,749	(1,029,858)	50	168	118_	73,704	73,704			
			2,000	883	1,117					
3,085,906	1,021,209	2,064,697								
3,085,906	1,021,209	2,064,697	2,000	883	1,117		-			
(1,649,299)	(614,460)	1,034,839	(1,950)	(715)	1,235	73,704	73,704			
1,240,000	1,240,000 (1,766)	(1,766)								
1,240,000	1,238,234	(1,766)								
(\$409,299)	623,774	\$1,033,073	(\$1,950)	(715)	\$1,235	\$73,704	73,704			
	409,295			81,741						
	\$1,033,069	-		\$81,026		:	\$73,704			

(Continued)

CITY OF OAKLEY NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	CAPI	TAL PROJECTS	FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND 2006 CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION			
	STREET M	IAINTENANCE					
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental: Other Developer fees							
Special assessments Use of money and property Miscellaneous					\$570	\$570	
Total Revenues					570	570	
EXPENDITURES Current: Community Development Public Works Recreation Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal				\$265,000	265,000		
Interest and fiscal charges				306,635	301,778	4,857	
Total Expenditures				571,635	566,778	4,857	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES				(571,635)	(566,208)	5,427	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	\$75,000	\$75,000		571,635	571,635		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	75,000	75,000		571,635	571,635		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$75,000	75,000			5,427	\$5,427	
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year				-	574,778		
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year		\$75,000			\$580,205		

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to finance and account for special activities and services performed by a designated department for other departments in the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

The concept of major funds does not extend to internal service funds because they do not do business with outside parties. For the Statement of Activities, the net revenues or expenses of each internal service fund be eliminated by netting them against the operations of the other City departments which generated them. The remaining balance sheet items are consolidated with these same funds in the Statement of Net Position.

However, internal service funds are still presented separately in the Fund financial statements, including the funds below.

EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT

This fund is used to finance and account for the replacement of equipment used by City departments.

CAPITAL FACILITIES MAINTENANCE AND REPLACEMENT

This fund is used to account for the maintenance and replacement of the City's capital facilities used by City departments.

CITY OF OAKLEY INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	Equipment Replacement	Capital Facilities Maintenance and Replacement	Total
ASSETS			
Current: Cash and investments available for operations Receivables:	\$1,343,786	\$197,997	\$1,541,783
Interest	744	108	852
Total Current Assets	1,344,530	198,105	1,542,635
Noncurrent: Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	556,202	6,672,792	7,228,994
Total Assets	1,900,732	6,870,897	8,771,629
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	542		542
Total Assets	542		542
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	556,202 1,343,988	6,672,792 198,105	7,228,994 1,542,093
Total Net Position	\$1,900,190	\$6,870,897	\$8,771,087

CITY OF OAKLEY INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

·	Equipment Replacement	Capital Facilities Maintenance and Replacement	Total
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$50,000		\$50,000
Total Operating Revenues	50,000		50,000
OPERATING EXPENSES Supplies Depreciation	18,139 251,932	\$29,499 240,478	47,638 492,410
Total Operating Expenses	270,071	269,977	540,048
Operating Income (Loss)	(220,071)	(269,977)	(490,048)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income Gain from disposition of property	2,587 3,855	447	3,034 3,855
Total Nonoperating Revenues	6,442	447_	6,889
Income (Loss) Before Contributions	(213,629)	(269,530)	(483,159)
Contributions	34,467		34,467
Change in net position	(179,162)	(269,530)	(448,692)
BEGINNING NET POSITION	2,079,352	7,140,427	9,219,779
ENDING NET POSITION	\$1,900,190	\$6,870,897	\$8,771,087

CITY OF OAKLEY INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Equipment Replacement	Capital Facilities Maintenance and Replacement	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$50,000 (41,237)	(\$31,699)	\$50,000 (72,936)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	8,763	(31,699)	(22,936)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(00.410)	(6.2.60)	(0.5.50=)
Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(90,419)	(6,268)	(96,687) 3,855
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	(86,564)	(6,268)	(92,832)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest	2,464	449	2,913
Net Cash Flows	(75,337)	(37,518)	(112,855)
Cash and investments at beginning of period	1,419,123	235,515	1,654,638
Cash and investments at end of period	\$1,343,786	\$197,997	\$1,541,783
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS Contribution of capital assets	\$34,467		\$34,467
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash flows	(\$220,071)	(\$269,977)	(\$490,048)
from operating activities: Depreciation	251,932	240,478	492,410
Net change in liabilities: Accounts payable	(23,098)	(2,200)	(25,298)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$8,763	(\$31,699)	(\$22,936)

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, governmental entities and non-public organizations.

ASSESSMENT DISTRICT 2004-1

This fund accounts for Assessment District 2004-1 special assessment collections and debt service payments.

REGIONAL MITIGATION FEES

This fund accounts for fees established by the County to fund future County capital facilities from development. The fees are collected via building permits and submitted to the County.

ASSESSMENT DISTRICT 2006-1

This fund accounts for Assessment District 2006-1 special assessment collections and debt service payments.

CITY OF OAKLEY AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Assessment District 2004-1 Assets Cash and investments \$1,040,151 \$1,214,069 \$1,168,149 \$1,086,071 Cash and investments \$1,266,121 476 6,536 1,259,585 Interest receivable \$2,306,643 \$1,214,545 \$1,175,056 \$2,346,132 Liabilities \$2,306,643 \$1,214,545 \$1,175,056 \$2,346,132 Due to bondholders \$2,306,643 \$1,214,545 \$1,175,056 \$2,346,132 Total Liabilities \$2,306,643 \$1,214,545 \$1,175,056 \$2,346,132 Regional Mitigation Fees Fund Assets Cash and investments \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Liabilities Due to other agencies \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Assets Cash and investments \$32,20,77 \$10,924,202 \$10,780,445 \$675,794 Cash with fiscal agent 745,863 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Liabiliti		Balance June 30, 2014	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2015
Assetst Cash and investments \$1,040,151 \$1,214,069 \$1,168,149 \$1,086,071 Cash with fiscal agent Interest receivable \$371 \$476 371 \$476 Total Assets \$2,306,643 \$1,214,545 \$1,175,056 \$2,346,132 Liabilities \$2,306,643 \$1,214,545 \$1,175,056 \$2,346,132 Total Liabilities \$2,306,643 \$1,214,545 \$1,175,056 \$2,346,132 Regional Mitigation Fees Fund \$2,306,643 \$1,214,545 \$1,175,056 \$2,346,132 Assets \$2,306,643 \$1,214,545 \$1,175,056 \$2,346,132 Regional Mitigation Fees Fund \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Liabilities \$2,346,132 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Total Liabilities \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Assets \$2,366,33 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Assets \$2,366,33 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Liabilities \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,	Assessment District 2004-1				
Due to bondholders	Assets Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent	1,266,121		6,536	1,259,585
Due to bondholders \$2,306,643 \$1,214,545 \$1,175,056 \$2,346,132 Total Liabilities \$2,306,643 \$1,214,545 \$1,175,056 \$2,346,132 Regional Mitigation Fees Fund	Total Assets	\$2,306,643	\$1,214,545	\$1,175,056	\$2,346,132
Regional Mitigation Fees Fund	Due to bondholders				
Assets Cash and investments \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Liabilities Due to other agencies \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Total Liabilities \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Assessment District 2006-1 Assests \$532,037 \$10,924,202 \$10,780,445 \$675,794 Cash and investments \$532,037 \$10,924,202 \$10,780,445 \$675,794 Cash with fiscal agent 745,863 407,640 338,223 Interest receivable 164 281 164 281 Total Assets \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Liabilities \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Total Liabilities \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Assets \$2,007,518 \$15,356,313 \$14,709,833 \$2,653,998 Cash and investments \$2,007,518 \$15,355,313 \$14,709,833 \$2,653,998 Cash with fiscal age	Total Liabilities	\$2,300,043		\$1,173,030	\$2,340,132
Cash and investments \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Liabilities Due to other agencies \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Assessment District 2006-1 Assests Cash and investments \$532,037 \$10,924,202 \$10,780,445 \$675,794 Cash with fiscal agent Interest receivable 745,863 407,640 338,223 Interest receivable 164 281 164 281 Total Assets \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Liabilities \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Total Liabilities \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Assets \$2,007,518 \$15,356,313 \$11,709,833 \$2,653,998 Cash and investments \$2,007,518 \$15,356,313 \$14,709,833 \$2,653,998 Cash with fiscal agent Interest receivable 535 757 535 757 Total Assets \$4,020,037 \$15,357,070 \$15,124,544					
Due to other agencies \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Assessment District 2006-1 Assessment District 2006-1 Assets Cash and investments \$532,037 \$10,924,202 \$10,780,445 \$675,794 Cash with fiscal agent 745,863 407,640 338,223 Interest receivable 164 281 164 281 Total Assets \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Liabilities Due to bondholders \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Total Liabilities \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Assets Cash and investments \$2,007,518 \$15,356,313 \$14,709,833 \$2,653,998 Cash with fiscal agent Interest receivable 535 757 535 757 Total Assets \$4,020,037 \$15,357,070 \$15,124,544 \$4,252,563 Liabilities \$4,020,037 \$15,357,070 \$15,124,544 \$4,		\$435,330	\$3,218,042	\$2,761,239	\$892,133
Assessment District 2006-1 Assets Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent Total Assets Total Assets Due to bondholders Cash and investments \$532,037 \$10,924,202 \$10,780,445 \$675,794 \$281 \$164 \$164 \$281 \$164 \$164 \$164 \$164 \$164 \$164 \$164 \$16		\$435,330	\$3,218,042	\$2,761,239	\$892,133
Assets Cash and investments \$532,037 \$10,924,202 \$10,780,445 \$675,794 Cash with fiscal agent Interest receivable 745,863 407,640 338,223 Interest receivable 164 281 164 281 Total Assets \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Liabilities Due to bondholders \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Total Liabilities \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Assets Cash and investments \$2,007,518 \$15,356,313 \$14,709,833 \$2,653,998 Cash with fiscal agent Interest receivable 2,011,984 414,176 1,597,808 Interest receivable 535 757 535 757 Total Assets \$4,020,037 \$15,357,070 \$15,124,544 \$4,252,563 Liabilities \$3,584,707 12,139,028 12,363,305 3,360,430	Total Liabilities	\$435,330	\$3,218,042	\$2,761,239	\$892,133
Cash and investments \$532,037 \$10,924,202 \$10,780,445 \$675,794 Cash with fiscal agent 745,863 407,640 338,223 Interest receivable 164 281 164 281 Total Assets \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Liabilities \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Total Liabilities \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Assets \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Assets \$2,007,518 \$15,356,313 \$14,709,833 \$2,653,998 Cash and investments \$2,007,518 \$15,356,313 \$14,709,833 \$2,653,998 Cash with fiscal agent 2,011,984 414,176 1,597,808 Interest receivable 535 757 535 757 Total Assets \$4,020,037 \$15,357,070 \$15,124,544 \$4,252,563 Liabilities \$4,020,037 \$15,357,070 \$15,124,544 \$4,252,563 D					
Liabilities \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Total Liabilities \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Totals - All Agency Funds Assets Cash and investments \$2,007,518 \$15,356,313 \$14,709,833 \$2,653,998 Cash with fiscal agent 2,011,984 414,176 1,597,808 Interest receivable 535 757 535 757 Total Assets \$4,020,037 \$15,357,070 \$15,124,544 \$4,252,563 Liabilities Due to other agencies \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Due to bondholders 3,584,707 12,139,028 12,363,305 3,360,430	Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent	745,863		407,640	338,223
Due to bondholders \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Total Liabilities \$1,278,064 \$10,924,483 \$11,188,249 \$1,014,298 Totals - All Agency Funds Assets Cash and investments \$2,007,518 \$15,356,313 \$14,709,833 \$2,653,998 Cash with fiscal agent Interest receivable 2,011,984 414,176 1,597,808 Interest receivable 535 757 535 757 Total Assets \$4,020,037 \$15,357,070 \$15,124,544 \$4,252,563 Liabilities Due to other agencies \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Due to bondholders 3,584,707 12,139,028 12,363,305 3,360,430	Total Assets	\$1,278,064	\$10,924,483	\$11,188,249	\$1,014,298
Totals - All Agency Funds Assets \$2,007,518 \$15,356,313 \$14,709,833 \$2,653,998 Cash with fiscal agent Interest receivable 2,011,984 414,176 1,597,808 Total Assets \$4,020,037 \$15,357,070 \$15,124,544 \$4,252,563 Liabilities Due to other agencies \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Due to bondholders 3,584,707 12,139,028 12,363,305 3,360,430		\$1,278,064	\$10,924,483	\$11,188,249	\$1,014,298
Assets \$2,007,518 \$15,356,313 \$14,709,833 \$2,653,998 Cash with fiscal agent 2,011,984 414,176 1,597,808 Interest receivable 535 757 535 757 Total Assets \$4,020,037 \$15,357,070 \$15,124,544 \$4,252,563 Liabilities Due to other agencies \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Due to bondholders 3,584,707 12,139,028 12,363,305 3,360,430	Total Liabilities	\$1,278,064	\$10,924,483	\$11,188,249	\$1,014,298
Cash and investments \$2,007,518 \$15,356,313 \$14,709,833 \$2,653,998 Cash with fiscal agent 2,011,984 414,176 1,597,808 Interest receivable 535 757 535 757 Total Assets \$4,020,037 \$15,357,070 \$15,124,544 \$4,252,563 Liabilities Due to other agencies \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Due to bondholders 3,584,707 12,139,028 12,363,305 3,360,430					
Total Assets \$4,020,037 \$15,357,070 \$15,124,544 \$4,252,563 Liabilities Due to other agencies \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Due to bondholders 3,584,707 12,139,028 12,363,305 3,360,430	Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent	2,011,984		414,176	1,597,808
Liabilities \$435,330 \$3,218,042 \$2,761,239 \$892,133 Due to bondholders 3,584,707 12,139,028 12,363,305 3,360,430					
Total Liabilities \$4,020,037 \$15,357,070 \$15,124,544 \$4,252,563	Due to other agencies	,		\$2,761,239	\$892,133
	Total Liabilities	\$4,020,037	\$15,357,070	\$15,124,544	\$4,252,563

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. In contrast to the financial section, the statistical section information is not subject to independent audit.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and wellbeing have changed over time:

- 1. Net Position by Component
- 2. Changes in Net Position
- 3. Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 4. Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax:

- 1. Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
- 2. Property Tax Rates, All Overlapping Governments
- 3. Principal Property Tax Payers
- 4. Property Tax Levies and Collections

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future:

- 1. Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type
- 2. Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt
- 3. Computation of Legal Bonded Debt Margin
- 4. Bonded Debt Pledged Revenue Coverage, Former Redevelopment Agency Tax Allocation Bonds

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place:

- 1. Demographic and Economic Statistics
- 2. Principal Employers

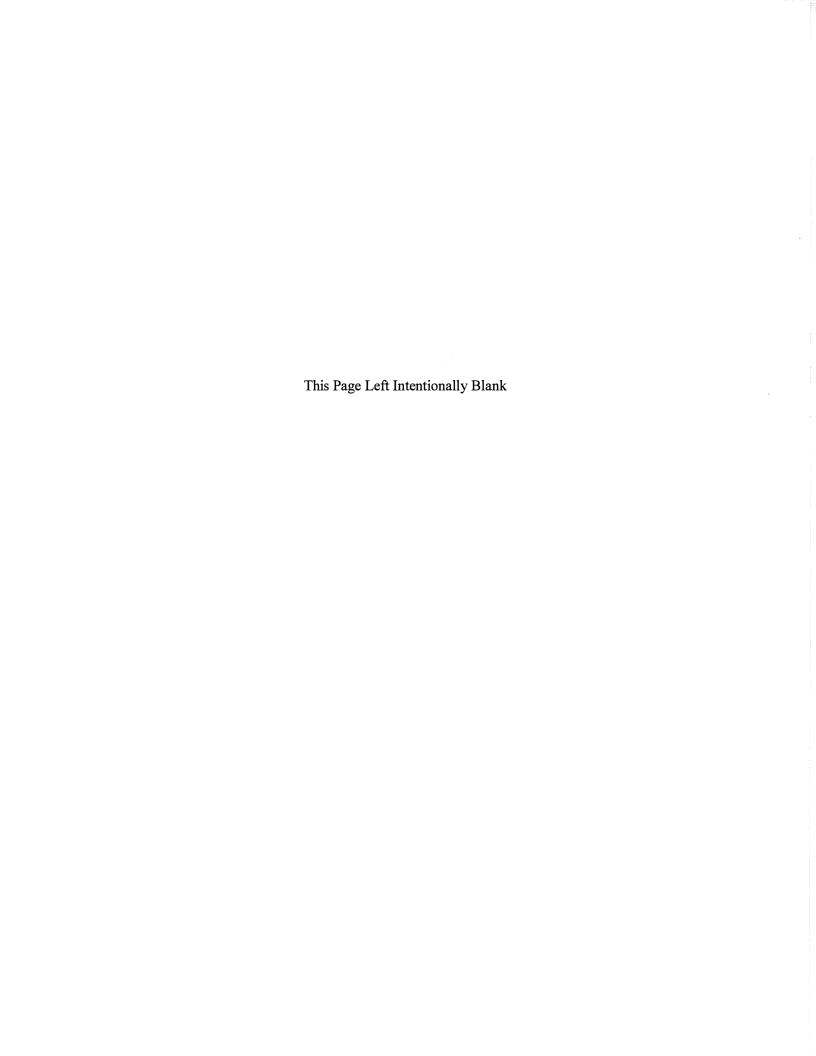
Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs:

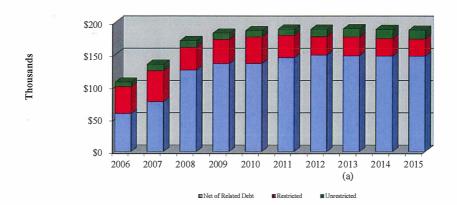
- 1. Budgeted Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function
- 2. Operating Indicators by Function/Program
- 3. Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program

Sources

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.



CITY OF OAKLEY Net Position by Component (000's) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)



	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (a)	2014	2015
Primary government										
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$58,624	\$76,945	\$126,106	\$136,077	\$136,320	\$145,396	\$149,394	\$148,296	\$147,874	\$147,685
Restricted	41,703	48,240	35,170	37,745	40,968	34,572	28,647	28,996	27,042	26,651
Unrestricted	7,072	9,894	10,473_	9,727	9,979	9,713	11,462	12,975	14,338	13,898
Total governmental activities net position	\$107,399	\$135,079	\$171,749	\$183,549	\$187,267	\$189,681	\$189,503	\$190,267	\$189,254	\$188,234

NOTES:

(a) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement 63 in fiscal year 2013, which replaced the term "net assets" with the term "net position."

CITY OF OAKLEY Changes in Net Position (000's) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013 (e)	2014	2015
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
Legislative	\$409	\$370	\$574	\$835	\$492	\$500	\$466	\$492	\$446	\$466
Administrative Services	1,225	957	1,043	986	872	913	769	973	1,301	1,341
Community Development	14,592	11,308	7,914 (a)		2,572 (t		1,711	1,802	1,819	1,843
Public Works	14,372	11,500	3,074 (a)		8,687 (b		12,507 (c)	9,631	10,177	10,640
Redevelopment and			3,077 (u)	3,551	0,007 (0	,, ,,,,,,,	12,507 (0)	2,031	10,177	10,040
Economic Development	1,625	3,147	2,511	2,052	3,610	2,023	932 (d)			
Housing Programs	1,023	3,117	2,511	2,032	5,010	2,020	752 (a)	9	8	45
Law Enforcement	5,039	5,530	6,703	7,228	7,280	7,259	7,462	7,338	7,694	8,314
Recreation	682	543	313	464	352	273	360	420	478	524
Interest and fiscal charges	495	890	2,383	2,012	2,030	2,000	606 (d)	324	317	301
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	24,067	22,745	24,515	24,829	25,895	23,979	24,813	20,989	22,240	23,474
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$24,067	\$22,745	\$24,515	\$24,829	\$25,895	\$23,979	\$24,813	\$20,989	\$22,240	\$23,474
1										
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Administrative Services	\$556	\$689	\$271	\$164	\$239	\$156	\$154	\$235	\$266	\$252
Community Development	9,846	8,190	3,606	2,010	1,954	1,341	1,186	1,461	1,154	1,375
Public Works			2,780	3,062	3,307	3,209	3,266	3,391	3,499	3,592
Law Enforcement	915	1,654	2,070	2,231	2,328	2,426	2,718	3,038	3,232	3,506
Recreation	39	37	31	41	47	42	74	54	69	73
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,061	1,153	799	1,196	1,225	1,116	1,630	1,371	1,503	1,714
Capital Grants and Contributions	9,260	20,977	27,856	12,839	8,671	5,940_	8,433	3,360	2,625	2,715
Total Government Activities										
Program Revenues	21,677	32,700	37,413	21,543	17,771	14,230_	17,461	12,910	12,348	13,227
Total Primary Government										
Program Revenues	\$21,677	\$32,700	\$37,413	\$21,543	\$17,771	<u>\$14,230</u>	\$17,461	\$12,910	\$12,348	\$13,227
N. (Farmer)/Parent										
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities	(\$2,390)	\$9,955	\$12,898	(\$3,286)	(\$8,124)	(\$9,749)	(\$7,352)	(\$8,079)	(\$9,892)	(\$10,247)
Total Primary Government Net Expense	(\$2,390)	\$9,955	\$12,898	(\$3,286)	(\$8,124)	(\$9,749)	(\$7,352)	(\$8,079)	(\$9,892)	(\$10,247)
Total Tilliary Government Net Expense	(42,550)	43,333	<u> </u>	(\$0,200)	(\$0,12.)	(\$\psi, 15)	(\$7,552)	(ψ0,07)	(\$3,032)	(\$10,217)
General Revenues and Other										
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes:										
Property Taxes	\$7,423	\$9,579	\$10,096	\$9,652	\$7,370	\$7,050	\$5,561 (d)	\$4,359	\$4,499	\$5,331
Sales Taxes	1,194	1,268	1,617	1,466	1,343	1,413	1,590	1,618	1,521	1,506
Motor Vehicle In-Lieu	625	167	150	121	109	159	18	18	16	16
Transient Occupancy Tax	208	220	217	164	128	118	165	196	195	196
Nonregulatory Franchise and Business	462	558	584	634	726	1,062	1,136	1,222	1,341	1,418
Interest Earnings and Use of Property	1,676	3,412	2,774	1,915	995	883	653	371	436	519
Other	1,468	2,522	1,072	1,134	1,171	1,477	873	1,058	871	1,056
Extraordinary / Special Item							(2,820) (d)			362_(f)
Total Government Activities	13,056	17,726	16,510	15,086	11,842	12,162	7,176	8,842	8,879	10,404
Total Primary Government	\$13,056	\$17,726	\$16,510	\$15,086	\$11,842	\$12,162	\$7,176	\$8,842	\$8,879	\$10,404
Classes to New Postst										
Change in Net Position	¢10.666	\$27,681	\$29,408	\$11,800	\$3,718	\$2,413	(\$176)	\$763	(\$1,013)	\$157
Governmental Activities Total Primary Government	\$10,666 \$10,666	\$27,681	\$29,408	\$11,800	\$3,718	\$2,413	(\$176)	\$763	(\$1,013)	\$157 \$157
Total Timilary Government	Ψ10,000	Ψ27,001	427,100	Ψ11,000	Ψ5,710	Ψ2,113		Ψ/03	(\$1,013)	Ψ13 /

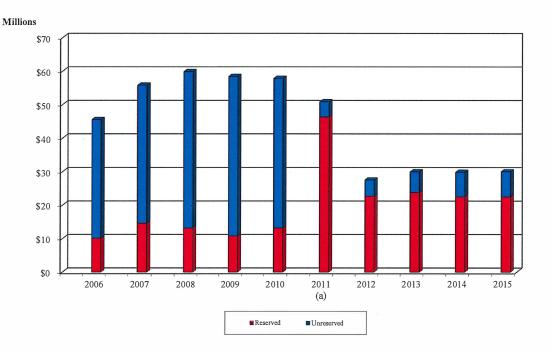
NOTES:

- (a) The City established Public Works in fiscal year 2008. Some of the activities in this department were
- previously reported in Community Development and Recreation

 (b) Capital assets previously constructed by or dedicated to Community Development were reassigned to Public Works in fiscal year 2010.
- As a result, depreciation expense associated with those capital assets is now reflected in Public Works.

 (c) The City conveyed a completed fire station project totaling \$3.3 million to the East Contra Costa County Fire Protection District which was recorded as an expenditure in the Statement of Activities.
- (d) The Redevelopment Agency was dissolved effective January 31, 2012 and its non-housing assets and liabilities were assumed by a Successor Agency (e) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement 63 in fiscal year 2013, which replaced the term "net assets" with the term "net position."
- (f) Pursuant to a settlement agreement with the Department of Finance, the City transferred assets to the Successor Agency and the Successor Agency transferred assets to the City.

CITY OF OAKLEY Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (000's) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)



					Fiscal Year	Ended June 30	,			
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011 (a)	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Fund										
Reserved	\$2,657	\$2,210	\$2,074	\$1,834	\$1,593					
Unreserved	5,248	7,493	5,656	4,748	5,353					
Nonspendable						\$2,847	\$2,843	\$3,301	\$3,654	\$4,375
Restricted						559	559	559	560	559
Assigned						155	100	991	331	170
Unassigned						4,347	5,255	6,151	7,837	7,938
Total General Fund	\$7,905	\$9,703	\$7,730	\$6,582	\$6,946	\$7,908	\$8,757	\$11,002	\$12,382	\$13,042 (c)
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	\$7,411	\$12,353	\$11,049	\$8,939	\$11,565					
Unreserved, reported in:					-					
Special revenue funds	2,311	3,178	5,109	6,204	7,526					
Capital project funds	27,852	30,518	35,903	36,634	31,761					
Nonspendable						\$497				
Restricted						42,404	\$19,210	\$19,898	\$18,233	\$17,525
Assigned						1,344	884	698	668	829
Unassigned						(1;339)	(1,320)	(1,645)	(1,467)	(1,374)
Total all other governmental funds	\$37,574	\$46,049	\$52,061	\$51,777	\$50,852	\$42,906	\$18,774 (b)	\$18,951	\$17,434	\$16,980 (c)

NOTES:

- (a) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement 54 in fiscal year 2011, and years prior to 2011 have not been restated to conform with the new presentation.
- (b) The Redevelopment Agency was dissolved effective January 31, 2012 and its assets and liabilities were assumed by a Successor Agency on February 1, 2012, which is reported as a Fiduciary Fund. As a result, governmental fund balances are lower beginning in 2012.
- (c) The change in total fund balance for the General Fund and other governmental funds is explained in Management's Discussion and Analysis.

CITY OF OAKLEY

Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds (000's)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

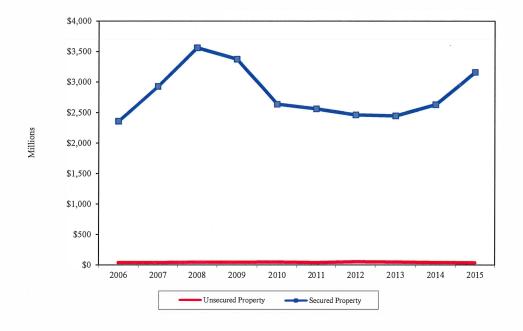
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fisc	cal Year End	ed June 30,				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012 (c)	2013	2014	2015
Revenues										
Taxes	\$9,197	\$11,514	\$12,403	\$11,799	\$9,017	\$9,526	\$8,344	\$7,729	\$7,446	\$8,331
Licenses, permits and fees	3,739	3,652	1,909	1,252	1,392	950	990	1,178	1,345	1,285
Fines and forfeitures	99	198	134	140	177	149	136	181	159	135
Use of money and property	1,656	3,210	2,313	1,629	673	578	418	121	231	319
Intergovernmental revenues	2,693	2,401	2,319	1,715	4,210	2,538	2,164	3,306	2,471	2,651
Charges for services	15,506	14,334	13,166	8,152	10,323	7,378	8,293	8,648	8,941	9,259
Other	1,648	11,522	1,071	1,133	1,171	1,384	932	1,123	971	1,116
Total Revenues	34,538	46,831	33,315	25,820	26,963	22,503	21,277	22,286	21,564	23,096
Expenditures										
Current:										
Legislative	419	377	567	809	462	483	452	481	433	449
Administrative services	1,049	893	955	878	785	783	766	918	1,110	1,287
Community development	11,753	8,895	4,014 (a)	2,575	2,338	1,788	1,677	1,771	1,787	1,821
Public works			3,074 (a)	4,627	3,877	3,682	3,641	4,015	4,608	4,661
Redevelopment and				•	,	ŕ	,	•	•	,
economic development	3,415	6,094	659	642	489	455	276			
Housing programs								9	8	5
Law enforcement	5,130	5,599	6,633	6,952	6,955	7,002	7,437	7,186	7,458	7,975
Recreation	689	549	308 (a)	464	329	264	353	414	471	522
Pass through to County										
and other agencies	604	809	824	7 99	615	579	642			
SERAF payment					1,516	312				
Estimated reduction in value										
of property held for resale					274					40
Capital outlay	6,820	21,359	40,822 (b)	6,962	7,123	10,644	5,946	4,502	5,253	5,293
Debt service:										
Principal repayment	673	365	610	680	720	742	465	240	255	265
Interest and fiscal charges	497	833	2,137	1,864	2,043	2,011	1,159	329	318	306
Total Expenditures	31,049	45,773	60,603	27,252	27,526	28,745	22,814	19,865	21,701	22,624
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	3,489	1,058	(27,288)	(1,432)	(563)	(6,242)	(1,537)	2,421	(137)	472
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in	1,507	2,925	5,530	3,560	2,110	3,214	2,100	925	1,067	2,227
Transfers (out)	(1,507)	(2,925)	(5,530)	(3,560)	(2,110)	(3,952)	(2,100)	(925)	(1,067)	(2,227)
Proceeds (loss) from sale of property	296	714	6,233				(14)			10
Tax allocation bonds issued			25,095							
Certificates of participation issued		8,500								
Contribution from County										
Payments to refunded bond escrow Other										
Total other financing sources (uses)	296	9,214	31,328			(738)	(14)			10
Special item	113						(01 == :)			(274)
Extraordinary item							(21,734)			
Net Change in fund balances	\$3,898	\$10,272	\$4,040	(\$1,432)	(\$563)	(\$6,980)	(\$23,285)	\$2,421	(\$137)	\$208
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	5.1%	5.2%	4.5%	-38.2%	13.8%	12.7%	13.0%	4.0%	3.3%	3.3%

NOTES:

- (a) The City established Public Works in fiscal year 2008. Some of the activities in this department were previously reported in Community Development and Recreation.
- (b) Includes the use of funds from the 2004-1 and 2006-1 Assessment Districts to acquire infrastructure assets. The Assessment District Bonds are not debt of the City, and therefore proceeds from the bonds are not included in Other Financing Sources. The Districts contributed the project funds to the City to acquire the infrastructure assets which is reflected in other revenues in 2005 and 2007.
- (c) The Redevelopment Agency was dissolved effective January 31, 2012 and its assets and liabilities were assumed by a Successor Agency on February 1, 2012, therefore, activities in various areas were lower in the current year, including property taxes, community development and debt service.

CITY OF OAKLEY ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (MILLIONS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

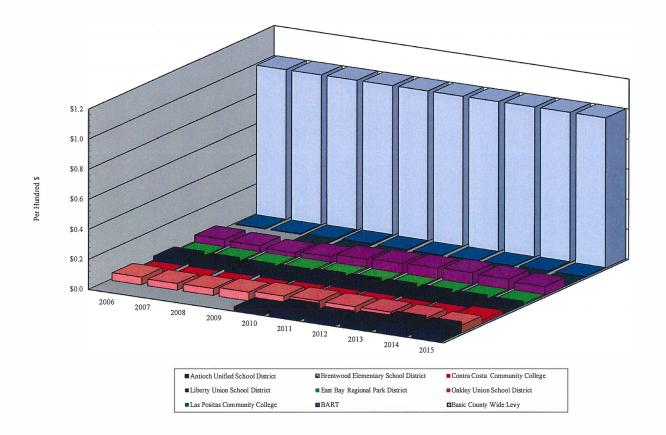


		Real Prop	erty		Total Real				Total
Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Other	Secured Property	Unsecured Property	Total Assessed (a)	Estimated Full Market (a)	Direct Tax Rate (b)
2006	\$1,952	\$85	\$27	\$255	\$2,319	\$41	\$2,360	\$2,360	1%
2007	2,514	96	28	250	2,888	41	2,929	2,929	1%
2008	3,096	108	31	282	3,517	45	3,562	3,562	1%
2009	2,903	113	33	280	3,329	46	3,375	3,375	1%
2010	2,240	139	33	177	2,589	47	2,636	2,636	1%
2011	2,213	110	16	182	2,521	40	2,561	2,561	1%
2012	2,132	107	11	159	2,409	53	2,462	2,462	1%
2013	2,125	102	11	162	2,400	47	2,447	2,447	1%
2014	2,350	103	11	124	2,588	41	2,629	2,629	1%
2015	2,869	112	11	131	3,123	38	3,161	3,161	1%

Source: Contra Costa County Auditor Controller Office Certificate of Assessed Valuations Notes:

- (a) The State Constitution requires property to be assessed at one hundred percent of the most recent purchase price, plus the value of any new construction, plus an increment of no more than two percent annually. These values are considered to be full market values.
- (b) California cities do not set their own direct tax rate. The state constitution establishes the rate at 1% and allocates a portion of that amount, by an annual calculation, to all the taxing entities within a tax rate area. The City of Oakley includes 44 tax rate areas.

CITY OF OAKLEY PROPERTY TAX RATES ALL OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



Fiscal Year	Basic County Wide Levy	East Bay Regional Park District	Oakley Union School District	Liberty Union School District	Brentwood Elementary School District	Contra Costa Community College	BART	Contra Costa Water Land Levy	Chabot Las Positas Community College	Antioch Unified School District	Total
2006	\$1.0000	\$0.0057	\$0.0542	\$0.0379	\$0.0519	\$0.0047	\$0.0048	\$0.0050			\$1.1642
2007	1.0000	0.0085	0.0472	0.0331	0.0444	0.0043	0.0050	0.0043			1.1468
2008	1.0000	0.0080	0.0357	0.0276	0.0470	0.0038	0.0076	0.0039	\$0.0070		1.1406
2009	1.0000	0.0100	0.0460	0.0289	0.0587	0.0040	0.0090	0.0041	0.0026		1.1633
2010	1.0000	0.0108	0.0659	0.0376	0.0682	0.0126	0.0057	0.0048	0.0000	\$0.0306	1.2362
2011	1.0000	0.0084	0.0725	0.0390	0.0715	0.0133	0.0031	0.0049	0.0000	0.0578	1.2705
2012	1.0000	0.0071	0.0767	0.0386	0.0688	0.0144	0.0041	0.0051	0.0000	0.0417	1.2565
2013	1.0000	0.0051	0.0823	0.0364	0.0685	0.0087	0.0043	0.0045	0.0000	0.0495	1.2593
2014	1.0000	0.0078	0.0757	0.0328	0.0639	0.0133	0.0075	0.0042	0.0000	0.0809	1.2861
2015	1.0000	0.0085	0.0614	0.0273	0.0522	0.0252	0.0045	0.0037	0.0000	0.0764	1.2592

Source: Contra Costa County Auditor-Controller

CITY OF OAKLEY Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (000's)

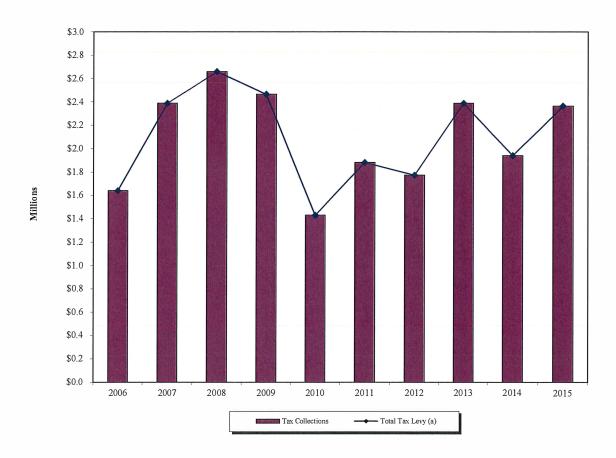
		2014-15			2005-06	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
East County Communities LLC	\$23,045,781	1	0.73%			
Cypress Square S&R Associates	18,101,126	2	0.57%	\$15,918,791	1	0.67%
Hui Y. Sefton	12,797,100	3	0.40%			
Neroly Sports Club Investors	11,636,425	4	0.37%			
Lucky No California Investor LLC	8,385,446	5	0.27%			
Shea Homes LP	8,271,800	6	0.26%			
Shurgard Storage Center	7,411,923	7	0.23%	6,481,088	6	0.27%
BMS Investments 3 LLC	6,310,604	8	0.20%	5,683,134	10	0.24%
HPH Properties LP	6,156,745	9	0.19%		8	
Simon-Oakley Town Center LLC	6,119,300	10	0.19%	7,344,000	5	0.31%
Pulte Home Corporation				15,115,830	2	0.64%
West Coast Home Builders				8,732,842	3	0.37%
Lucky Stores Inc.				7,468,042	4	0.32%
Forecast Land Investment LLC				6,446,410	7	0.27%
Oakley Main Street Associates				6,415,400	8	0.27%
Western Oilfields Supply Company				6,374,480	9	0.27%
Subtotal	\$108,236,250		3.42%	\$85,980,017		3.64%

Total Net Assessed Valuation (000's):

Fiscal Year 2014-2015 \$3,161,000,000 Fiscal Year 2005-2006 \$2,360,000,000

Source: HdL Companies (Contra Costa County Assessor 2014/2015 and 2005/2006 Combined Tax Rolls)

CITY OF OAKLEY PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (THOUSANDS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (a)		Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy
2006	\$1,640	(b)	\$1,640	100.0%	(a)	\$1,640	100.0%
2007	2,388		2,388	100.0%	(a)	2,388	100.0%
2008	2,659		2,659	100.0%	(a)	2,659	100.0%
2009	2,465		2,465	100.0%	(a)	2,465	100.0%
2010	1,430	(c)	1,430	100.0%	(a)	1,430	100.0%
2011	1,882		1,882	100.0%	(a)	1,882	100.0%
2012	1,773		1,773	100.0%	(a)	1,773	100.0%
2013	2,388	(c)	2,388	100.0%	(a)	2,388	100.0%
2014	1,941		1,941	100.0%	(a)	1,941	100.0%
2015	2,364		2,364	100.0%	(a)	2,364	100.0%

Source: City of Oakley Records

NOTES: Amounts reported above include only the 1% basic property taxes allocated to the City. They do not include special taxes, assessments, or property taxes received in lieu of vehicle license fees.

- (a) The County apportions taxes under the alternative method of apportionment authorized under Revenue & Taxation Code sections 4701 et seq, under which the County provides the City with 100% of its tax levy. The County retains any penalty and delinquency charges collected.
- (b) Tax levies and collections for 2005 and 2006 have been reduced by a mandatory tax reallocation imposed by the State of California not reflected in other years.
- (c) \$443 thousand of the decline in the 2010 tax levy was caused by the State's borrowing of property tax revenue under the provisions of Proposition 1A; and the increase in 2013 included the repayment of the loan.

CITY OF OAKLEY Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities (in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Tax Allocation Bonds	Repayment Agreement with County	Jurisdictional Transfer Agreement Pass - Throughs	Note Payable	Certificates of Participation	Total	Percentage of Personal Income (a)	Per Capita (a)
2006	\$8,195	\$0	\$1,272	\$0	\$0	\$9,467	1.33%	\$326
2007	8,005	0	1,097	0	8,500	17,602	2.27%	552
2008	32,905 (b)	0	872	0	8,310	42,087	4.79%	1,267
2009	32,700	0	597	0	8,110	41,407	4.46%	1,201
2010	32,490	0	297	0	7,900	40,687	4.36%	1,179
2011	32,265	0	0	0	7,680	39,945	5.01%	1,121
2012	0 (c)	0	0	0	7,450	7,450	0.82%	204
2013	0	0	0	0	7,210	7,210	0.76%	194
2014	0	0	0	0	6,955	6,955	0.72%	183
2015	0	0	0	0	6,690	6,690	0.66%	175

Notes: Debt amounts exclude any premiums, discounts, or other amortization amounts.

Sources: City of Oakley

- (a) See the Demographic Statistics schedule for personal income and population data.
- (b) The Redevelopment Agency issued its 2008 Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds during fiscal year 2008.
- (c) Upon the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency effective January 31, 2012, a Successor Agency assumed the liabilities of the former Redevelopment Agency, including the Tax Allocation Bonds.

CITY OF OAKLEY COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT JUNE 30, 2015

2014-15 Assessed Valuation, Excluding the Redevelopment Agency

\$2,837,349,215

	Net Debt	Percentage Applicable To City of	Amount Applicable To City of
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	Outstanding	Oakley	Oakley
Contra Costa County Pension Obligations	\$236,920,000	1.968%	\$4,663,585
CCC Lease Revenue Bonds	267,089,336	1.968%	5,257,444
Bay Area Rapid Transit District Bond	179,807,423	1.968%	3,539,368
East Bay Regional Park District Bond	78,104,202	1.968%	1,537,420
Liberty Union High School District Bonds	89,122,657	19.052%	16,979,713
Brentwood Union School District Bonds	79,769,704	0.026%	20,369
Oakley Union School District Bonds	25,675,000	87.272%	22,407,155
Antioch Unified School District School Facilities Improvement District No. 1	62,787,634	5.559%	3,490,251
Contra Costa Community College District Bonds	604,800,000	1.976%	11,951,620
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT	\$1,624,075,956		\$69,846,925
DIRECT DEBT:			
City of Oakley Certificates of Participation	\$6,690,000	100.000%	\$6,690,000
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$76,536,925 (1)

(1) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

RATIOS TO 2014-15 ASSESSI	ED VALUATION:
Direct Debt	0.24%
Overlapping Debt	2.46%
Total Debt	2.70%

Source: HdL Coren & Cone

NOTE: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated by using taxable assessed values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

CITY OF OAKLEY COMPUTATION OF LEGAL BONDED DEBT MARGIN JUNE 30, 2015

ASSESSED VALUATION:

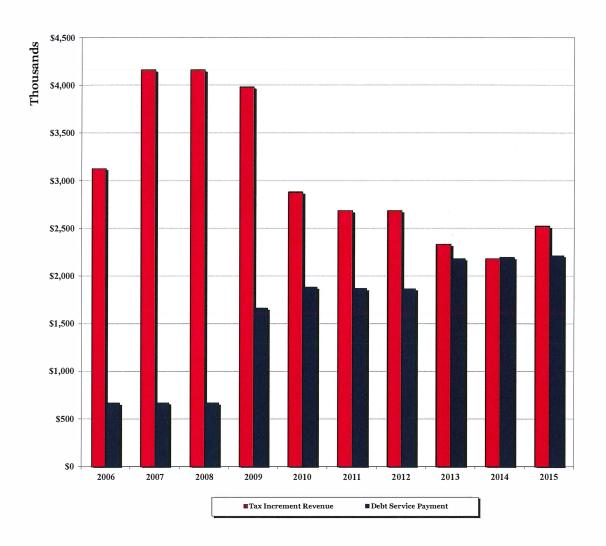
Secured property assessed value, net of exempt real property	\$3,161,000,000	
BONDED DEBT LIMIT (3.75% OF ASSESSED VALUE) (a)		\$118,537,500
AMOUNT OF DEBT SUBJECT TO LIMIT:		
Total Bonded Debt	\$0	
Less Tax Allocation Bonds and Sales Tax Revenue		
Bonds, Certificate of Participation not subject to limit	0	
Amount of debt subject to limit		0
LEGAL BONDED DEBT MARGIN		\$118,537,500

Fiscal Year	Debt Limit	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	Legal Debt Margin	Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit
2006	\$88,509,713	0	\$88,509,713	0.00%
2007	109,848,863	0	109,848,863	0.00%
2008	133,576,266	0	133,576,266	0.00%
2009	126,616,212	0	126,616,212	0.00%
2010	97,087,500	0	97,087,500	0.00%
2011	96,075,000	0	96,075,000	0.00%
2012	92,325,000	0	92,325,000	0.00%
2013	91,762,500	0	91,762,500	0.00%
2014	98,587,500	0	98,587,500	0.00%
2015	118,537,500	0	118,537,500	0.00%

NOTES:

(a) California Government Code, Section 43605 sets the debt limit at 15%. The Code section was enacted prior to the change in basing assessed value to full market value when it was previously 25% of market value. Thus, the limit shown as 3.75% is one-fourth the limit to account for the adjustment of showing assessed valuation at full cash value.

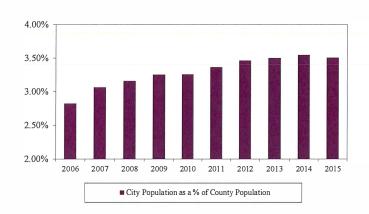
CITY OF OAKLEY BONDED DEBT PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY TAX ALLOCATION BONDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

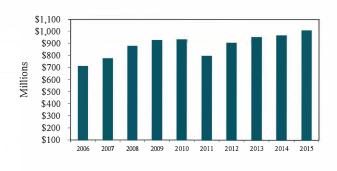


	Tax	Debt S	Debt Service Requirements					
Fiscal Year	Increment Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage			
2006	\$3,128,294	\$180,000	\$487,940	\$667,940	4.68			
2007	4,161,415	190,000	480,595	670,595	6.21			
2008	4,160,358	195,000	472,953	667,953	6.23			
2009	3,982,760	205,000	1,458,624	1,663,624	2.39			
2010	2,880,794	210,000	1,673,080	1,883,080	1.53			
2011	2,685,494	225,000	1,644,221	1,869,221	1.44			
2012	2,686,625 (a) (b) 235,000 (a)	1,631,824 (a)	1,866,824	1.44			
2013	2,332,827 (b)	560,000 (c)	1,619,876 (c)	2,179,876	1.07			
2014	2,180,805 (b)	610,000 (c)	1,585,609 (c)	2,195,609	0.99			
2015	2,525,004 (b)	660,000 (c)	1,555,802 (c)	2,215,802	1.14			

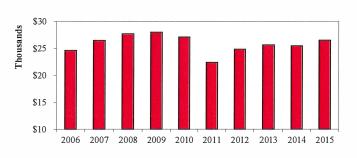
- (a) The Redevelopment Agency was dissolved effective January 31, 2012, and its liabilities were assumed by a Successor Agency. Amounts reported here include tax revenue and debt service of both the former Redevelopment Agency and the Successor Agency.
- (b) Beginning in fiscal year 2012, tax increment reported in this table is the amount calculated by the County Auditor-Controller. Under the provisions of the laws dissolving the Redevelopment Agency, the Successor Agency only receives the funds necessary to fulfill its approved obligations.
- (c) Debt service is paid by the Successor Agency.

CITY OF OAKLEY DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

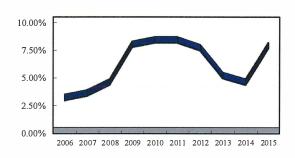




■ Total Personal Income



■ Per Capita Personal Income



■Unemployment Rate (%)

Fiscal Year	City Population	Total Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate (%) (a)	Contra Costa County Population	City Population % of County
2006	29,074	\$712,613,000	\$24,605	3.0%	1,030,732	2.82%
2007	31,906	776,037,000	26,449	3.4%	1,042,341	3.06%
2008	33,210	878,436,000	27,674	4.4%	1,051,674	3.16%
2009	34,468	927,881,000	27,958	7.8%	1,060,435	3.25%
2010	34,500	933,926,000	27,070	8.2%	1,060,435	3.25%
2011	35,646	798,043,000	22,388	8.2%	1,060,435	3.36%
2012	36,532	906,688,000	24,819	7.5%	1,056,064	3.46%
2013	37,252	954,583,000	25,625	5.0%	1,065,117	3.50%
2014	38,075	968,323,000	25,432	4.4%	1,074,702	3.54%
2015	38,124	1,010,134,000	26,496	7.7%	1,088,764	3.50%

⁽a) Data reported is for the prior calendar year.

Sources: HdL Coren & Cone

U.S. Department of Commerce, California State Department of Finance, Employment Development Department

CITY OF OAKLEY Principal Employers Current Year

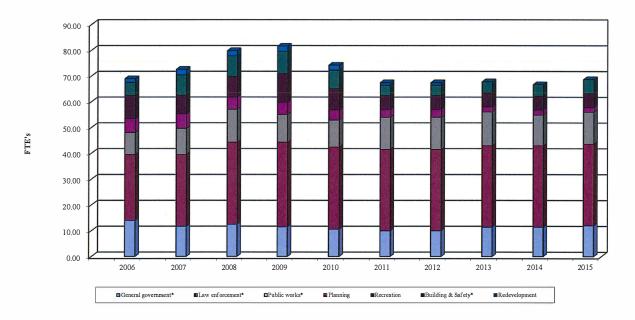
		2014-1	5	2005-2006			
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	
Oakley Union Elementary School District	438	1	20.5%				
Diamond Hills Sports Club and Spa	55	2	2.6%				
Lucky's	54	3	2.5%				
Raley's	51	4	2.4%	53	2	3.7%	
Continente Nut LLC	42	5	2.0%	40	3	2.8%	
Foundation Constructors	32	6	1.5%	21	10	1.5%	
Ironhouse Sanitary	32	6	1.5%				
Delta Black Bear Diner	31	7	1.5%				
McDonalds	31	7	1.5%	32	4	2.2%	
Rain for Rent	28	8	1.3%	22	8	1.5%	
Oakley Ace Hardware	26	9	1.2%				
Round Table Pizza	25	10	1.2%				
BMS Investments, LLC DBA Comfort Suites	25	10	1.2%				
Jack in the Box 578	25	10	1.2%				
Albertsons				105	1	7.3%	
Comfort Inn				25	5	1.7%	
Burger King				25	6	1.7%	
Centromart				23	7	1.6%	
Rivera Company				22	9	1.5%	
Subtotal	895		41.9%	368		25.6%	
Total City Day Population (A)	2,137			1,439			

Source: City of Oakley Finance Department - Business Licenses

Notes:

(A) Total City Day Population is the number of employees reported on business license applications by businesses located in Oakley.

CITY OF OAKLEY Budgeted Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years



	Adopted for Fiscal Year Ended June 30,									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Function										
General government*	14.00	11.75	12.50	11.50	10.65	10.00	10.00	11.45	11.46	12.08
Community development:										
Public works*	8.50	10.20	12.80	10.80	10.50	12.50	12.50	13.13	11.88	12.46
Planning	5.40	5.60	4.70	4.70	4.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	1.75
Building & Safety*	5.00	7.80	8.00	8.50	7.10	4.05	4.05	4.30	4.45	5.50
Redevelopment	1.50	2.25	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Law enforcement*	25.50	27.70	31.75	32.75	31.75	31.48	31.48	31.48	31.48	31.48
Recreation	9.00	7.25	8.00	11.25	8.20	5.37	5.37	5.37	5.37	5.37
Total	68.90	72.55	79.75	81.50	74.20	67.40	67.40	67.73	66.64	68.64

Notes:

 $\label{thm:proposed} Amounts \, reported \, are \, Full \, Time \, Equivalent \, (FTEs). \, n/a \, means \, not \, available.$

City Attorney and IT services are contracted with an outside firm and included in the General Government total. Police Services are contracted with the County Sheriff and include contracting for a specific number of officers. Building Inspection and Engineering Services were contracted with an outside firm until October 2013.

Source: City of Oakley Operating Budgets

^{*} The City Contracts for the following services:

CITY OF OAKLEY Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Function/Program Law enforcement: Police (a) (b):										
Violent crimes Property crimes	72 686	95 763	117 738	77 693	49 483	80 531	79 526	85 477	54 468	46 429
Public Works: Street resurfacing (miles)	4.10	0.00 (c)	10.80 (c)	10.00	10.00	8.00	5.40	0.72	1.54	8.62
Leisure Services: Recreation: Recreation activities participants	7,000	8,050	9,940	9,700	9,700	11,500	13,300	16,486	22,663	29,630

Source: City of Oakley

Notes:

Data prior to July 1, 2004 is not available.

- (a) Prior calendar year
- (b) Data from FB1 Uniformed Crime Reports (UCR)
- (c) The 2007 and 2008 projects were combined into a single project constructed in 2008.

CITY OF OAKLEY Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Function/Program										
Law enforcement:										
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Police patrol vehicles	25	27	27	27	27	27	26	29	25	26
Public works:										
Miles of streets	100.00	102.00	116.00	116.50	116.50	119.50	127.70	129.12	131.00	131.00
Street lights	1,708	1,782	1,915	2,047	2,047	2,347	2,794	3,032	3,050	3,050
Traffic Signals	5	5	11	17	17	17	32	33	33	33
Recreation:										
Community services:										
City parks	16	16	29	29	29	29	29	29	30	31
City parks acreage	77.1	77.1	90.0	90.0	90.0	90.0	96.0	98.0	101.5	102.5
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
Baseball/softball diamonds	1	1	1	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Soccer/football fields	1	1	1	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Skate features	0	0	0	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
BMX dirt track	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

Source: City of Oakley

